NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXII. No. 23439. 字林報 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1940 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents: abroad 30 cents) TWENTY CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Singe copies 20 cents

Shanghai delivery .....per annum $48
China, Korea and Japan .. " 56
Hongkong and Macao .. " 74
Postal Union Countries .. " 172

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $1

S'hai, China and Japan..per annum $48
Hongkong and Macao .. " 52
Postal Union Countries .. " 72

North-China Daily News & Herald Ltd.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Ltd., 69 Fleet Street, London, are advertising representatives for the "North-China Daily News" and "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column $3 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

BIRTH

NOODT.—On May 8, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to MARTHA, wife of Francis Noodt, a son. (Hongkong papers please copy.) -8060

CARD

The brother, sisters and brothers-in-law of the late ZEPHYRINA MARIA VIEIRA, wish to thank all friends for the kind expressions of sympathy, donations to Charity, and the floral tributes sent during their recent bereavement. 12324

The Committee of the Associated Foreign Charities of Shanghai of Church House, Kiangse Road, is always willing to receive *In Memoriam* donations and make allocations to the Charities in most need. 12221

NOTIFICATION No. 5253

Tenders for Cement

The S.M.C. invites tenders for the supply of 25,000 casks of Portland cement. Specifications may be obtained from Room No. 24, Administration Building, Hankow Road. Tender fee $500. Tenders will be opened on May 15, at 11 a.m.

By Order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, May 6, 1940. 12206

NOTIFICATION No. 5254.

Secretariat: Industrial Section Staff Vacancy.

Applications are invited for the position of Secretary-Stenographer (female) in the Secretariat-Industrial Section. The salary will be according to qualifications and experience.

Application forms may be obtained from Room No. 161 of the Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, and applications must be submitted not later than May 18, 1940.

By order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, May 9, 1940. 12322

THE ANGLO-DUTCH (JAVA) PLANTATIONS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirtieth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Friday, May 10, 1940, at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1939, declaring a final dividend, electing a Director and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from May 2 to May 10, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and Managers.

Shanghai, April 26, 1940. 12254

SAMAGAGA RUBBER CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend on account of the year ending September 30, 1940 of Fifteen Chinese Dollar cents per share payable on May 24, 1940 to Shareholders on record on that date.

The Exchange Control Authorities in Malaya will only permit remittances twice in each financial year, one for an interim dividend and one for a final dividend. Therefore, this will be the only interim dividend paid on account of the year ending September 30, 1940.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from May 15 to May 24, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, May 9, 1940. 12234

To-day's Events

MAY

10 S.I.E.A. meets Lester Chinese Hospital on X-Ray, Mr. O. G. R. Beynon, 5.15
10 Vladimir Havsky in Piano Recital, Lyceum 9.15
10 Grand Spring Ball, C.S.F. 9.30
10 *Japanese occupied Amoy (1938)*
10 *NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. XMHD 760kc. 395m.*

Coming Events

MAY

11 Military Band Concert, 2nd. Battalion The East Surrey Regt., Lyceum Theatre, 9.15
11 Song recital by pupils of Bella Resek, Amer. Women's Club, 9
12 Municipal Orchestra Concert, Lyc. 5.15
12 'Fire Goddess' Lt. Opera, Lyc., 8.45
13 Municipal Orchestra Concert, Lyc. 8.45
12 Maccabi Sports, Kiaochow Park, 2
12 Maccabi Ball, Race Club 9.30
14 'Jewel of Opera Music,' Jewish Cl., 9
14 A.W.C. Dramatic Dept., play, 4.45
15 Public School for Girls, Plays, 5.30
15 A.D.C. "Youth at the Helm," Lyc., 9.15
15 S'hai Jewish Sch. Sports, 699 Weihai-wei Rd. 2.30
16 Public School for Girls, Plays, 5.30
16 A.D.C. "Youth at the Helm," Lyc., 9.15
16 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
16 Royal Asiatic Society, Lecture.
17 A.D.C. "Youth at the Helm," Lyc., 9.15
17 Re-opening, Roof Garden, Mascot, Hongkew.
18 M.C.L. "Fun Fair," Charter House, 158 Edinburgh Rd., 2.30.
18 A.D.C. "Youth at the Helm," Lyc., 9.15
19 Sze and Yeh in a programme of vocal and flute music, A.W.C. 8.15
19 "The Enchanted Forest," children's ballet fantasy by N. Sokolsky School of Dancing, Lyceum, 2
19 Russ. Philatelic Soc. ann. stamp bourse and auction, 1063 Ave. Foch, 10 a.m.
21 S. M. Orch. Tschaikowsky Festival, Chamber Music with Soloists, Lyc., 9.15
21 A.W.C. annual meeting, 4.45
21 U.C.W.G. Jumble Sale, U.C. hall
22 S'hai Horticultural Soc., Spring Flower Show, Race Club.
23 Sec. ann. Missouri Soc. party. W. Gar. 8
23 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
23 S'hai Horticultural Soc., Spring Flower Show, Race Club.
23 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, S.I.B.C. 3
24 S. M. Orch. Tschaikowsky Festival Grand Ballet, Lyc., 9.15
24 S'hai Light Horse, ann. dance, Race C.
24 Braille Lit. Assn. mtg., library, China Bible House, 58 Hongkong Road, 5.15
24 B.W.A. Home and Garden Party, 4
24 S.I.E.A. meets Ecole Remi, Dr. Halpern lectures on 'Foundations of Personality,' 5.30
25 S. M. Orch. Tschaikowsky Festival Soloists with Symphony, Lyc., 9.15
28 A.W.C. bridge-mahjong, 3
29 S'hai Jewish Sch. Prize dist., 544 Seymour Road, 5 p.m.
30 Royal Asiatic Society, Lecture.
30 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15

JUNE

1 A.W.C. garden party, 4.30
10 Amer. Sch. Orch. 2nd. Concert, M. Prof. Porgé, 8.30

Charge for items $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

SPRING RACE MEETING 1940

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. A. Wolfe Murray, D.S.O., M.C., and Officers, the Military Band of the 1st Bn., The Seaforth Highlanders, will play at the races to-morrow, from 3 p.m. to 5 p.m.

By Order of the Stewards,

A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.

May 10, 1940. 12238

MAP OF NORWAY, SWEDEN AND DENMARK

On parchment, 16-in. x 22-in., as recently published in the "North-China Daily News"

Per copy : $1.50

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE
17 The Bund, Shanghai

NOTICE

I have this day purchased the business of the Vienna Knitting Factory Modelia, heretofore carried on by me in partnership with Mr. I. Kahan, together with all its assets and liabilities as from May 7, 1940.

I. HOROWITZ. -8071

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, we, I. Kahan and Ig. Horowitz, hitherto operating in partnership the business known as the Vienna Knitting Factory MODELIA, 458 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, have agreed to dissolve the said partnership as from May 6, 1940.

The public is further informed that the business of the said Vienna Knitting Factory MODELIA, together with all the assets and liabilities thereof, including the good will, has been sold, as a going concern, to Mr. Ig. Horowitz as from May 7, 1940.

THE VIENNA KNITTING FACTORY MODELIA
I. KAHAN,
IG. HOROWITZ. -8070

THE PEPPERY MAJOR

was annoyed at being kept waiting on the tee by a woman strolling across the fairway crooning to her baby. "Get on with it, you and your baby," he shouted. "Baby yourself", came the reply, "playing with a little ball in those silly-looking short trousers." But most golfers have sense enough to protect their homes by adequate Fire and Burglary insurance.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £ 30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865 12323

SUPERLATIVE

This is the only way to describe the riding qualities of the 1940 Chrysler now on display at our show room.

MARK L. MOODY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
80 Avenue Edward VII
Telephone 13083

After We Sell—WE SERVE

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

ms "AFRIKA"
Outwards.

Consignees of cargo from Europe and ports en route are hereby informed that m.s. "Afrika" is in Prize Court in Colombo.

Release of cargo can probably be effected by furnishing bail (in amount of invoice value) through Banks in Colombo, and cabled proof of ownership.

Consignees are advised to appoint solicitors in Colombo to protect their interests. The Colombo agents state that Mr. Julius Creasy, solicitor, is already representing various cargo interests. Appearance to be entered in the Prize Court before May 15, and subject to special procedure thereafter.

No decision has yet been reached whether cargo released will be discharged in Colombo, or will remain onboard for discharge in other port in the event of vessel being permitted to proceed on her voyage.

m.s. "Afrika" and her cargo being in Prize Court, the owners of m.s. "Afrika" are released from all further responsibility under B/L clauses.

As Agents:
Agency of
The East Asiatic Company, Ltd.
17, Canton Road,
Shanghai,
and
Aitken, Spence & Co. Ltd.,
Lloyds Buildings,
Prince Street,
Colombo. 12494

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

ms "DANMARK"
Outwards.

Consignees of cargo from Europe and ports en route are hereby informed that m.s. "Danmark" is in Prize Court in Colombo.

Release of cargo can probably be effected by furnishing bail (in amount of invoice value) through Banks in Colombo, and cabled proof of ownership.

Consignees are advised to appoint solicitors in Colombo to protect their interests. The Colombo agents state that Mr. Julius Creasy, solicitor, is already representing various cargo interests. Appearance to be entered in the Prize Court before May 11, and subject to special procedure thereafter.

No decision has yet been reached whether cargo released will be discharged in Colombo, or will remain onboard for discharge in other port in the event of vessel being permitted to proceed on her voyage.

m.s. "Danmark" and her cargo being in Prize Court, the owners of m.s. "Danmark" are released from all further responsibility under B/L clauses.

As Agents:
Agency of
The East Asiatic Company, Ltd.
17, Canton Road,
Shanghai,
and
Aitken, Spence & Co. Ltd.,
Lloyds Buildings,
Prince Street,
Colombo. 12495

After Exercise have a

LIMESODA—

It satisfies!

Obtainable everywhere and from

THE AQUARIUS COMPANY
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hongkong)
transacts
MARINE, FIRE, MOTOR CAR, ACCIDENT INSURANCE
Telephone 12981 26 The Bund

EXHIBITION OF WATER COLOUR PAINTINGS

now on till May 14 at

TOYO MURAKAMI

270 Kiangse Road, corner Ezra Road
Colourful works of art. Reasonable prices. 12484

THE SHANGHAI DIRECTORY

(Half-yearly Supplement to the China Hong List)

To be published early in July

Shanghai Firms whose names do not appear in the current issue of the China Hong List, and who have not yet sent in particulars for the forthcoming edition of the Shanghai Directory, are invited to do so at once.

Entry forms may be obtained from the Hong List Department, General Office, North China Daily News, 17 The Bund.

THE PUBLISHERS

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the first class passenger fare Shanghai/Chinwangtao by The Administration's Steamers will be increased to $220 as from May 10, 1940.

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION 12537

NOTICE

The public is cautioned against accepting any documents purported to be issued on behalf of this firm without the signature of Mr. Z. U. Kwauk, the manager.

Z. U. KWAUK & CO.
33 Szechuen Road -8004

TO-NIGHT at 9.30

GRAND SPRING BALL

AT CERCLE SPORTIF FRANCAIS

in aid of Russian Benevolent Society and Russian Dining Hut and Hostel.

Floor-show—Raffle—etc.

Admission $4.

Tickets available at entrance. 12522

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

26th/30th Issues—5%—1930

THE REGISTER OF TRANSFERS will be closed for the above Debenture Issues from May 18 to May 31, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
Agents
May 9, 1940. 12521

SPRATT'S DOG BISCUITS

Clearance Sale!
4 lb. tins ..... CS$4
7 lb. tins 6.50
Obtainable:
FROST, BLAND & CO., LTD.
190 Kiukiang Road,
Telephone 19726 12525

MILNERS SAFES

Beware of locally-manufactured safes which bear a fraudulent MILNERS TRADE MARK and which are offered in the market here as original Milners Safes.

For your protection, apply for your requirements from stocks held by the sole Agents

HARVIE, COOKE & CO., LTD.
659 Szechuen Road 12523

THE SHANGHAI YACHT CLUB

Members are reminded of the Opening of the 1940 season on SUNDAY, May 12, when triangular racing will take place off "Admiral Jellicoe."

Members are also reminded of the necessity of notifying the caterer in regard to meals. 12529

ECONOMICAL LIGHTING

Demonstrated and Displayed by
HOLLIS H. ARNOLD INC.
I.E.S. "BETTER SIGHT" LAMP MFRS.
51 Canton Road, Telephone 17805 12524

PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTION

The average reader will readily admit that he is far more interested in pictures than in print. Let the North-China Daily News make your blocks if you desire good reproductions.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055 Extension 5

Positions Wanted

How better can one inform the world that one's services are available? A clear statement of one's abilities often results in securing a position. A specially low rate is made for advertisements of this nature on our Classified page.

THE GREATEST ENGINE IN THE LOW-PRICE FIELD

EIGHT CYLINDERS
60 OR 85 HORSEPOWER.

GREATEST because of the accuracy with which it's built. You can drive a Ford V-8 60 miles an hour the day it's delivered!

ONLY an eight-cylinder car can give you smooth eight-cylinder performance. And only the big, roomy Ford V-8 gives you such performance at a low price.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Ave. Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

HUNGJAO district, several lots of vacant land on Hungjao, MacLeod, Fraser and Lincoln Roads, for sale. Area varies from 1½ mow to 40 mow. For particulars address Box 3590, NCDN. -6748

OUTBOARD motors, the famous Johnson Sea-Horse, for pleasure or business. On view at Yangtsze Motors, Broadway Mansions. 12503

LARGE local organisation has immediate vacancy for foreign accounts assistant. Applicants, preferably single and under 30, should send particulars of their qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box 4264, NCDN. 12513

TO LET. Large modern house Columbia Road 10 main rooms, large garden. Rent US$80. Spence, Robinson & Partners. 12498

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

FOR SALE

New Steel Drums

50/55 gallons

suitable for gasoline.

ASIA ENGINEERING AND IRON WORKS
133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Telephone 12770. 12533

CHEVROLET

YOURS TO ENJOY . . . .

PERFECT EASE—

1. Ample leg room
2. Convenient arm rests
3. Wide comfortable seats
4. Assist straps and coat hangers

AUTO PALACE

100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180 12356

EWO CLUB WHISKY

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores 12361

For Protection Against Skids

FIT MICHELIN STOP TYRES

Sole Agents
Auto Tyre & Rubber Equipment
9 Ave. Edward VII, Telephone 84257 -11965

SUMMER SUITS MADE TO ORDER

from $21

Material and Workmanship guaranteed

AUGAN'S TAILOR

300 Kiangse Road (cor. Nanking Rd.) -7941

EWO GIN

Distilled in England

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores 12338

NASH

"The car of a lifetime"

MAJESTIC MOTORS
Sales, Service and Parts
1460 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 39893 12367

AISHI

DENTAL OFFICE

DENTAL SURGEON
Dr. M. YAGATA
Artificial Porcelain Teeth
(Jacket Crown)
50 Kiukiang Road, Mitsui Bank Building, 1st Floor
Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Telephone 14273 12469

Smart Tailoring
For The Men Who Care

The best-dressed men of Shanghai know that to really enjoy Summer and all its various activities that they need a smartly-tailored suit. You, too, will need a Summer suit to carry you through the gay Summer social whirl . . . so why not call in at WHITEAWAY'S to-day?

Ask To See Whiteaway's Large Ranges Of Tropical Suitings!

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

GUERLAIN PERFUMES

These odours you have been asking for are here at last but come early—the stock is limited.

SHALIMAR MITSOUKO
VEGA JICKY
SOUS le VENT LIU
l'HEURE BLEUE

at WATSON'S

3 Pharmacies

North-China Daily News Broadcasts

Station XMHD (760 kc. 395 m)

In English (including Sundays) at 12.45 noon and 9 p.m. and in Chinese (except Sundays) at 1.30 p.m. and 9.15 p.m.

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	May 8 16.00	May 8 21.00	May 9 4.00	May 9 9.00
Barometer inches	29.83	29.88	29.88	29.93
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.09	+0.07	+0.12	+0.11
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	+0.07	+0.06	+0.05	+0.05
Wind (direction)	E	E	E	E
" (miles per hour)	12.4	10.6	9.9	16.8
Temperature (Fahr.)	68.°0	61.°3	62.°4	63.°7
Humidity %	78	97	94	90
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report May 8	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.82	+0.04	29.89
Temp. Min. 60.°3 Max. 74.°3	67.°3	+4.°5	63.°9
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	11.46	—	12.09

Time and Tide	10/5	11/5	12/5	13/5	14/5	15/5	16/5
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.02	5.01	5.01	5.00	5.00	4.59	4.59
Sun sets at Shanghai	6.39	6.40	6.41	6.42	6.43	6.43	6.44
Moon rises at Shanghai	7.07	8.00	8.56	9.55	10.56	11.50	13.03
Moon sets at Shanghai	21.09	22.00	22.49	23.35	—	0.19	1.00
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	11.57	12.17	13.06	14.00	15.15	16.31	18.00
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	17.10	17.46	6.10	6.48	7.40	8.44	10.00
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	13.40	14.11	14.45	15.45	16.47	5.40	7.00
Ht. above L.W. (feet)	10.26	9.64	9.60	8.72	8.75	8.45	8.44

POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

FRIDAY, May 10.	Reg.	Ord.
Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	*20.00	8.00
Chefoo	8.30	9.00
Hongkong and Haiphong	9.30	10.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai	10.30	11.00
Ninghsien etc.	12.00	12.30
Hongkong	14.00	14.30
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
SATURDAY, May 11.		
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	7.30
Ninghsien etc.	*20.00	8.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	8.30	9.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	10.00	10.30
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila S.S. Ceylon India Suez and Europe via Suez A	18.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	19.30	20.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	20.00	20.00
SUNDAY, May 12.		
Hongkong and Canton x	9.30	10.00
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	10.00	10.00
Ninghsien etc.	10.00	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, India, Egypt, E-Soudan, Italy and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 11th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on May 14, 1940.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on May 11, at 7 p.m. for registered and at 8 p.m. for ordinary due London on May 22.
Pan American Airways Service per steamer on May 11, at 7 p.m. for registered and at 8 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on May 21.
Air France per steamer on May 11, at 7 p.m. for registered and at 8 p.m. for ordinary.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 12.00 and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 11.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow for Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 8.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 8.30 p.m.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—
Yesterday Min. 61.0 Max. 68.0
Same date, 1939 Min. 55.0 Max. 87.0
Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—
Yesterday Min. 60.6 Max. 70.5
Same date, 1939 Min. 54.3 Max. 88.7

State on the morning of the 8th:—Pressure rather low and steady over China: normal and steady over Japan. South-easterly winds over Shantung: north-easterly to south-easterly along the China Coast. Fine weather in the north: overcast, misty in our regions.

State on the morning of the 9th:—Overcast weather. East-south-easterly wind. Normal and rising pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy and fine weather with local fog variable winds around Shantung. Overcast to cloudy with mist and north-easterly to south-easterly winds over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

Post Office Notices Continued

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia close on every Monday and Thursday at 8 p.m. for registered and on every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m. for ordinary and are despatched per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Suez, on May 11.
Per steamer via Pacific, on May 13.
Per steamer via Pacific, on May 14.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

St. Andrew's Society
IN MEMORY OF MR. J. F. G. HARRIS
G. T. $5
A. W. 5

Anzac Society
IN MEMORY OF MR. J. F. HARRIS
E. S. R. $5

The Royal Society of St. George
IN MEMORY OF MR. J. F. HARRIS
H. G. B. $5

The Central British War Fund
IN MEMORY OF MR. J. F. HARRIS

W. W. J.	$25	J. O. D.	$20
J. H.	5	J. J. B.	20
D. H. C.	10	C. B. P.	5
L. K.	5	C. J.	10
A. L.	5	E. B. A.	5
W. P.	5	A. P.	5
L. P.	5	K. N. P.	5
W. B.	5	C. M.	5
J. S. McD	5	N. O. R.	5
D. B. S.	5	F. S. McL	10
R. W. B.	5	J. O. K.	5
A. E. H.	5	H. W.	5
L. A. McC	10	H. M. T.	5

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

Daylight Saving: Some of Its Benefits

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—With reference to numerous correspondence in your column on the above subject, may I add my voice in support of this important and highly desirable reform, with further suggested modification, which, if adopted will prove very much economical in many respects.

I would suggest that all offices and schools adopt the working studying hours as from 9 a.m. till 3.30 p.m. with half-an-hour interval for a cup of tea and sandwiches in between noon and 12.30 p.m.

While actual working hours will remain the same six hours a day, the economy effected will be tremendous, and directly could be listed as follows (indirect saving will be still greater).

(1) Daylight saving.
(2) Fuel economy (of utmost importance in these days).
(a) Motor cars will have to make two trips instead of four.
(b) Transportation expenses in general will be reduced by 50 per cent.
(c) Economy on gas, lubrication, tyres, engines etc.
(d) Heating (cooling) of office buildings could be very much curtailed, or stopped altogether say after 3 p.m.
(3) The chances of traffic accidents and therefore the responsibilities of insurance companies will be reduced by 50 per cent.
(4) Economy in road repairs, P.W.D. staff and traffic inspectors.
(5) Food economy. Instead of four meals a day as we have at present, we would manage very comfortably with three meals a day, i.e. breakfast, dinner at 4 p.m., and high tea at 8.30 p.m. Tiffin at noon and four o'clock tea will have no place, except as luxury on week-ends and holidays. This new meal's schedule will bring certain economy in gas or electricity consumption, water, washing facilities, manual labour etc.

In the summer above suggested schedule could be advanced by half an hour, say from 8.30 a.m. till 3 p.m.

The above suggestion is not a new idea at all. In Russia, in the good old days these working hours were adopted all over Russia and found very economical and healthy. Adults had more time for sports, self-improvement, etc., children had more time for home-study and also sports, and nobody had to spend more than was absolutely necessary, neither their nerves nor human energy for useless two extra trips a day.

M. N.

Shanghai, May 9.

Already Tried in Shanghai

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Obviously your correspondents are unaware of the fact that Daylight Saving was given a trial in this city in the early twenties—1921-1923, I think—and was dropped after a year as being unworkable due to conflict of opinions between the two Councils, the Native City authorities, Railway Administration and Shipping Companies.

I distinctly recollect that the scheme was not over-popular and no tears were shed with its passing.

The suggestion of a local wit helped it out. It was that as we are artificially gaining an extra hour per day why not apply the same reassuring to the thermometer and grade it to, say, 85 degrees, making a maximum in Shanghai of 80 degrees, or make a one hundred tael note into a two hundred tael note, thereby doubling our salaries and so on. However when it passed it went unsung.

Babooshka.

Shanghai, May 8.

Lost Article: Now in Police Hands

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—A small oblong case fell from the pocket of a passenger in a rickshaw while travelling between Peking and Ningpo Roads along Szechuen Road about 10.45 this morning (May 8). It was picked up and handed to CPC.2640 and the owner should enquire for it at Central Police Station, Foochow Road.

G. L. T.

Shanghai, May 8.

HOW MANY OF MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S OUTSPOKEN CRITICS SEEM NOT TO REALISE—
BRITAIN'S MILITARY UNPREPAREDNESS
—THAT HE HAD SPARED THEM MUCH GREATER DISASTER THAN THE REVERSE IN NORWAY.
MUNICH
BERCHTESGADEN
SAPAJOU

BY SAPAJOU

Let's Be Fair!

Political Ship of N. China

Mr. Wang Ching-wei Seems to Have Been Forgotten; Reactions to Norwegian Invasion

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Peiping, Apr. 29.

THE political ship of north China seems to be completely becalmed just now. The vast political changes of which we had been hearing so much a short time ago, and on which the seal was supposed to have been set by the unexpected flying visit here of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, seem to have been forgotten almost as quickly as they arose. Neither in the press nor in public talk does one hear any more about Wang Ching-wei and his government. It would almost seem as if, having paid the required lip service to this new political entity, the authorities here are in a hurry to relegate it to the limbo. The only signs recalling the existence of the Nanking government are a few Kuomintang flags still kept flying over the post-office buildings.

Indeed, so little difference has the establishment of the new Central Government made to the situation here in north China, that a few days ago the China Affairs Board, a purely Japanese concern, instituted for the purpose of advising the Chinese and guiding them on the right path towards the "new order in East Asia," held a special convention in Peiping, at which were discussed "measures to cope with the financial and commodity conditions in north China." It is interesting to note that of the 130 odd officials attending the meeting, by far the greater number were Japanese belonging to the China Affairs Board itself, and also from Tokyo and Changchun, not to mention numerous representatives of the Japanese army.

Spontaneous Government

Whether any Chinese, either of the Central Government or of the Northern Political Council took part in these deliberations, is not clear. Their names, anyhow, have not been made public. And if they did attend, one heard nothing of what these gentlemen had to say, although we have been told so often, that this time the new government is really and truly an entirely spontaneous and independent government of the Chinese people, ever so much more independent than even the very independent government of Manchoukuo. Nor have the results arrived at by the convention been divulged so far, although the public might be expected to be a little impatient to learn what steps are being taken to bring about the economic recovery of this part of the country.

At the present moment, however, the Japanese and local authorities seem, for some reason or other which has not been disclosed, to be more concerned with air-raid precautions. Against whom these precautions are directed is not stated. Regulations are being drawn up for anti-air-raid drill; an "air defence corps" is being formed; and on April 27 a complete blackout with full air-raid precautions was to be staged in the western half of the city. Somewhat late in the day, after the war has been going on for nearly three years. In any case there are, one would have thought, considerably more pressing problems to be attended to in Peiping. But, of course, air raid precautions, specially against a non-existent enemy in the air, are very much simpler.

Chinese Reactions to War

In this usually so placid and self-centred community the German invasion of Denmark and Norway caused a certain stir, and it has been the chief topic of conversation in recent days. The different repercussions that this news has had on the various communities is not uninteresting. The Chinese were neither shocked nor surprised by the invasion itself. After their own experience, they doubtless have come to regard aggression as the regular thing nowadays; but what does appear to have excited some mild wonder among them was the fact that the aggressor had not been immediately and completely successful, and that, for once, the weaker state has found powerful friends who have come quickly and directly to its assistance.

Among the Japanese a certain confusion of thought was noticeable, though, as they do most of their thinking in watertight compartments, they see nothing illogical in professing to view the German invasion of neutral states with pained surprise. One Japanese, who may possibly have suspected irony in my question, hastened to add, "Of course Denmark and Norway were not like China. They were quite free of Communism."

But, on the whole, one gathered that the mild condemnation of the German action in Japanese circles was due more to practical than to moral considerations. It is highly inconvenient that several more perfectly good markets for Japanese goods are now lost to her, and at such a very awkward moment. One might have expected the Japanese to feel some satisfaction at seeing another great power imitate her own methods, and quite specially at Germany setting up a "puppet government" in Norway; this puppet government idea being, as a friend of mine remarked, the one genuine Japanese invention of modern times.

German Celebrations

The Germans, of course, celebrated their glorious victory over Denmark with great enthusiasm in their Club and at their Embassy. And among some neutrals the first reaction, despite the British successes at sea, was that she had received a severe setback. This attitude of the neutrals is amusingly illustrated by the following exchange which I overheard:—

Neutral: "That's a nasty smack in the jaw for you fellows. You are always so slow, you British. Always too late!"

Englishman (with a certain show of irritation): "What the devil do you mean: we are always too late? Too late for what?"

Neutral: "Why, letting the Germans get into Norway first like this."

Englishman: "Ah, that's your trouble, is it? And if we had landed troops in Norway beforehand, or had even attacked the German flotillas in Scandinavian waters, you fellows would now be croaking that it was all a question of power politics, and that, at bottom, we were no better than the Germans. You are in the very fortunate position of sitting on the side-line looking on, and able to criticize us without any risk, whatever we do."

And one must allow, that there seems a good deal of truth in this reply.

Japanese Consult Over Chinese Currency

Slump Causes Meeting of High Officials

Tokyo, May 9.

Lieut.-General Yanagawa, the Director General of the Asia Development Board, consulted Admiral M. Yonai, the Premier, yesterday afternoon, on the question of measures to cope with the rapid change in economic conditions in China, following the slump in legal tender.

As a result of this interview, a conference is taking place today comprised of the Development Board's Council, all Cabinet Members, and Mr. Kazuo Aoki, the Financial Adviser to General Abe to discuss various questions in connection with Sino-Japanese co-operation surrounding the legal tender, according to the newspaper, "Asahi."

Mr. Aoki intends to leave for China in a short while, with decisions, the paper adds.—Reuter.

Sweden to Lay Mines In Archipelago

Berne, May 8.

"The Swedish government has announced that it has decided to lay mines in certain parts of the Stockholm Archipelago, DNB-the official German news agency, announced today from Stockholm.—Havas.

Tokyo Investigates Trade Union Activities

Tokyo, May 9.

Following the recent ban on the formation of a labour party, the Government turned its attention today to the Federation of Japan Trade Unions in an effort to turn the group's activities into more patriotic channels.

Officials of the Home and Welfare Ministries are expected to confer with leaders of the Federation, pointing out that the organization's activities have not been in line with national policies during the emergency period. There is no intention of disbanding the Federation, it was stressed.—Domei.

Hungary, Soviets Near Trade Agreement

Budapest, May 9.

Two signs of improved relations between Hungary and Soviet Russia were observed here yesterday.

The official newspaper "Magyar Orszag" published an article in connection with Marshal Klementi Voroshilov's transfer, minimizing the possibility of Russian aggression in this region.—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News" of May 10, 1870

We need hardly remind our readers that the annual meeting of Ratepayers is called for 10 o'clock this morning, at the new Masonic Hall. As the first meeting under the new Land Regulations, it will probably be an unusually full one; people will go there from curiosity, if from no other motive. Judging from outside gossip, too, we fancy the meeting will be a busy one. Several important topics of discussion are suggested in the remarks accompanying the Budget; and others are sure to arise, in connection with the accounts, and from the inner consciousness of individual ratepayers. The questions of Bund frontage, of water supply, of new roads and streets, of appointing an officer of health, are all fertile, and need settlement. We understand that refreshment will be on the premises, which will obviate a lengthened adjournment about noon.

FORMER HOSPITAL MATRON
Finds Relief From STOMACH DISORDERS

"Two years ago I had sprue, which caused me a great deal of intestinal disorder, loss of appetite, etc." writes Miss R. P..... Avenue Haig, Shanghai, who was formerly a hospital matron. "Since using Golden Griffin Stomach Tea my health has greatly improved as is often remarked by many friends.

It gives me great pleasure to testify to the curative merits of this stomach tea."

GOLDEN GRIFFIN STOMACH TEA

is a combination of Nature's herbs which contain medicinal properties of particular value in the treatment of digestive troubles; the addition of boiling water makes a palatable brew, which you will find both comforting and beneficial if you suffer from intestinal disorders.

Obtainable at Chemists and Department Stores, in two sizes $1.20 and $3.00, or from

GOLDEN MEDICINAL GRIFFIN TEAS

G. T. Fulford Co., Ltd., Proprietors, 451 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

HONGAY
ANTHRACITE
COAL
Clean, Smokeless, Dustless
Maximum heat return
Minimum ashes
BEST ANTHRACITE IN THE FAR EAST
For Salamandres, Arcolas, Junkers and all other stoves.
Sole Agents:
HONGAY SALES, LTD.
(French Company)
668 Szechuen Road, Telephone 13042

L. MOORE & Co., LTD.
Established in Shanghai 1874 *Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances*
FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS
Storage Terms on Application *Branch Office:* Toplis & Harding
88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Friday, May 10, 1940, at 9.30 a.m.

Ice Cream Freezers, Lamps, Clocks and Watches, Boots, Shoes, Dress Models, Quilts, Crockery, Kitchen Ware, Dress Models, Gent's and Ladies Clothing, Shirts, Inks, Mosquito Nets, Trunks, Ice Chests, Cupboards, Leather Pieces, Furnitures and Sundries.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
On Saturday, May 11, 1940, commencing at 9.30 a.m.
Tientsin and Axminster carpets, fur rugs, stair carpets, curtains, day beds, large leather covered corner settees, Morris rocking chairs, double spring couches and arm chairs, carved camphorwood boxes, R.C.A. 5-tube radio, electric kettle, table fan, cut glass and porcelain ware, toilet set, dinner and tea crockery, brass ships clock, oil paintings, pictures, bird cage, electric fire grate and steam radiator, cooking stove, water tank, tricycle, motor car horns, bathroom scale, books, bookcases, desks, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, cupboards, teapoys, dog kennel, etc., also

1 Sensitive precision bench drill, ¼ inch chuck with motor pulley
1 12-Gauge "Edouard de Beaumont" double barrel sporting gun, 1 Singer hand sewing machine.

also will be sold at 11.30 a.m.
52 Baskets Fresh Potato (Damaged)
6 Tins Lard (Damaged)

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)
AUCTIONEERS AND APPRAISERS
SALESROOMS AND OFFICE, 160 CANTON ROAD
Will sell by Public Auction, under instructions from the concerned
IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)
To-day, Friday, May 10, 1940, at 9.30 a.m.
Modern style tapestry covered couch and arm chairs and smoker's tables (made by Arts and Crafts), Tientsin and Axminster carpets, writing tables, bookcases, **E.P., ware, cut glass ware, plate glass top duco sideboard, dining table and velvet covered dining chairs, modern style lacquered bedroom suite, bedstead with Simmon's soft mattress and desk, single Simmon's beds,** children's furniture, **rowing machine,** "Victor" Victrola, musical instrument, radio sets, bronze statuette, pottery curios, wall mirror, blackwood curio cabinet and teapoys, kitchen tables, wardrobe trunk, gentlemen's bicycle, dolls, ornaments, **clothing,** ladies' shoes, etc.
NOW ON VIEW
HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

The Chinese Auctioneering Co., Ltd.
Will sell by Public Auction in their Salesroom
On Friday, May 10, 1940, at 11 a.m.
ONE LOT consisting of 1/20s. "鳳凰" and 1/20s. "仙桃" Cotton Yarn damaged by fire and water.
Goods can be seen at Shanghai Press Packing Co.'s Godown, No. Q20 in Lane 1086 Chengtu Road. Buyers must satisfy themselves as to condition and quality of cotton yarn previous to auction.
NOW ON VIEW
x8012

yes!

SIGNIFICANT 1939 FIGURES

New Insurance Written	US$78,396,657.00		
Insurance In Force	490,142,709.00	Increase	US$37,324,732.00 (8.24%)
Assets	65,912,861.00	„	6,371,931.00 (10.7%)
Surplus to Policyholders	3,386,771.00	„	354,840.00 (11.7%)
Total Income	18,299,673.00		

AGAIN IN 1939 WE ARE HIGH AMONG THE LEADERS IN GAINS—WITH $490,142,709 NOW IN FORCE!
Occidental Life
LOS ANGELES
P.M. Anderson & Co. *General Agents* 113 Kiukiang Road Shanghai, China.
12505

Ingenohl's Grand Corona

Box of 25 $42.50
Humidor of 25 $42.50
Humidor of 50 $85
DE LUXE Box of 10 $18.50
DE LUXE Box of 25 $43.20
DE LUXE Box of 50 $85
In GLASS TUBE—Box of 10 $19

Obtainable at
C. INGENOHL'S CIGAR STORES "La Perla del Oriente"
Nanking Road

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION
"ART AND CULTURE"
Daily Broadcast in Five Languages

Medium wave 214m.; short wave 24.80m. Frequency 1500kc., 12.09mc.

"Art and Culture" provides information and entertainment

AFTERNOON TIME TABLE

12-1 Light music
1.30-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chin. students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
6.50-7.00 Music by German composers
7.00-7.15 News in German
7.15-7.20 Music by German composers
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Concert by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:

Several musical expressions of the idea of Destiny.

Beethoven: 5th Symphony. Tchaikowsky: 4th Symphony. R. Strauss: Death and transfiguration.

P.M.
11.00-11.30 Latest news in English
11.30-12.00 Light music and dance music

TO-NIGHT

7.30 Broadcast in Russian.
8.00 Interview with Mrs. Hoyt Mitchel on French war relief incorporated in Los Angeles.
9.15 Broadcast in English. Friday Evening Radio Theatre presents The Dear Departed. Comedy in one acts by Stanley Houghton.

Woman's Page

By Philine

London, Apr. 5.

Though there is to be no London Season this year, the event which always marks the opening of a peace-time London Season will be held next month, as usual. Despite the war and the fact that nearly a majority of Royal Academicians were against having the Royal Academy Summer Exhibition, it opens on May 6 at Burlington House.

The Selection Committee is busy at the moment, choosing pictures to be hung, and, no doubt, London's smart women are just as busy choosing new chic costumes to wear on Private View Day, which, war or no war, is likely to provide as good a fashion parade as Private View Days have provided in a happier past.

• • •

Dancing in Wartime

The forfeiting of the 1940 Season has been felt keenly by many Londoners, other than those whose losses in business connected with the season are little short of a tragedy. Mothers with daughters of debutante age have minor problems to solve. How and where can the young folk meet occasionally, under chaperonage, for a dinner and a dance?

The success of the Queen Charlotte Ball, which took place a few weeks ago, has encouraged some mothers to plan a series of debutante dances during what would have been the London Season. They are to be held in a Piccadilly hotel, where no more than one hundred dancers will be invited. Run on the Cinderella principle, these dances will end punctually at midnight. As a number of the girls and their male

Speedy!

Miss Anita Chang, winner of Sir Victor Sassoon's silver trophy at the recent cycle meeting of the Shanghai Wheelers, took all first places in the senior girls' events, both in heats and finals.

partners are engaged in some branch of war work, this midnight rule is designed to prevent them being late at their jobs in the morning.

• • •

Women Wait in Restaurants

As a sign of the times, guests at West End hotel dances may find themselves waited upon by women instead of men waiters. During the last war, women were employed to a large extent in the big London restaurants, where the staffs were made up almost entirely of Germans. Nowadays, nearly all the best waiters in the West End are Italian or of Italian extraction and many of them have enlisted.

The famous Hungaria restaurant is the first to employ women in this war. A few women are working in the Hungaria grill on Saturdays. Other hotels and restaurants will soon follow this lead.

A waiter's or waitress's job is harder than it used to be in pre-1914 days, when there was no dancing in London restaurants. Even the Savoy restaurant then closed soon after 11 p.m., and a light string band scarcely disturbed the quiet that diners demanded in those jazzless days.

• • •

Bundles For Britain, Inc.

From New York we hear the good news that wherever one goes in the United States today one finds American women in all walks of life knitting for the Allied cause. Shop girls and debutantes are making mittens, socks and sweaters for British and French soldiers and sailors. In every important city placards appealing for support are to be seen in shop windows, some of which are piled high with the kinds of garments needed.

A group of Americans have founded an organization called Bundles for Britain, Inc., and their workers now number about 3,000, including office helpers, knitters, distant friends who mail in contributions, and the more wealthy patrons who provide "administrative expenses." The work they are undertaking at present is to provide warm clothes for the "unsung heroes" of British minesweepers.

Bundles for Britain, Inc., has already despatched twelve tons of clothing to England. These are to be distributed by Mrs. Winston Churchill to vessels patrolling North Sea waters. Other organizations of a similar kind have committees all over the country. There are between 200 and 300 registered at the State Department in Washington.

Socks Without Heels

Those who have will to knit, but not yet the complete mastery over their needles to tackle any save the simplest of patterns, will bless the Duke of Gloucester for praising the new heel-less sock. When the Duchess of Gloucester was being shown a collection of knitted comforts for the Forces on a recent visit to a hospital supply depot, she noticed a number of these socks. They were knitted on a straight, tubular pattern from top to toe, with no heel turn.

She took a pair home with her; the Duke tried them on and was so pleased with them that he straightway wrote to the superintendent of the depot to convey his praise and thanks to the knitter. This type of sock is very easy to knit and, as an official at the depot says, "every one who has tried them particularly inside a heavy army boot, has found them exceedingly comfortable. An additional advantage is that they automatically adapt themselves to any size of foot."

• • •

It is Fashionable to Be "Camouflaged"

A new fashion note was noticed at the Longchamp races. A girl was seen wearing a woollen dress in brown and green, the pattern being exactly similar to the service vehicles and buildings etc. which are painted in haphazard designs for camouflage purposes.

The Care of Pot-Plants

To those who have little or no garden space, the growing of pot-plants on the verandah provides an interesting and pleasurable hobby. The success of this form of gardening depend entirely on the care given to the plants, for, naturally, growing as they do in such confined space, they require good attention.

For plants that love the sun, choose the sunniest part of the verandah, reserving the shady spots for ferns and other plants that thrive best in shade. Shelter from draughts should be provided.

Re-potting should be done when necessary; the appearance of the plant generally indicates the need for greater freedom for the roots. If this operation is carefully done, and the roots disturbed as little as possible, the growth of the plant should not be checked.

Water Regularly

Pot-plants should not be allowed to dry out, but should be watered regularly. If they are very dry, the pots may be immersed in water until thoroughly soaked. Proper drainage is, of course, essential. This may be composed of pieces of broken pots, charcoal, and shell-grit.

The feeding of pot-plants is necessary if they are to maintain vigorous growth. This may be given in the form of liquid manure once a week, or, if this is considered too messy, fertilizers in tablet form may be given. These are simply pushed into the soil round the plants, and are a concentrated form of combined plant foods, which, dissolved and distributed by watering, promote quick and healthy growth.

The leaves of pot-plants should be cleansed regularly (dust settling on them is responsible for many failures), and the pots should be turned round frequently so that the growth may be even.

Keep a strict look-out for disease or insect pests and remove dead wood or foliage, also weeds, as soon as they make their appearance.

Plants for Pot Culture

Here is a list of plants suitable for pot culture:—

Aspidistra, anthericum, acalypha, achimenes, alocasia, asparagus, aucuba, azalea, begonia rex, bilergia, cactus, coleus, cyclamen, dracaena, epiphyllum, fuchsia, geranium, gloxinia, heliotrope, impatiens (Japanese balsam), maranta, pandanus, pentas carnea, pilea (artillery plant), primula obconica, primula sinensis (Chinese primrose), saintpaulia, strobilanthes, streptocarpus.

There are many lovely palms and ferns which make ideal verandah plants, and for hanging baskets, adiantum, asparagus sprengeri, mixed hardy ferns, nephrolepis, selaginella metallica, tuberous begonias, crytodeira, and panicum variegatum are particularly suitable.

A good general soil for pot-plants is composed of one part dairy manure to three parts good soil.

Palms, aspidistras, and similar plants grow well in a compost made up of fairly heavy loam with a proportion of sand, and leaf mould or well-decayed dairy manure, such as one part soil, two parts heavy loam, one part leaf mould or dairy manure.

Measure For Measure

Quantities of Tea

The North Irish wartime recommendation to deprive the family teapot of its traditional additional spoonful of tea should, if accepted, help to improve the standard of English tea-making. For a nation of tea-drinkers we seem generally to be content, in public or semi-public tea-rooms at any rate, with brews that for one or more reasons easily detected by an average connoisseur of home-made tea are far below proof.

In clubs and in comparatively expensive teashops it is rarely possible to be sure of being brought a pot of good tea. Complaints are not made, probably because the pot of tea brought by a waitress is only one of our several daily pots; the customer and the management tacitly agree that as there will be good tea at home, later, the shortcomings of an odd pot do not matter very much. On the other hand, it is generally possible to get extremely good tea in well-organized teashops that cater for people who take tea as part of a meal and would not waste money on interim cups merely as an accompaniment to rest or conversation.

Undoubtedly the commonest fault is that tea is made too strong, whereas coffee is made too weak. One pours out the dark-brown stream and asks for more hot water, and it seems to be taken for granted that strong tea let down with hot water is equivalent to a beverage brewed with less tea and more water, which is by no means the case. Why should tea be brewed, as it were, for the benefit of the pot rather than the person or the occasion? In reckoning a teaspoonful of tea per person and one for the pot it is also absurd to leave the size of the pot out of consideration.

Boiling Water

From the flat taste of many a cup of freshly brewed tea it is easy to detect that the water has been boiling for a long time; it should be used at the first moment of actual boiling. This is a factor in the making of tea which it is necessary to have remembered in our own kitchens. Or else

A MAYFAIR NOTEBOOK

A Recent Bride

A studio picture of Miss Camille de Guyadet, who married Mr. Jean Piffaretti, Vice-Consul for Switzerland, on May 4.—Hamilton.

or have the lack of full flavour that also betrays that it was made with water that had either not reached or had gone off the boil. Or perhaps the dry tea had been waiting in a damp pot while the water was coming to the boil. A dry teapot, preferably warmed, and freshly boiling water (the kettle having been freshly filled for the occasion) are as essential to good tea-making as a portion of good tea may contain the floating leaves tea carefully measured to suit the taste of individual persons or families.

Those who take tea without sugar or milk assert that only in this way is the flavour of tea fully to be appreciated and that the greatest economy as well as the greatest pleasure is to be obtained by relating one's preferred strength of tea to the quantity required on various occasions. Sometimes one is thirsty and uses more tea in a larger pot; sometimes a very little in a small pot will supply immediate needs. Most of us are extravagant in brewing tea so that we shall have plenty if we should happen to feel like drinking three or four cups. Ardent tea-drinkers who have rationed themselves by resolving never to drink more than one cup at any meal say that they become much more discriminating and more appreciative of their reduced quantity.

A too arbitrary reduction of the amount of tea put into pots of unspecified size may therefore be less economical than a less standardized use of teapots. If these are chosen to meet one-cup or two-cup occasions, for one or two or more persons, it may sometimes even be enough to put in only one spoonful of tea for both pot and partaker.

D. A. R.

The May meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution was held on Wednesday, May 8, at the home of Mrs. C. L. Boynton, 11 Avenue Petain. The programme presented Mr. Raymond Burns, who spoke on "Patriotic Education as Reflected in the Shanghai American School." Mr. Burns defined real patriotism in terms of true devotion to the best interests of one's country which implies a thorough knowledge of American civilization in all its phases.

Eighty-six per cent of the attendance at the Shanghai American School and almost all of the teachers are American. Social studies centre around American life. Credits are arranged to meet requirements in American colleges. As far as possible, they aim to provide an atmosphere that is truly American. Mr. Burns says it is difficult to give a true inkling of the American spirit. We too often forget that the visible resources spring from invisible and spiritual influences which should be preserved at all costs.

The Patriotic Education Committee was authorized to carry out some patriotic project in the American School. Gifts of money or things of cultural value from the Orient are sent to approved schools in America.

The monthly business meetings of the D.A.R. will be discontinued until the autumn but bi-monthly sewing meetings will be held throughout the summer months.

For Pete's Sake Don't Be Drab

By Adrian, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Designer

"Do clothes make the woman?" Perhaps . . . but all too frequently they make her uncomfortable, self-conscious, a blurred rubber stamp of a fashion decree. Yet if she would stop to consider why a fashion is born, she would know how to interpret it for her own use.

We designers create clothes that will work for the woman, rather than clothes that make the woman work. In any store, out of the hundreds of garments, a wise woman can choose those that work for her.

Most of you are about ready for your next encounter with a fitting room and mirror. Are you going to yield to the whip of fashionable colours choosing navy because it's the thing to do, or beige because it's high style? Forget all that impractical advice about choosing a practical colour. If you have a secret passion for Kelly green and the clear colouring to wear it, get a Kelly green suit. True, it will be noticed oftener; people will remember it, they may even know the season in which you bought it. But what difference does it make? The deliberate cultivation of inconspicuousness is a silly sort of tyranny. No one cares how long you have owned a dress, but you care and reflect how you feel in that dress. Choose drabness and your spirit is drab, too. Equal damage is done when you choose a colour purely for its fashion prevalence rather than its effect on you.

Last year at this time, two-thirds of America went into mauve—that pinky-purple that only about one woman in one hundred can wear becomingly. This year beige is a rumoured favourite. The predominant colouring of American women is ashblond into brown. If beige really sweeps the country, the streets are going to look like a granary—blond women in beige clothes! When you start for your colour, make up your mind it's going to work for you, enhance your own colouring and give a lift to your spirits.

Is It For You?

Your next choice is the type of garment. Many of you will be all set for a "man-tailored suit." Try on a tailored suit and see how it looks with no effort on your part. If you have to hold your breath to put poor tummy in its proper locale, if peering at the back, you must make a sudden and impossible-to-sustain effort to lessen the bulges of the hips; if you have to listen to the following patter: "We can shorten the jacket; those side seams can be let out a little, all suits look a bit that way, Madam—you'll feel entirely different in a new corset . . ." send the suit back to its rack.

I don't say a woman under five feet, two inches tall can't wear a tailored suit, but it certainly needs some special tailoring and remains something she must work for. If you've a figure worry, why not try the bolero, the long-coated ensemble, the very short jacket-suit, the softer suit, and leave the Bond Street model to the more perfect figure?

Why Be Limited?

Or perhaps a print is what you want. There are two schools of thought on prints. One argues for the big, bold, splashy variety, the other for the inconspicuous, smaller all-over pattern. To look at the average woman in her print, the observer would think that there were no middle ground. The average woman is either in large chrysanthemums or dreary little geometric designs. One spoils the figure, the other dampens the spirit. Don't accept either of these alternatives. If you like colour and like prints, look until you find one that is small but colourful, or large but quiet. Before we leave this choosing of the major part of your outfit, one last word of courage. Choose neither suit, nor ensemble, nor coat, nor print dress unless you want one. A pastel shirt-waist dress, a slim black afternoon frock, or a light-weight wool street dress will be just as good. In short, choose a dress that will do its work for you and don't think you have to fall into a fashion pattern.

Hats and Accessories

Hats are meant to frame the face, not to advertise a season. The spectacle of wide-faced women, long-faced women, young-faced women and old-faced women, decked out in lilies-of-the-the-valley and bluebirds rampant, is a sorry sight. No one could accuse me of being conservative in designing hats. But when trimming begins to detract from the function of a hat, I dispense with the trimming.

Hats no longer serve to protect the head, but they still should serve to help the face and the costume. It sounds odd at first, but try to think of your hat as the topmost part of a structure. It may be colourful, decorative, even funny—anything but top-heavy.

The last details that should work for you are your accessories. And they can be summed up in a few strictly non-fashion rules. A handbag, first and foremost, is to carry those things your pockets can't. It should be neither so big that it looks like a signboard, nor so small that it bulges with its overflow. It can house your compact, lipstick, money, keys and kerchief and still be well-shaped, simple, an added note of colour.

Your gloves are to keep your hands clean and to add another spot of interest. If you choose them for colour, keep them simple, but again follow the rule of making them work for you. Get them large enough so that you can wear them even when you're looking for bus change. Never struggle into a glove. And never wear a pair that advertises itself to the detriment of the ensemble.

It seems pretty obvious to say that the first rule for shoes is that they let you walk comfortably, but it's the most ignored of all fundamental rules. Don't accept the shoe clerk's bland assurance that the shoe will give readily. A "given" shoe is a stretched shoe. I have no advice to offer on the high or low heel. You know what is comfortable for you. But regardless of the heel height, insist that the shoes fit you at the heel. The slipping pump can spoil any new outfit. Get your shoes to house your feet comfortably and becomingly. Most of all, get your shoes fitted so that you can forget them.

To remove rain spots from silk stockings without washing them, hold the top in one hand and toe in the other, then draw backward and forward through the steam coming from boiling kettle spout. This also shrinks the stockings and makes them fit as if washed.

Queen Sets Women An Example; Fashion Notes

The Queen is setting the women of this country a wonderful example. She is working hard, she always looks charming and she is always cheerful. This week Her Majesty made her second broadcast since the war when she gave a message on Saturday night to a special meeting held in London to mark the 85th anniversary of the Young Women's Christian Association. The place of the meeting had been kept secret till the time of the broadcast. Then it was announced as Queen Mary Hall, Great Russell Street. The Queen has a charming voice and there must have been very few people in the country who did not tune in to hear her.

April has rather let us down as regards weather and we are for the most part still hanging on to our winter clothes although some of the more hardy younger women go about in spring suits—looking very cold. However preparations are already being made in the shops for summer clothes and it is this week announced that women will wear white piqué suits well cut with neatly fitted collarless jackets. There will also be suits and redingotes in white linen. Mid-season dress shows are in full swing so there is great activity in the fashion world at the moment. A feature of this season's summer collections is the expert way in which the designers and the modistes are handling cotton and linen materials. In millinery they are being used a very great deal. Some neat little boater hats are made entirely of piqué, with ribbon bands in some gay colour to form a contrast. And to wear with afternoon frocks there are hats of pleated organdie. Fabric hats are being featured everywhere. We are not altogether giving up wool this summer and there are some delightful suits in light weight woollen, the jackets of which are lined with floral crêpe de chine, to match the crêpe de chine of the blouses worn with them. Grey is very fashionable and forms the background of some very striking colour schemes. Grey and red are especially popular but have to be on exquisite lines if the contrast doesn't look startling, and unrefined.

Sailors and boaters are of course to be all the rage this summer, and they want most careful choosing since they are not easy to wear on wind swept promenades and in the country. There is of course an art in putting on a sailor hat. On the back of the head they are comic, but tilt them forward to shade an eye and they are attractive at once. Neat hairdressing is very essential and the invisible hair net will be in much demand.

Too Many Silver Foxes

For the woman who yearns to possess a silver fox, but sees no possibility of ever attaining her ambition in this field of fashion, it will be difficult to imagine a state of affairs in which there could be too many silver foxes anywhere in the world.

As a result of the war, however, such a situation does exist at the present time in the United States. The European market for furs has "folded up." The women of Europe who would have been buying silver foxes and other expensive furs are spending their money on cans of beef and gas masks, rather than on luxury furs. One result is that Canada has been unable to sell her furs abroad and has been sending them into the United States. This, added to the American supply, has been responsible for bringing about a drop in the whole prices of 30 per cent below the early autumn prices.

A further result has been a clause in the reciprocal trade treaty between Canada and the United States establishing a quota limiting imports from Canada to 58,300 skins a year. Incidentally, it is estimated that American women spent about 350 million dollars during 1939.

GOLDEN STATE BAKING POWDER

GOLDEN STATE, the perfect Baking Powder, guarantees the success of the time you invest in baking. Yet GOLDEN STATE costs less. It is on sale at the leading compradore shops and department stores.

Are you pleased with your TIREDNESS?
If no, - take
"WAKAMOTO"!

OIL PERMANENT WAVE
Removal of warts, facial massage, make-up. Dyeing of eyebrows and lashes. Artificial eyelashes affixed with the most natural results.
Highly qualified experts in attendance
Medical Pedicure
GROSVENOR BEAUTY PARLOUR
249 Cardinal Mercier Telephone 76058

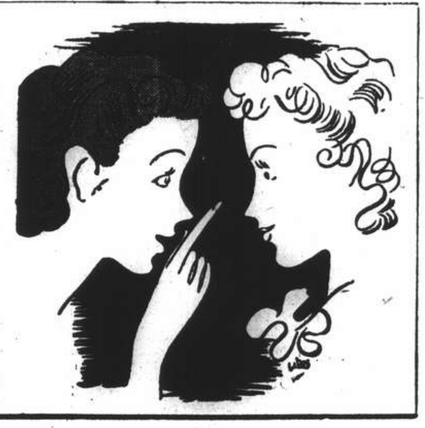
TO-DAY!
Apricot, Pineapple Chiffon Pie
$3.20 each
Bakerite Chocolate Shops

Red and Black Service de Luxe
Sundays open from 10 to 1 p.m.
A fine array of objets d'art, well-suited as gifts for all occasions and tastes
Reasonable prices—Careful service
277 Avenue Petain

TAI'S LINEN
185 ROUTE PROSPER PARIS
SHANGHAI

1153 Bubbling Well Road
Shanghai
MODERN KNITTING ARTS
Latest styles in Costumes, Sweaters and Children's Wear
11883

HIDE your GREY HAIRS with Imédia, as I did!
There are countless shades that can be obtained through the use of Imédia, and every shade is perfectly natural. Ask your hairdresser.
Agents: EGAL & CIE.
709 Avenue Joffre



WAVOLINE
NEW PROCESS
Machineless Permanent Wave
Have your next "Perm" in comfort
Perfect waves of natural appearance without the discomfort of electrical process.
Obtainable only at
JANS BEAUTY PARLOUR
1149 Bubbling Well Road Telephone 30930

PROPER CARE NOW means SOUND TEETH LATER
As soon as baby's first teeth appear, dentists tell you to brush them at least twice a day with Kolynos.
Kolynos not only keeps the teeth clean and the delicate gums healthy but protects the teeth from the germs that cause tooth decay — no ordinary toothpaste can give this protection.
Brush your baby's teeth regularly with Kolynos and keep them clean and free from infection.
The Kolynos habit, started early in life, helps insure sound teeth later. Children love its pleasant, refreshing taste.
ECONOMIZE—BUY the LARGE TUBE
KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

Summer Prints
BUY NOW!
No Price Increases
Take
THIS OPPORTUNITY!
Lun Chong *Fabrics*
Replaced if colours fade
On sale at all leading stores

THE SPORTS PAGE

Bright Prospects for Good Polo Season This Year

Matches to Begin in a Fortnight; British Team To Be Unusually Strong; Americans Weaker

By "The Chasse"

WITH the Champions over those who take an active interest in the equestrian sports of Shanghai turn to polo and it is expected that polo will commence in a fortnight at the Race Course. There are excellent prospects of a good season with a number of "young bloods" joining the ranks of playing members. The British teams this year will be unusually strong but the Americans unfortunately will suffer the loss of many of their high goal men including Kent Lutey and "Bill" Allman. Their prospects for the "International" look very bleak indeed and to quote "Chuck" Culbertson "I do not think we will have a "look-in" in the game.

Entries for the Army Cup should be good and we will probably see about seven or eight teams competing. The Mixed Grill, the winners of the Reinforcement and Silver Pheasant trophies are the most favoured team to win this year. "Chuck" Culbertson's team will be composed of R. B. Moller, George Lacks and L. R. Moore while Major-General Keith Simmons will also be organizing a team. Other teams will be made up by Major Neville, Comte J. du Rivau and N. F. Allman and there will be plenty of players for them to pick from. The Light Horse will also enter a team, but it is not certain who will compose the team as they have a wealth of players to choose from.

Strong Light Horse Team

The Tyro Cup conditions remain the same as last year and it is difficult to say much until polo gets under way. The Light Horse team for the Tyro Cup may be composed of any of the following players, H. A. White, A. A. White, W. B. Hughes, E. B. Moller, R. Parr, Elles and H. G. Robinson. The American Troop will have to depend on Allman, Riggio, Lacks, Franklin and Clark. It is doubtful that the Troopers will be able to raise a team this year for the Franklin Cup. On paper the Sir Peter Grain Cup appears to be a "push-over" for Great Britain with Col. Hornby and Major Neville in the team. It is the opinion of many that they are the outstanding players in Shanghai today. America will have Culbertson, a valuable hard hitter, in their line up.

The Continent may have some trouble in putting up a team for the Rodger Cup this year but a possible team would be Col. Hornby, Comte du Rivau, L. Scheyven and Krikoriantz.

The committee has had under consideration a suggestion that additional income to meet the increased expenditure with which the Club is likely to be faced during 1940 should be raised by means of a Pony Nomination Fee, rather than by an increase in the annual subscription.

It has been decided to give this scheme a trial, and members are notified that:

(a) All ponies to be played during the 1940 season must be registered by the member playing them.

(b) The following particulars in respect of each pony to be played should be forwarded as soon as possible to Mr. R. J. Elles, Room No. 42, 110 Szechuen Road:—Name; Classification ("Y" or "Z"); Brand number; Height; Colour; Year first played polo (if known); Record in previous years, i.e. matches played in, winning teams, runners-up, and any other relevant information. If not played by present owner, state whom played by. Full details for 1939 are required if possible.

(c) A copy of the register, when completed, will be kept in the Club pavilion and brought up to date after each tournament. It is intended to make use of it on such occasions as the "Sir Peter Grain" Cup match, when information regarding the ponies being played will be printed on programmes. It is also hoped that it will prove of some value when ponies are sold, as a readily-available record of past performance.

(d) A Fee of $5 will be payable in respect of each pony registered. The funds derived from registration fees will be placed towards the general income of the Club, and will not be used to defray the cost of starting the register.

(e) The rule that all playing ponies must be registered will not be applicable to ponies which are being "tried out," but as soon as it is decided to play a pony regularly, it must be registered.

(f) No pony, however, will be eligible to play in any of the Club's tournaments or cup matches unless it has been registered and the fee paid. This rule will be strictly enforced.

Members are reminded of the unwritten rule of the Club whereby no pony that has already played for one team in any of the Club's tournaments is eligible to play for another team in the same tournament. This rule will, in future, be strictly enforced.

Mr. R. J. Elles has been elected Hon. Field Secretary and Mr. G. R. Botelho Hon. Assistant Field Secretary for the season. Mr. Elles' telephone number is 13515 Mr. Botalho's is 10300.

As in previous years matches and chukkers for Saturdays will be made up on the Friday previous. Members must send in their requirements to Mr. Elles before 12 noon on Fridays stating name, number of ponies, chukkers required, etc.

When the ground is open for play, the Club flag will be flown from the flag pole at the Club pavilion; when the ground is closed a red flag will be flown. Notices to this effect will be hung outside the Loongtei and Race Club gates.

For members' convenience a telephone will be installed in the Club pavilion. No. 97187.

Early Morning Practice every day (except Sundays) from sunrise to 8 a.m. as from Monday, May 20 throughout the season.

Play:—

Mondays	3	p.m. to dusk
Tuesdays	4	,, ,, ,,
Wednesdays	4.30	,, ,, ,,
Fridays	4.30	,, ,, ,,
Saturdays	3	,, ,, ,,
Sundays	3	,, ,, ,,

Opening and closing dates of the summer season will open for play on Monday, May 20 and will close on Sunday, September 15, 1940.

Routing of led ponies from the Race Club to the polo Ground: Throughout the summer season, both for early morning practice and afternoon play, ponies will be led anticlockwise from the Race Club exit on the mud training course near the rails of the grass course, to the bridge which gives access to the Polo Ground.

Early morning polo practice and golf: It will be appreciated if members will observe the usual courtesy during early morning practice, with regard to golfers."

Soccer Youngsters May Take Over

Football Clubs at Home Searching Successfully For Young Talent

London, May 9.

In view of the likelihood of a shortage of first-class footballers next season, because most of the players will be in the services, many clubs are putting forward schemes in an effort to attract youngsters who will not be of military age for a season or so.

Leicester City were the first to put forward a really concrete scheme. They offered boys between 15 and 18 years of age a football career, besides undertaking to find them employment or teach them trades during their coaching as a footballer.

The offer met with great response, and youths with football ambitions have crowded the club's offices.

Each was interviewed by manager Tom Bromilow, who is personally to superintend the coaching scheme throughout the summer. The club, it is learned, has already signed 16 boys below 18 years of age.

Promising Youngster

Perhaps the first youngster to be signed under this scheme was T. Rochester, a 17-year-old inside-right from Hexham, Northumberland. He is to be instructed as a costs accountant.

Rochester was a prominent boy footballer at Hexham Grammar School and he matriculated at Durham University. But for the war he would have signed for Portsmouth.

"I interviewed 50 local boys out of nearly 70 who have applied," said Mr. Bromilow, "and I hope to see every one of the 100 applicants who have written to the club. The physique and enthusiasm of these youngsters have created a deep impression."

The club is arranging matches for the boys, as tryouts, with local teams.

Wolves Interested

Wolverhampton Wanderers have always been interested in youngsters, and for a number of seasons their first team has been made up of players just out of the 'teens. As a result Frank Taylor, aged 22, who is at present exempt from military service, will soon be the oldest player in the team, with 18-year-old Goddard the second eldest.

The Wolves are not hard up for players, but they are beginning a search for more young footballers. Very shortly they expect to lose Galley McIntosh, Gardiner and Sidlow, all under the conscription act, and they are looking round for players to take their places.

Instead of importing outsiders they have launched a scheme which they hope will bring them in more stars like Steen, Mullen, Wright, Springthorpe and Thornhill, who are all under twenty.

Wolves are inviting all footballers, with an age limit of 18, to apply at the Molineux grounds for a trial. As soon as sufficient applications have been received practice matches will be arranged.—Reuter.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Wild Girl; 2, Gladiator.
Also ran:—Hei Jen Ya Kiao; Dinna Ken, Boxing Fan, Double Ten.
2 lengths.Time, 18.11.
Win, $15.20. Forecast 3-5 Div. $32.90.
Place, 1st 7.20; 2nd $6.70.
2—300 yd. flat.—1, Lulla Dale; 2, The Pyramid.
Also ran:—Bouzon, Berniedale, Dopey, Ma Cocotte.
1½ length.—Time, 18.12.
Win, $12. Forecast 1-6 Div. $43.80.
Place, 1st $7; 2nd $9.90.
Double Event 1/2 3-1 Div. $14.60.
3—440 yd. flat.—1, Monitor; 2, Gigolo.
Also ran:—Cute Vayabond, Matador, Mercedes, D'Artagnan.
½ length.—Time, 26.79.
Win, $16.10. Forecast 5-4 Div. $61.20.
Place, 1st $10.10; 2nd $10.60.
Double Event 2/3 1-5 Div. $26.30.
4—300 yd. flat.—1, Gold Cap; 2, Advance Guard.
Also ran:—Bowster Boy, My Gal Magasaki, Uranus.
½ length.—Time, 21.29.
Win, $50.30. Forecast 1-5 Div. $127.60.
Place, 1st $12.30; 2nd $8.70.
Double Event 3/4 5-1 Div. $40.30.
5—300 yd. flat.—1, Little Marquis; 2, Go Smiling.
Also ran:—Young Lover, Go By, Outsider, Planet.
1½ length.—Time, 30.78.
Win, $22.40. Forecast 5-3 Div. $46.80.
Place, 1st $10.50; 2nd $8.20.
Double Event 4/5 1-5 Div. $96.70.
6—300 yd. flat.—1, Mademoiselle; 2, Mac Queen.
Also ran:—Bandit, Golden Affair, Young Talgai, Actor.
1 length.—Time, 30.52.
Win, $12.50. Forecast 2-4 Div. $28.30.
Place, 1st $7.40; 2nd $5.
Double Event 5/6 5-2 Div. $16.
7—300 yd. flat.—1, Another Day; 2, Grand Sort.
Also ran:—Tommy Atkins, Madam's Hope, Starting Price, Amethyst.
1 length.—Time, 29.95.
Win, $36.80. Forecast 1-6 Div. $120.60.
Place, 1st $12; 2nd $7.10.
Double Event 6/7 2-1 Div. $55.50.
8—300 yd. flat.—1, Bellrock; 2, Chez Maurice.
Also ran:—Royal Rebel, Funny Business, Albatross, Sans Parole.
½ length.—Time, 30 48.
Win, $11.40. Forecast 6-3 Div. $51.10.
Place, 1st $3; 2nd $11.40.
Double Event 7/8 1-6 Div. $56.40.

Filipino Athletes Await Tokyo Trip

Manila, May 9.

The first contingent of athletes from the Philippines who will compete in the East Asia Athletic Meet in Tokyo next month will leave here Monday for Japan. There are 27 in the group, including members of the tennis, basketball and track and field squads. Another group of 49 will sail on May 26.—Domei.

Winning the Jockey Cup

F. X. Diniz on Man O'Zest is seen winning the Jockey Cup at the S.R.C. just before the Champions on Wednesday.

Preakness Will Be Run Tomorrow

American Turf Classic to Have Big Entry of Three Year Olds

New York, May 9.

The Preakness Stake, popularly known as the second jewel in America's triple crown of the turf, will be run on May 11—one week after the Kentucky Derby. It is an older race than the Derby, a shorter one and a slightly less valuable one, but it has drawn the largest number of nominations attracted by any of the nation's 3-year-old classics.

When the lists closed for the mile and 2/16 event inaugurated at Pimlico on the fringe of Baltimore in 1873, a total of 319 horses was named.

The outstanding colts and fillies named for the Baltimore race and not for the Derby are Bold and Bad, Boy Angler, Calory, Challamore, Epatant, Gooseberry, Lady Greville, Rawson, Ship Biscuit, Straight Lead and Woof Woof.

The history of the Preakness is much the same as that of the Derby. As recently as 1918 it was strictly a sectional race—the best race Maryland offered for 3-year-old horses. A year later, however, the purse was jumped to $25,000 and in 1922 to $50,000. After a decrease during the depression, it has been climbing steadily again. Since A. G. Vanderbilt has headed the Maryland Jockey club, the Preakness has gained its present prominence as one of the top three divisional events in the nation.

First Double Victor

Only six Derby winners have managed to capture the Preakness in the past 50 years, and five of them have done it since 1930. The first double victor was Sir Barton in 1919. He has been followed by Gallant Fox, Burgoo King, Omaha, Bold Venture, and War Admiral.

Although the Preakness is primarily a Maryland race, only three home-bred horses ever have won it. This season it again will be a measuring stick for the Derby winner—to prove if his victory in Kentucky was justified or just an accident, and if he will become the fifth horse in history to take the Belmont Stake later in the season and a holder of the coveted triple crown.—United Press.

Results of Regional League Fixtures

London, May 9.

Following are the results of Regional League fixtures played yesterday:

SOUTH D

Reading 2, Palace 4

SCOTTISH WESTERN

Rangers 3, Clyde 1

SCOTTISH EASTERN

Raith 5, Dundee United 0.—Reuter.

Rugby League Results

London, May 9.

Following are the results of Rugby League matches played yesterday: Featherstone 38 Keighley 8; Bramley 10 Wakefield 42.—Reuter.

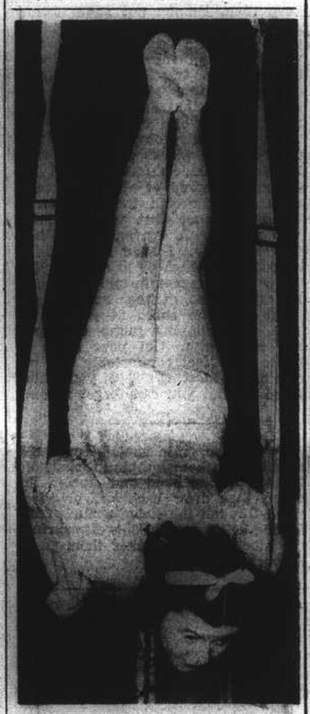
Jumping Season Not To Be Extended

Disappointment Felt at Decision

London, May 9.

The present season of racing under National Hunt rules has been so successful—apart from the big hold-up owing to the weather at the beginning of the war—that it is disappointing that there is to be no extension to make up for the lost days.

It was confidently expected that executives would be able to obtain compensation for their losses during the long spell when racing was impossible by having extra fixtures given to them, but these facilities have not been granted, and the season will come to an end at Ludlow on May 25, eight days earlier than usual.—Reuter.

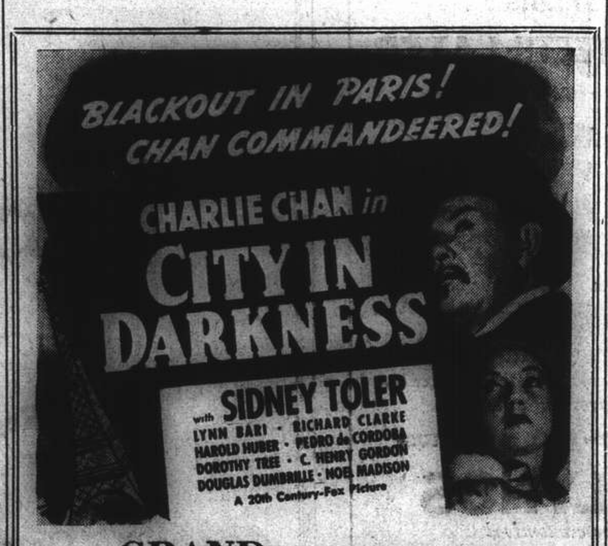


On the Flying Trapeze

Margaret Weissman, U.S. champion gymnast, shows what she can do.

TEL. 70785
DOUMER
9 ETE DOUMER
To-day and To-morrow, at 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15
Gary Cooper and Merle Oberon
"COWBOY and the LADY"
Starting Sunday: FOUR FEATHERS
Alexander Korda Production
In Technicolor

AFAYETTE CINEMA
823 R. Lafayette Phone 81200
To-day at 2.30, 4.45, 7 and 9 p.m.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS Jr. in
"RULERS OF THE SEA"
Sunday Morning at 10.30 a.m.
"POPEYE THE SAILOR"


BLACKOUT IN PARIS!
CHAN COMMANDEERED!
CHARLIE CHAN in
CITY IN DARKNESS
with SIDNEY TOLER
LYNN BARI · RICHARD CLARKE
HAROLD HUBER · PEDRO de CORDOBA
DOROTHY TREE · C. HENRY GORDON
DOUGLAS DUMBRILLE · NOEL MADISON
A 20th Century-Fox Picture
GRAND— OPENS SUNDAY!

Ancient Roman Arena For Modern Sport

Rome, May 9.

The Circus Maximus, it is learned, is to be restored and used again, as in ancient times, for sporting events. It is proposed to stage international contests there. Another circus, the Maxentius, will also be rebuilt shortly.—Reuter.

Yankees Trounced Once Again

Champions Beaten by Indians; Hal Trosky Hits Pair of Home Runs for Winners

New York, May 8.

THE New York Yankees lost their seventh straight game of the year today and settled more firmly into last place, the now undisputed position of the five-year world champions.

In spending the second day of their first last-place sojourn in 11 years, the Yankees also were charged with more defeats than any other team in either league to date.

The Cleveland Indians were the culprits today, winning over the rattled Rifles by a 10-4 score.

Hal Trosky was the pace-setter for the Tribe with a brace of home runs, his sixth and seventh of the year, to give him the lead over Jimmy Foxx in this respect. Trosky's two circuit clouts drove in four of the Indian runs. Rollie Hemsley followed with another home run in the eighth inning after Chapman and Heath had engineered a double steal, Chapman scoring. Heath came in a moment later on Hemsley's four-bagger. Joe Gordon's home run was the one bright spot of the game for Yankee fans.

Red Sox Win

The Boston Red Sox cemented their grip on the league lead by nosing out the Detroit Tigers, 5-4, principally through the yeoman efforts of Lou Finney, who accounted for three of the five runs, driving in two and scoring one himself.

Hank Greenberg collected a home run in the ninth for the Tigers but the sacks were empty at the time.

Barney McCoy, the rookie set free by Commissioner Landis and signed to the Philadelphia Athletics for US$45,000 to make him baseball's highest-salaried labourer for 1940, led the Macks to victory over the St. Louis Browns, 10-8. McCoy clouted a triple and three singles in four trips to the plate. One of his blows came with the sacks loaded.

In the National League, the only two games played saw relatively easy victories for the New York Giants and Boston Bees over the Pittsburgh Pirates and Cincinnati Reds respectively.

Their triumph was the sixth straight for the Bees after seven straight setback opening the season. The Reds dropped a half game further behind the league-leading Dodgers, who drew a day of idleness with the Chicago Cubs because of rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	6	10	0
Washington	3	5	3
Batteries: Smith, C. Brown and Turner; Chase, Carassquel and Jacobs, Evans.			
St. Louis	8	11	1
Philadelphia	10	13	1
Batteries: Kramer, Niggeling, Cox, Trotter and Swift, Susce; Ross, Heusser and Hayes.			
Cleveland	10	14	0
New York	4	9	1
Batteries: Smith, Milnar and Hemsley; Brewer, Donald and Dickey.			
Detroit	4	12	1
Boston	5	12	2
Batteries: Pippin, Corsioa, McKain and Tebbetts; Bagby, Wilson and Dessutels.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

New York	10	17	2
Pittsburgh	6	12	0
Batteries: Melton, Joiner, Schumacher and Danning; Klinger, Bauers, Swigart, Harrell and Davis.			
Boston	10	13	1
Cincinnati	4	10	0
Batteries: Posedel and Lopez; Derringer, Moore, Hutchinson and Lombardi, Herschberger.			

Chicago-Brooklyn rained out.
St. Louis-Philadelphia rained out.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	13	5	.722
Cleveland	10	6	.625
Detroit	11	7	.611
Philadelphia	8	10	.444
St. Louis	7	10	.400
Washington	7	10	.400
Chicago	7	10	.400
New York	6	11	.353

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn	11	2	.846
Cincinnati	11	4	.733
Chicago	9	8	.529
Boston	6	7	.500
New York	6	8	.429
Philadelphia	5	7	.417
Pittsburgh	4	10	.286
St. Louis	4	10	.286

—United Press.

Teeing Off Times At Seekingjao

SATURDAY

12.24 Jenkins, Brisk/Kench, Denton
12.32 Stocker, Cox/McDonald, Paterson
12.44 Smith, Jensen/Brown, Thomson
12.52 Cameron, Smith/Jacobs, McCants
1.04 Ewing, Cowherd/Appelboom, James
1.12 Isherwood, Germ/vice President
1.24 Grubb, Cumming/Widdup, McC
1.32 Walker, Carpenter/Alex., Munn
1.44 Captain/Ross, Openshaw
1.52 Brooks, Avent/Drysdale, Drysdale
2.04 President/Jones, Rodger
2.12 Dwyer, Carson/Kelly, Jensen
2.24 Ferrell, Went./Neumann, Gluckauf
2.32 Chalmers, Wheeler/Underwood, Hill
2.44 Smith, MacF./Engdahl, Schinazi
2.52 King, Jourdin/Rigg, Grubb
3.04 Keating, Patrick/Harper, Kettlewell
3.12 Kelen, Grossman/Vajda, *Grossman*
3.24 *Germ, Harper/Riggs, Coyle*

SUNDAY

8.12 Miners, Dejong/Smith, Stacey
8.24 Isherwood, Drysdale/Appel., Gard.
8.32 To 9.12 Tee Reserved For President's Cup 1940.
8.32 J. Steverson *v.* F. P. Ferrell
8.36 H. H. Cameron *v.* W. H. C. Huggett
8.40 R. D. Bell *v.* A. B. Davis
8.44 A. Germ *v.* W. W. Jourdin
8.48 T. S. Parry *v.* W. M. Chalmers
8.52 A. Pratt *v.* B. J. Wall
8.56 I. F. Aucott *v.* R. T. Dwyer
9.00 L. D. Carson *v.* D. R. Glass
9.04 W. G. Scott *v.* L. Saphiere
9.08 J. F. Brister *v.* F. Cowherd
9.12 J. C. Dickson *v.* P. S. Widdup
9.16 Brown, Thomson/Kench, Parkhill
9.28 Jenkins, Carpenter/Brisk, Ross
9.36 Openshaw, Mangham/Black, Ter.
9.48 Rigden, Hender./Cutting, Brooks
9.56 President/Munro, Allan
10.08 MacFarlane, Fulstow/Russell, Gavin
10.16 McCutcheon, Martin/Stocker, Cox
10.28 Drysdale, Openshaw/Vice President
10.36 *Coyle, Chalmers/Ramsden, Rams*
10.48 Harper, *Harper/Beveridge, Ross*
10.56 Vajda, *Grossman*/Grossman, Kelen
11.08 *Fulstow, Barnett*/Keating, Chuch
11.16 Lamont, Howard/Burnett, Jensen
1.00 To 1.40 Tee Reserved For President's Cup 1940.
1.00 J. Steverson *v.* F. P. Ferrell
1.04 H. H. Cameron *v.* W. H. C. Huggett
1.08 R. D. Bell *v.* A. B. Davis
1.12 A. Germ *v.* W. W. Jourdin
1.16 T. S. Parry *v.* W. M. Chalmers
1.20 A. Pratt *v.* B. J. Wall
1.24 I. F. Aucott *v.* R. T. Dwyer
1.28 L. D. Carson *v.* D. R. Glass
1.32 W. G. Scott *v.* L. Saphiere
1.36 J. F. Brister *v.* F. Cowherd
1.40 J. C. Dickson *v.* P. S. Widdup

Teeing Off Times At Hungjao

SATURDAY

1.16 Meyerink, Savage
1.20 Rector Smith, Pharis, Caulton
1.24 Harrisons
1.28 Prytherch, Merrill
1.32 Marsh, Hawkins
1.36 Maclennan, Ward Smith
1.40 Bond, Arnold, Cheetham
1.44 Fuller, Partner/Sheridans
1.52 Stent, Rounds, Twogood
1.56 Bates, Blackwood, Silby
2.00 Hayim, Col. Swinton
2.04 Gordon, Collett
2.08 Captain's Time
2.12 Macgregor, MacO., Crokam, Kear.
2.16 Nazer, Beith, Gibbings, Pollock
2.20 Smith Wright, C. O. Cumming
2.24 Ovadias, Inneses/Neville, Woolley
2.32 Stephenson, McGolrick
2.36 Wood, Little, Kent, Newman
2.40 Hams, *Riglen*
2.44 King, Bichard, Perry, MacAlister
2.48 Cleland, Hall, Gubbs
2.52 Beveridge, Henderson, McLean
2.56 Laffonds, Andrews/Reynells

SUNDAY

8.04 Hayim, Arnhold/Hudec, Petit
8.24 Murray Kidd, Hill/Howells
8.32 Stacey, Smith/Barraclough, Partner
8.52 Reynell, Gordon/Marsh, Mann
9.04 Gordon, Hawkins/Rounds, Young
9.12 Wen.t, Andr., Ovadia, Smith Wright
9.16 Quick, Way/Robinson, Fuller.
9.28 Maclean, Adamson/Captain's Time
9.36 Beith, Gibbings/Cook, Hawkins
9.48 Kent, Bichard/Cheetham, Jensen
9.56 Graham, Banham/Bartons, Bates
10.08 Harrison, Nazer/Prytherch, Ham
10.16 Mun.-Faure, Bowk., McGol., Dunn
10.24 MacEwen, Partner/Stent, Wilde
10.32 Campbell, Cumming/Steph., Partner
10.44 King, Hind/Bond, Partner
10.52 Collett, Partner/Sheridans
11.04 Maclennan, Forbes

Uptown
To-day at 2.30, 5, 7, and 9.15 p.m.
YOUR FAVORITE FAMILY... THE HARDYS....BACK WITH THEIR TROUBLES!

Sunday Morning! At 10.30 Only!
FRANK BUCK'S SUNGLE THRILL
"FANG AND CLAW"

BATTLING 10,000 YELLING DEMONS LED BY THE RED RAIDER!
GERONIMO!
with a cast of thousands
with PRESTON FOSTER · ELLEN DREW · ANDY DEVINE · WILLIAM HENRY
RALPH MORGAN · GENE LOCKHART · MARJORIE GATESON · KITTY KELLY · MONTE BLUE
Directed by Paul H. Sloan · A Paramount Picture
RETURNING SUNDAY! METROPOL!

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE

TO-MORROW
At 1 p.m.
FIFTH DAY
SPRING RACE MEETING
Twelve Flat Races and One Steeplechase
5th Race—THE GRAND NATIONAL STEEPLECHASE
and
8th Race—THE SEAFORTH CHALLENGE CUP—
Presented by The Officers, 1st Bn., The Seaforth Highlanders,
—AND THE AUSTRAL CHAMPIONS—1¼ Mile
Entrance for Members of Shanghai Race Club and International Recreation Club and holders of Complimentary Tickets, 305 Bubbling Well Road.
Special Guests' Admission Tickets $5 each. Archway Entrance, 304 Mohawk Road. These Tickets give admission to Members' Sections of Grand Stand and Pari-Mutuels, etc.
Entrance for Public, 304A Mohawk Road, Admission $1 each.
Men in uniform admitted free

CASH SWEEP TICKETS
All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races at $20 each.
Special Sweeps on The Inter-Club Champions Sweepstakes Handicap, May 18, 1940, $5.- each chance.
Tickets limited to 10,000.
For further information regarding Sweeps apply to Mr. A. W. OLSEN, 304 Mohawk Road.

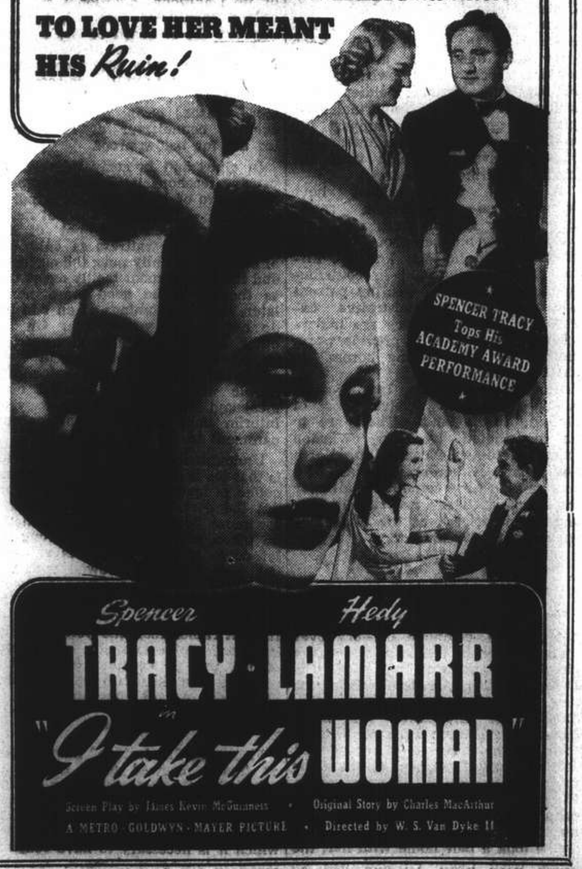
HAI-ALAI
Today at 7.30 P.M.

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road
Telephone 17100
2.30, 5.30, 9
60cts., 80cts., $1.00
TO-DAY!
INSPECTOR HORNLEIGH
Gordon HARKER
Alistair SIM
Sun. to Tuesday
ROARING TWENTIES

GOLDEN GATE
745 Avenue Foch
Telephone 74456
2.30, 5.30, 9
60cts., 80cts., $1.00
TO-DAY!
A CHILD IS BORN
Geraldine FITZGERALD
Jeffrey LYNN
Gladys GEORGE
Sun. to Tuesday
Drums Along The Mohawk

RIALTO
239 Kweichow Road
Telephone 94110
2.30, 5.30, 9
60cts., 80cts., $1.00
TO-DAY!
INVITATION TO HAPPINESS
Irene DUNNE
Fred MacMURRAY
Sun. to Tuesday
BABES IN ARMS

ASTOR
725 Ave Edward VII. Tel. 84056
3 SHOWS TO-DAY!
at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
To-morrow 4 Shows, at 2, 4.30, 7 and 9.15 p.m.
2nd BIG WEEK!
UNCENSORED!
It's your right to know! It's your priviledge to see!
Confessions of a NAZI SPY
Presented by WARNER BROS. with
EDW. G. ROBINSON
FRANCIS LEDERER · George Sanders · Paul Lukas
Henry O'Neill · Directed by ANATOLE LITVAK
BOOK EARLY!
Reservations can only be held till 15 minutes before the Show starts!
(Mat.) $1.20, $1.60, $2.20
NOTE: This picture will not be shown in any other theatre in Shanghai within six months.
(Eve.) $1.40, $2.40, $3.00
Booking at the Theatre from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

ROXY
TEL. 60727
If engaged please dial 60199
TO-DAY!
at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

TO Love HIM MEANT HER Salvation!
TO LOVE HER MEANT HIS Ruin!
SPENCER TRACY Tops His ACADEMY AWARD PERFORMANCE
Spencer Tracy
Hedy Lamarr
"I take this Woman"
Screen Play by James Kevin McGuinness · Original Story by Charles MacArthur
A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE · Directed by W. S. Van Dyke II

Japan Unconcerned Over American Fleet Decision

Basing of Main Body of U.S. Fleet at Hawaii Evokes Sympathy from Navy Spokesman

Tokyo, May 9.

THE decision of the United States Navy Department to station the main body of the American Fleet in Hawaiian waters, Japanese Foreign Minister Hachiro Arita's statement on the maintenance of the *status quo* in the Netherlands East Indies, and a Chungking message reporting an alleged Japanese aerial bombardment of a hospital at Kweiyang, capital of Kweichow Province, today were the subjects of queries by foreign correspondents during the weekly naval press conference here.

Questioned regarding the announcement made by Admiral Harold Stark, American Chief of Naval Operations, that the main body of the United States Fleet would remain in Hawaiian waters for an indefinite period, Rear-Admiral Masao Kanazawa, spokesman of the Japanese Navy Office declared that the Japanese Navy felt no great concern over the American decision.

The spokesman added that it represented, however, "another manifestation" of anti-Japanese demonstration. Rear-Admiral Kanazawa declared that the decision of the American naval authorities was known here beforehand.

Sympathy for Sailors

Recalling the fact that naval manœuvres in the summer time were most trying, the spokesman sympathized with the officers and men of the American Fleet who will have to be on duty under a semi-tropical sun in Hawaiian waters.

Questioned about the Navy's attitude toward the statement made by Mr. Arita, Foreign Minister, on April 15 on the maintenance of the *status quo* in the Netherlands East Indies, Rear-Admiral Kanazawa declared that the navy upheld without reserve the Arita statement and believed the same way the Foreign Minister did.

Asked by an American correspondent whether or not the American Navy's decision was made as a result of the Arita statement, which in turn had been issued as a sequel to persistent rumours that the Netherlands East Indies would be placed under American protection in the event of Dutch involvement in the European war, the spokesman declared that he could not see any casual relation between the American rumour and the Arita statement, or between the Arita statement and the American navy's decision.

Extremely Delicate

Rear-Admiral Kanazawa stressed that National policies were too deep and too serious to be affected by mere rumours. He pointed out that the situation between Japan and the United States was extremely delicate and complicated. He further asked for a cool attitude on the part of the statesmen of both countries and at the same time voiced the hope that the United States would try to deepen its understanding of the Far Eastern situation.

Regarding Chinese accusations emanating from Chungking that the Japanese air force had bombed a hospital in Kweiyang, capital of Kweichow Province, on April 30, the spokesman declared that the Japanese Navy had dismissed the report as "entirely false."

Rear-Admiral Kanazawa then quoted an American news agency message from Chungking on April 30 which reported that Japanese air units had raided Kweiyang and had dropped bombs in the centre of the city where the central hospital was struck, resulting in 500 casualties.

The spokesman, dismissing the report as a fabrication, pure and simple, pointed out that the Japanese naval air force did not even visit Kweiyang on April 30, but attacked a point some 10 kilometres away from the city and destroyed a train of military motor lorries.—Domei.

Reason for Decision

San Francisco, May 9.

The United States decision to keep the American Fleet in Hawaiian waters is stated by reliable sources to be due to "its failure to work out defence problems there." It is added that the Fleet was "attacked" and theoretically badly damaged by "invading" aircraft.

Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, on Tuesday announced that the main body of the United States Fleet would remain in Hawaiian waters for an indefinite period.—Reuter.

Seen as Warning

New York, May 9.

The extended stay in Hawaiian waters of the United States fleet announced by the Navy Department on Tuesday constitutes a warning to Japan and other powers interested in the Far East that America is ready to oppose any possible change in the status of the Dutch East Indies in case of German invasion of the Netherlands, political observers here said today.

The further stay of the U.S. fleet in the mid-Pacific was seen as a political step taken by the Washington authorities only after careful study of both European and Far Eastern developments, they also said.—Domei.

Det.-Sergt. Park Honoured

Presentations Made to Police Officer

Det.-Sergt. G. R. Park, whose resignation from the Shanghai Municipal Police becomes effective today, was the recipient yesterday afternoon, of a beautiful silver tea-set, suitably engraved, presented to him by Mr. V. Sharman, Assistant Commissioner, on behalf of the members of the S.M.P.

An attractive silver cigarette box from the foreign detectives was also given to him while this morning he is to be presented with a silver cocktail shaker on behalf of the Chinese detectives.

In addressing the large gathering of Mr. Park's friends who had come to the canteen at Louza Police Station to attend the presentation, Mr. Sharman voiced the unanimous feeling that Mr. Park's departure was universally regretted by all members of the force but that since it was caused by things beyond the control of anyone, his many friends wished Mr. Park to accept the gifts which were about to be given to him, as a small token of the high esteem in which he was being held.

In reply, Mr. Park pointed out that he would not have left Shanghai had it not been made necessary through various circumstances. He had enjoyed working with his colleagues for the past six years and wished them every success for the future.

Mr. Park joined the S.M.P. on March 12, 1934, and is leaving Shanghai with Mrs. Park on Tuesday for the United States.

Cotton Mill Manager's Car Found in Wayside

Packard is Abandoned On Ward Road

The Packard motor car, licence 3233, in which Mr. Yoong Eeg-zung, manager of the Sung Sing No. 2 Cotton Mills, was last seen on the morning of May 2, was found abandoned on Ward Road yesterday morning. Nothing has been heard of Mr. Yoong, however, and police investigations are being feverishly continued.

Mr. Yoong, it will be recalled, left his home at Lane 1081, Bubbling Well Road, at about 8.30 a.m. a week ago yesterday and was on his way to the plant which is situated on Brenan Piece. When he failed to return to his home for tiffin, members of his family telephoned the factory and on hearing that he had not been in, they informed the police.

At first it was believed that Mr. Yoong may have gone to attend to some private business which might have detained him longer than he had anticipated. By nightfall it became more or less certain that he had been either kidnapped or otherwise illegally detained.

The discovery of the car yesterday, sheds a different light on the affair since it is believed to be an almost certain sign of his having been kidnapped. Investigations made by the "North-China Daily News" yesterday revealed that Mr. Yoong's family has not heard from him or his captors, thus increasing the mystery surrounding the affair.

$2,000 Taken from Butcher Shop

Money, jewellery and clothing estimated to be worth $2,000 were stolen at 8 p.m. yesterday when three armed men forced their way into a Chinese pork butcher's shop at 678, Tongshan Road and, after intimidating the occupants, gathered their loot on the first floor of the building.

Before leaving, one of the gunmen fired a shot in the air presumably to intimidate the occupants so that they would not raise an alarm. By the time a police party from Wayside station arrived on the scene, no trace of the criminals could be found.

China's Confidence In the Dollar

Chungking Said Able to Maintain Value Above 3d.; Cause of Decline

Chungking, May 9.

Confidence that the Chinese Government will be able to maintain the value of the Chinese dollar above 3d. is expressed in a special article in this morning's "China Times," which is generally regarded as closely associated with Chinese financial circles. The recent slump in the Chinese dollar, it says, was entirely due to an excess of imports over exports.

Reviewing conditions of Chinese exchange, the newspaper states: "Early last year, due to an unusual excess of imports over exports, the Chinese Exchange Stabilization Fund withdrew support, resulting in Chinese exchange reaching the low levels of 3⅞ for sterling and 6⅛ for United States dollars.

"Later, due to a readjustment of China's foreign trade and the European situation, Chinese dollars improved, reaching in early November 5⅞ for sterling and 9¼ for United States dollars. "Chinese exchange eased in the latter part of November, and continued to decline until the middle of February, when the Chinese Exchange Stabilization Fund once more supported the dollar, maintaining the rate at 4⅛ for sterling.

Excess of Imports

"But this April the excess of imports over exports further increased. For Shanghai alone, in the first quarter of the present year the excess of imports over exports amounted to £4,500,000

"This exerted a strong pressure on the Shanghai exchange market. The Chinese Stabilization Fund withdrew support on May 2, but the rates improved starting from May 4. There is every reason to believe that the rates will continue to improve. "The slump in the Chinese dollar will further discourage imports, and may result in an improvement in China's trade balance.

"Meanwhile, remittances from Chinese overseas are increasing. It is estimated that these total approximately $1,200,000,000 a year. "The Chinese dollar still has its purchasing value in the interior of China. Last August, when the dollar took a sudden slump, many people were deeply concerned over the future of the dollar, which, however, steadily recovered. The present slump is a temporary result of the withdrawal of support by the Stabilization Fund. It is fully expected that the rate will be maintained above 3d."—Reuter.

Problem Discussed in Tokyo

Tokyo, May 9.

Members of the China Affairs Board met here today in the presence of Premier Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai and other Cabinet ministers in a lengthy discussion of Chinese currency problems, particularly those touching the recent fall of the Chungking dollar.

Among those in attendance was Mr. Kazuo Aoki, former Finance Minister and now serving as economic adviser to Gen. Nobuyuki Abe, Japanese Envoy to the reorganized National Government of China.

The conferences were reported to have agreed on various Sino-Japanese economic questions but details were not revealed. Mr. Aoki will leave here later this month for Nanking where he is expected to confer with financial leaders in the new Government.—Domei.

SATISFACTORY results are said (to have been achieved in the reafforestation work sponsored by the Kwangsi Provincial Government, says a Kweilin message to the "Shun Pao." During 1939, it was revealed, 1,021,122 mow of land were reserved for the planting of 32,219,068 saplings. A total of 56,501 mow of arable land and 12,980,454.99 mow of waste land was reserved for tree-planting, the report adds.

New Chinese Envoy to Leave for Moscow

Chungking, May 9.

Mr. Shao Li-tze, newly-appointed Chinese Ambassador to Russia, is expected to leave shortly after May 20 for Moscow, accompanied by his wife and two secretaries, according to Chinese press reports.

General Ho Yao-tsu, the retiring Ambassador, is expected to leave Moscow at the end of this month on his way back to China.—Reuter.

Mr. Roosevelt Wins In California

Easy Victory in Primary Election Over Garner And Other Rivals

Washington, May 9.

Democratic forces seeking a third term for President Roosevelt won an easy victory in California's primary elections yesterday, as the rivals of the 1936 presidential campaign, Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Alfred M. Landon, planned talks with two of the 1940 aspirants which may clarify the status of the candidates, the issues upon which they will base their platforms and the strategy which each party will use in conducting the campaign.

Mr. Roosevelt will meet Senator Burton K. Wheeler, Montana Democrat and Democratic aspirant, Monday, ostensibly to discuss legislative affairs, while Mr. Landon will confer at Topeka May 19 with Senator Robert Taft, Ohio Republican and Republican candidate.

At Tuesday's primaries in Florida, the New Deal Senator Charles O. Andrews piled up a large lead in the six-man Senatorial race. A run-off against the publisher, Mr. Bernard McFadden, is necessary, however.

South Dakota delegates were not instructed, but they were claimed by Postmaster-general Mr. James A. Farley.

In the Alabama primaries Senator Joe Starnes trailed his opponent Judge Alfred Hawkins.

Republicans pledged to support the Townsend pension plan suffered several defeats in Indiana, notably in the second district where Representative Charles A. Halleck won over Mr. Fred Landis.—United Press.

Briton Sues American Securities Corp.

Mr. T. Hunter in Replevin Suit in U.S. Court

Mr. Tobias Hunter, British manager of Geddes Trading & Dairy Farm Co., Ltd., brought action against the American Securities Corporation (China) before Commissioner N. E. Lurton in the United States Consular Court yesterday, seeking the recovery of the plaintiff's personal property which, he claimed, was unlawfully held by the defendants. The plaintiff was represented by Mr. J. B. Davies of Allman, Davies & Kops, while Mr. Myron Wiener of Rodger and Wiener appeared for the defendants.

The property in question is 1,250 shares of Chemor United Rubber Co., valued at $5,000. The plaintiff alleges that he bought the shares in 1937 for local currency and that the defendants tried to demand payment in pounds sterling. The plaintiff said that he had paid one cent a month interest for each share.

At the conclusion of the plaintiff's case, Mr. Wiener moved that the case be dismissed on the grounds that the plaintiff had failed to make a *prima facie* case. The court overruled this motion and ordered the trial to proceed. The hearing was adjourned until 2 p.m. on Friday.

Shanghai Customs Aids New Regime

Favourable Balance Shown During April; Central Bank Fund to Be Formed

Nanking, May 9.

With the maritime custom revenue in Shanghai alone totalling more than $22,000,000 the reorganized National Government of China enjoyed a favourable balance of trade during the month of April, the first month since its return to Nanking.

Although complete figures were not available today, last month's total revenue of the new central administration was expected to exceed that of the former Nanking Reformed Government and Peking Provisional Government, quarters close to the Finance Ministry said. Customs revenue reports from North China and other parts of the country had not been received here up to today.

The Executive Yuan of the National Government in its first meeting in April set Government expenditures during that month at $16,000,000 it was recalled.

The Shanghai maritime customs revenue amounted to more than $22,000,000 leaving a considerable margin after the payment of the customs office expenses and the anticipated outlay for foreign loans and indemnities. Expenses of the office of the Inspector-General of the Customs were also paid from the customs revenue for the first time.

The salt revenue was steadily increasing as the new central administration strengthened its control over salt production in Central and North China, financial circles said.

April's $16,000,000 outlay was directed mainly toward such projects as the maintenance of peace and order, relief for Chinese refugees and the organization of the Peace and National Reconstruction Army, it was explained.

The greater part of the surplus will go into a fund for the establishment of a Central Bank of China, which an additional fund will be created for the redemption of foreign loans, it was understood.—Domei.

Czechs Leave Britain For French Front

To Join Czechoslovak Army Now in France

London, May 9.

The first contingent of Czechoslovak volunteer troops to leave Britain proceeded to France yesterday. It will be consolidated with the Czechoslovak Army there, under the command of General Maurice Gamelin, Commander-in-Chief of the Allied forces in France.

The volunteers wore civilian clothes, but their officers wore Czech uniforms. The volunteers assembled before the Czech Legation here and then marched to Belgrave Square, where a message was read to them from the President of the former Czechoslovak Republic, Mr. Edouard Benes.

"The whole Czechoslovak nation, in its temporary supression, is fixing its hopes of independence on the army abroad," the message said.—United Press.

FORD HIRE CAR SERVICE 30189

HUNGARIA
NIGHT CLUB RESTAURANT
WILL BE CLOSED
TO-DAY
being reserved for a
PRIVATE PARTY
272 Yu Yuen Road.

WHY WORRY?
We shall settle the EXCHANGE in
BaLaLaIKa
Nightly:
LILLY FLOHR TALIA BALLI
WALTER NEVENS
Excellent food is waiting for you.
Let us enjoy your company.
1002 Avenue Joffre Reservations Telephone 73041

HINDS & BARR

Turf Accountants and Commission Agents

100 Central Arcade Telephones: 15154, 15155

CANIDROME RESULTS

Thursday, May 9, 1940

Race	Placed Dogs 1st	Placed Dogs 2nd	Forecast Pool $5 Dividends	Forecast Pool $2 Dividends	Course Double Events
1	3	5	32.90	13.10	$2 D/Events
2	1	6	43.80	17.50	Race 1-2 $ 14.60
3	5	4	61.20	24.40	,, 2-3 $ 26.30
4	1	5	127.60	51.00	,, 3-4 $ 40.30
5	5	3	46.90	18.70	,, 4-5 $ 96.70
6	2	4	28.30	11.30	,, 5-6 $ 16.00
7	1	6	120.60	48.20	,, 6-7 $ 55.50
8	6	3	51.10	20.40	,, 7-8 $ 56.40
9	—	—	—	—	,, 8-9 $ ——
10	—	—	—	—	,, 9-10 $ ——
11	—	—	—	—	,, 10-11 $ ——
12	—	—	—	—	,, 11-12 $ ——

Last Night's Highest Dividends:

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 4 dog No. 1-5 Div. $127.60

$2 Course Double Events Races 4/5 dog No. 1-5 Div. $96.70

MARX BROS. AT THE CIRCUS
HENRY WITH FLORENCE
BAKER · RICE
Directed by Edward Buzzell
A Mervyn Le Roy Production

GRAND (TELEPHONE 32223)
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
Ethics can't stop him...
His brother can't stop him...
GRAND JURY SECRETS
with
JOHN HOWARD
GAIL PATRICK
William Frawley · Harvey Stephens
FROM REVEALING THE YEAR'S MOST SHOCK-STUDDED DYNAMITE DRAMA!
Also: Latest Paramount News—"CUSTOMERS WANTED"—Popeye the "SAILOR" Cartoon

CATHAY (TELEPHONE 31111)
TO-DAY ONLY! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THRILLS THAT MAKE THE HEART STAND STILL!
Richard ARLEN
Andy DEVINE
in
DANGER ON WHEELS
with
Peggy MORAN · Herbert CORTHELL · Mary TREEN · Jerry MARLOWE
ADDED ATTRACTIONS:
"STRANGER THAN FICTION"
"PATIO SERENADE" (Musical)
"ONE ARMED BANDIT" (CARTOON)
DOWNTOWN BOOKING AT SAM LAZARO BROTHERS!

NANKING
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
Merle looks at a new angle and turns tradition upside down!
ALEXANDER KORDA presents
MERLE OBERON in
Robert E. Sherwood's New Comedy
Over the Moon
IN TECHNICOLOR
with REX HARRISON
URSULA JEANS · LOUIS BORELL
directed by THORNTON FREELAND
Released thru United Artists
The lovely star of "Wuthering Heights" in a gay comedy written especially for her by America's foremost playwright, Robert E. Sherwood, author of "Idiot's Delight" and "Abe Lincoln in Illionois"
$1.20, $1.60, $2.20 $1.20, $1.80, $2.40, $3.00
Also: "British Lion Varieties"—"Unusual Occupations" in colour

METROPOL (TELEPHONE 93322)
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
JAMES CAGNEY in his most perfect role
PRISCILLA LANE More wonderful than ever
SHOCK-CRAMMED DAYS THAT G-MEN TOOK TEN WHOLE YEARS TO LICK!
"THE ROARING TWENTIES"
HUMPHREY BOGART
GLADYS GEORGE
JEFFREY LYNN
FRANK McHUGH · PAUL KELLY
Directed by RAOUL WALSH
A WARNER BROS. Picture
Written by the man who knew it best ... MARK HELLINGER!
ADMISSION PRICES AT THIS THEATRE:
MATINEE: 90 cts., $1.20, $1.60 EVENING: $1, $1.30, $1.60, $2.00
BOOKING AT THE THEATRE FROM 8.30 a.m. to 10 p.m.

OPENS TO-MORROW!
BETWEEN THE HEADLINES
WARS ARE WAGED!
BRITISH BOMB KIEL CANAL
And England's airmen fly out into the night to drop their first bombs of the new World War!
NAZI AIR RAID REPULSED
As London vibrates from the scream of the air-raid sirens and the famous balloon barrage goes up!
PLANES BATTLE OVER BRITAIN
But Britain's men remain calm; and their women prepare again to make the sacrifice of war!
THE LION HAS WINGS
an ALEXANDER KORDA production
with MERLE OBERON · RALPH RICHARDSON
JUNE DUPREZ · ROBERT DOUGLAS · ANTHONY BUSHELL · DERRICK DeMARNEY
Story by Ian Dalrymple · Distributed by UNITED ARTISTS

For Health and Energy
TRADE 'KEPLER' MARK
COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract
It contains beneficial natural vitamins vital to all children.
It strengthens the teeth.
It increases resistance to illness.
It leads to mental and physical alertness.
Bottles of two sizes, all Chemists and Stores
BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(PROPRIETORS: THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD., LONDON, ENG.)
LONDON AND SHANGHAI
Copyright

I am looking into the thing called appearance and find . . .

The well dressed man doesn't need a lot of clothes: he just has to keep the clothes he does own fastidiously dry cleaned. Personally—I find your fast and reliable service perfect!

O. K. CLEANERS DRY CLEANERS, DYERS AND CARPET CLEANERS

Telephone 74127

Business Office.....1839 Avenue Joffre
Works and storing.....Hong Yeh Lee
Route Picard Destelan

Owing to the high cost of imported chemicals we are compelled to increase our charges by 20 per cent. effective from to-day, May 10.

牌角鯉

Quality Sole Leather

gives you ENDURANCE AND PLEASURE

Scientifically manufactured with modern process under expert supervision, Kuen Yu sole leather is much more durable, bright and smooth than any other product. It is free from disagreeable smell.

Sample will be sent upon request

中南製革廠

Manufacturers:

CHUNG NAN TANNERY

The Largest Tannery in China

Office: 116 Route Winling Telephone 77202
Factory: 40 Amherst Avenue Telephone 21345

HEALTH-RAYS "SUN" LAMP

LOOK HEALTHY!
BE HEALTHY!!

Purchased at $15 per month.
CAN BE HIRED

Call and see it at
HEALTH-RAYS, LIMITED
45 Denis Apartments
770 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 33837

T. MACDONALD & CO.

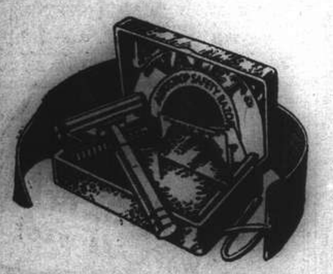
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS—1076 SINZA RD.

All Kinds of Monuments in Stock Telephone 30466

WHY YOU SHOULD BUY A VALET AUTOSTROP RAZOR

It is economical. A few Valet blades will give you a whole year's shaving.

The NEW Valet 99 Set illustrated here consists of an improved Valet self-stropping razor, strop and three blades in a hygienic moulded case. It is a bargain.



'VALET'

H3

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION BUILDING MATERIALS

FIRE BRICKS
FIRECLAY
"HYTEMPITE" *Special Fire Cement*
FACE BRICKS
PAVING BLOCKS *for Roads, Courtyards, Stables, Godowns, etc.*
DRAIN PIPES *Glazed inside and out*

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
3rd Floor, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building,
12 The Bund, Entrance Foochow Road, Tel. 11070

COOK'S

FOR

SHIPPING AND FORWARDING

Customs formalities attended to at Shanghai and at destination.

PACKING—INSURANCE—STORAGE

CUSTOMS CLEARANCE
OF INWARD PARCELS OR CONSIGNMENTS

PASSENGER'S BAGGAGE
collected from residence and placed on board any outgoing steamer.

Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd.

FORWARDING AGENTS—LICENSED CUSTOMS BROKERS
119 Nanking Road Tel. 15335 (Extn. No. 9)

INTERNATIONAL FUNERAL DIRECTORS

207 Kiaochow Road Telephone 34220

Representatives for "Rock of Ages" Memorials

INSURANCE

AFIA AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

Joint Branch of Sixteen Leading Companies

51 CANTON ROAD
Main Office for China

JAMES NICHOLS
Manager for China

THE CHUNG YA BANK, LTD.,

515 Honan Road, Shanghai

Capital $5,000,000

ANNOUNCES

OPENING OF BUSINESS

TO-DAY

Banking, Savings, and Trust business of every description transacted.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling and other currencies as well as in local currency.

-7928

why

you should refuse inferior insecticides and demand...

FLIT

Flit is sure death to insects because it is a combination of potent killing agents which cannot be excelled. Every tin of Flit contains a product which has undergone the most exhaustive tests and is of known definite killing power. That's why you should always insist on Flit — and refuse all inferior substitutes. Flit spray will not stain, and is harmless to humans. To be sure you get Flit, look for the soldier on the sealed yellow tin with the black band.

H 14

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

THE CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND (Shanghai).

Donations and subscriptions, large and small, and in local or foreign Currencies, should be sent to

G. H. STACEY ESQ. (*Hon. Treasurer*)
care of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

SIGNIFICANT DIVISION

Quite an interesting position has been created in London as a result of the debate upon the Government's conduct of the campaign in Norway, and the division on the motion to adjourn, which Mr. Chamberlain accepted as a test of the confidence of the House of Commons in his leadership. It was a snap challenge on the part of the Opposition, and it speaks well for Mr. Chamberlain's courage that he did not hesitate to take it up. The figures of the division are very significant. Not only did the Government secure the smallest majority since 1931, but the fact that forty-four Government supporters, including Messrs. Alfred Duff Cooper and Leslie Hore Belisha, voted against Mr. Chamberlain, while some fifty or sixty others abstained from voting, indicates that the Government whips were unable to control the situation. Consequently the Government received a setback the importance of which may not be realized for a few days to come. As the position now stands revealed somewhere about one hundred normal supporters of the Government, either by positively voting, or refraining from doing so, have openly expressed their criticism of the manner in which the Cabinet conducted the attempt to assist the Norwegians in south Norway. On the figures Mr. Chamberlain is still in control of the House of Commons, and perhaps on any other subject than the Norwegian campaign would still command the big majority which he has had since he came into power, but the fact that so many of his followers have voted in the way they have, must force him seriously to consider whether he is justified in remaining in office. He is in no way bound to resign, and the indications are that he is inclined to hold on to the reins of control, reforming his ministry to mollify the critics who have attacked him. Should he do so he would be amply justified, for, if the Cabinet is to be changed every time British or Allied forces meet with a reverse, the whole situation will be reduced to an absurdity. That most certainly did not occur in the last war, and should not be allowed to occur in this.

Already there is speculation as to who might be Mr. Chamberlain's successor. Apparently the most likely candidate is Lord Halifax. That he has qualifications for the post is undoubted, and it may be possible under him to broaden the basis of representation in a new Cabinet to include those members of the Opposition who because of personal antagonism to the Prime Minister, and his two closest associates, Sir John Simon and Sir Samuel Hoare, refuse to serve under Mr. Chamberlain's leadership. If in view of that fact he decides to resign it will be all part and parcel of the manner in which he has sacrificed himself in the past for the good of his country, and the way in which he has unflinchingly followed policies which he believed were for its good. There should be no mistake about it; the direct heir of the muddle in which British defences were left as a result of the policies of the Labour Government, and the administration under Earl Baldwin which followed it, Mr. Chamberlain was forced to make decisions for which he was roundly criticized at the time. His conduct of British policy vis-à-vis of Germany gave the Allies much breathing space in which to make good the deficiencies which the slackness of previous administrations had permitted to exist, and, if it is only because of that fact, he will have established a reputation as an able and careful leader which will last for all time. That there will be some objection to Lord Halifax succeeding Mr. Chamberlain should the latter choose to resign, may be taken for granted. Not the least drawback will be that he will have to handle Parliament from the House of Lords, and leave the House of Commons to a deputy. That has been done in the past, but it has about it inconveniences which would be less noticeable in times of peace than they would be in times of war. It is almost absolutely essential that whoever is Prime Minister should be in direct touch with the House of Commons, and Lord Halifax would most certainly be not. On the other hand if it is the case that Opposition members would be prepared to serve under him, the establishment of what would be a national coalition of all parties might modify the situation to such an extent that Lord Halifax would be able to assume office in spite of the disadvantage indicated.

From all the speeches which were made during the debate, most of which so far as the Opposition were concerned were typical of political destructive criticism and polemic oratory rather than real contributions to the study of British policy, only one constructive idea appears to have emerged. That strangely enough came from Mr. Duff Cooper, who argued in favour of the establishment of an inner Cabinet, including, if possible, a Dominion statesman in the rôle of Overseas Minister. There is everything in the world to commend such an idea. While it may be true that the British Isles are the spearhead of the imperial resistance to German aggression, it is also a fact that the Empire at large is wholly behind the British Government in its determination, and is pulling its weight in the common cause. It would indeed be a splendid thing if the Empire were to know that the decisions of the Cabinet were made by a body of men in which it was properly and effectively represented. There might be some difference of opinion as to from which Dominion such an imperial representative should be selected, but that is a matter which should not be incapable of a solution satisfactory to all concerned. There are great men in each of the Dominions who command the confidence and respect of the whole of the Empire, and it would be highly satisfactory if one of them were actively taking part in the control of the conduct of the war. That suggestion obviously demands careful consideration, and it is to be hoped that something of this nature will be done, as demonstrating how solidly the Empire is standing behind Great Britain. It is just possible that before these lines appear in print Mr. Chamberlain may have gone to the King and handed in his resignation. There are still many who will regret it if this turns out to be the case, many who admire the courage and steadfastness of the man, who, despite the execration which followed Munich and the betrayal, followed the policy which he believed to be right, and who by doing so has proved himself much bigger than his critics. On the other hand he may not. Should that prove to be the case it may be taken for granted that the Opposition will still loyally do all they can to assist his Government in the prosecution of this war to the successful conclusion which the Allies confidently expect.

More Power to Him

"More power to him" will be the wish of his many Shanghai friends on the news of the appointment of Mr. H. A. Scott, who was formerly Canadian Trade Commissioner in this port, to the secretaryship of the Advisory Board of the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan. This appointment carries with it a number of grave responsibilities, and those who knew Mr. Scott during his all too short stay in Shanghai will be agreed that he is fully capable of shouldering them. The supervisory board has been established in Canada for the general supervision of the Joint Empire Air Training Plan. According to an announcement made by the Canadian Prime Minister, the board is chiefly responsible for the financial administration of the plan, but part of its duties will be the inspection of the organization set up to carry out the plan and the estimate of the progress being made. Mr. Scott is doubly fitted to carry out such a task, since his career in the Department of Trade and Commerce of the Canadian Government, which includes appointments in Liverpool and Buenos Aires, in addition to Shanghai, should enable him to supervise the financial side; while his service during the Great War with the Royal Naval Air Service should give him expert background for inspection of the actual work being carried out under the plan. During the 1937 troubles in Shanghai, Mr. Scott, since there was no trade in the port for the first few weeks of the fighting around the city, devoted a lot of energy to assisting in the defence of the foreign areas, and more than once made venturesome trips into territory open to bombardment or bombing at any moment. Before this new appointment he had been in London for a year, on special duty as a trade commissioner. No doubt, while in the Empire's metropolis he was able to bring his air knowledge up to date, by becoming acquainted with the latest developments in training technique. This technique is changing rapidly, as war experience teaches the instructors.

Among the Chinese

There has been considerable discussion lately regarding the Chinese rickshaw puller who, at the bottom end of the social and economic scale, deserves more sympathy and assistance than he gets, although a few out of the tens of thousands abuse public patronage. These polemics occur from time to time through concentration on particular cases, and therefore the whole discussion is thrown out of proper perspective. But it is incorrect to say that the howling, sprawling, quarrelling experiences on the street are symptomatic of Chinese labour in Shanghai. An incident on the Bund yesterday should be an example to those who refuse to believe that assistance and common courtesy are absent in this city. A Chinese coolie had his hat blown off his head by one of the sudden gusts of wind stirring up the city's dust yesterday. He was pulling a foreigner and his hat fell accurately on the tram track in the path of the oncoming tram and destruction appeared inevitable. To a man of such low pay to whom the loss of a hat would be costly, the first step ought to have been to stop his rickshaw immediately, abandon his customer and run to retrieve his hat. Instead, with that smile characterising most rickshaw pullers, he carefully drew up his rickshaw alongside the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, and the tram conductor, noticing the incident and the probable loss, stopped his tram for a few brief seconds, which enabled the puller to rescue his hat. It would be interesting to consider if such co-operation and common decency could have occurred elsewhere in the world.

Need for Vigilance

One of the most interesting features of the debate in the House of Commons, which ended on Wednesday, centres round the manner in which the developments following the landing of Allied forces in Norway were so enthusiastically reported, chiefly from Stockholm. That capital was obviously the place from which most of the early news would originate, and those responble for despatches emanating therefrom seem to have been entirely carried away. The result was that the whole of the world was completely misled as to the situation, and to some extent the Allied statesmen. That the British Ministers were able to rise in the House of Commons and make the admissions they did must doubtless have come as a considerable surprise to many, but there is one aspect of the situation of which sight should not be lost. The original mistakes appear to have been made innocently enough, and while the enemy will seek to make as much as possible over the errors committed, that will be offset by the complete frankness with which the Government took the House of Commons into its confidence this week. There has been no attempt to gloze over the setback. The explanations as to why there was a failure are wholly convincing, and there is nothing whatever to justify belief that the Government has held anything back. Out of it all emerges the one important fact of which all small neutrals adjacent to Germany should take note. The initiative resting with the Reich as to what shall be the next development, they must at all times be on their guard, and prepared to defend themselves strenuously from the very outset. It may be impossible for the Allies to render them the assistance they are only too willing to do unless adequate time is given them to go to their aid. It is realized that it would be a departure from their neutrality to enter into military conversations providing for Allied intervention in the event of a German onslaught, but the success of any such intervention depends very largely upon the time given the Allies in which to come to their aid. The present German propaganda campaign is undoubtedly designed to lull the neutrals into a false sense of security. Sweden has been given soft assurances by Herr Hitler in which it would be the most criminal folly to place any reliance whatever. Assurances are frequently given that neither in the Lowlands, nor in the Balkans have the Germans nefarious ideas. Those countries do not appear to be very much deceived about the whole trend of affairs, but, unless they look to their own borders, and the strangers within their gates, they may find this twentieth century version of the Trojan horse repeated to their own disadvantage.

The New "Morality"

It is indeed interesting to read some of the articles which appear in the various German magazines, no small number of which express the smuggest complacency. Thus in a recent issue of the leading monthly magazine of the Hitler Youth "Wille und Macht" the editors devote a great deal of space to Shakespeare, in an article which represents the present struggle between Germany and Britain, to that of Shakespeare's time between England and Spain. But the Nazis contemplate carrying on without Shakespeare, though it is pointed out that "German trusteeship for Shakespeare has become so much of a blessing that it would betoken nothing short of an irresponsibility to interrupt this trusteeship." When, or through whom the Germans accepted the trusteeship for Shakespeare has not been made plain, but it is gratifying to know that, though they are determined to get along without the great English playwright and poet, they will nevertheless continue their arduous duties as trustee for him. The reason for seeking to get along without him is that "Germany's day has arrived," and that the German is "appointed to shape occidental morality, to establish his empire in the middle of Europe, and after suffering injustice and persecution, at last put the people of the middle into his heritage. The claim is prodigious, the battle hard, yet no harder than the one England won against Spain." The likening of Elizabethan England's rôle in the sixteenth century to that being played by Germany in this, is just the sort of impertinence to be expected of a thick-skinned people who have the audacity to claim protection over Shakespeare and his works. England had to protect herself against the wiles and stratagems of Spain. Britain and France are seeking to protect Europe against the malevolent influence of the leader of these prattlers of a new morality, who are merely spinning words for the illusionment of the German youth which unfortunately knows no better. The new morality is the immorality of "Mein Kampf," the suffering, injustice and persecution to which it is alleged Germany is being subjected, is in fact the suffering, injustice and persecution inflicted upon all peoples unfortunate enough to fall before the onslaughts of the German armies.

MAKING OF SHORT FILMS

Ministry of Information's Programme

Under the auspices of the Ministry of Information, a sizeable programme of "shorts"—something like 35 in all—is now planned or under way in various British studios. Some of these films, with professional actors and a dramatic story, are being made in the regular commercial studios, others, of a more documentary type, have been handed over to the "realist" groups. All, it is emphasized, will be made with an eye to entertainment value as well as propaganda.

The Ealing studios, for example, have just finished a group of three anti-gossip films. These films run for about ten minutes each, have a fictional story, and gently point the moral that it is not the people with expert knowledge who are likely to give information to the enemy, but the men and women in the street, with their apparently harmless chatter. The first, "All Hands," has a naval application, and stars John Mills, borrowed from the Army for the occasion, Lueen McGrath, Gertrude Musgrove and Elliot Makeham.

The second, "Dangerous Comment," deals with the R.A.F., and is played by Frank Lawton, Margaret Vyner, Penelope Dudley Ward, Milton Rosemer and Roland Culver. The third, "Now You're Talking," deals with industry and the home front, and introduces Sebastian Shaw, Edward Chapman, Dorothy Hyson, and a new young actress, Judy Campbell, in whom the studio hope they may have discovered a British Hepburn.

On the more documentary side, an interesting little group of films is being made by the G.P.O. Film Unit under their chief, Alberto Cavalcanti. One, nearly finished, "Balloon Barrage," is directed by Harry Watt who made the excellent "North Sea" and "Night Mail." Another deals with agricultural life in East Anglia. A third, which will be made in convoy, shows the training of the ship's stewards who are currently learning to qualify as able seamen.

Nazi Raid on North Coast Lightship

One of the most unusual of the group, a little longer than the rest and a little different in style, is tentatively called "Lightship." This has dialogue and a sketch of a story, and is being directed by a newcomer to documentaries, David MacDonald, who made "This Man is News" and "This Man in Paris." The film tells the story of a Nazi raid on a North Sea lightship. You see the men on the lightship talking, playing cards, waiting for their relief. A convoy passes. A floating mine drifts by. Then comes the raid, two enemy planes bombing and machine-gunning. The lightship is badly hit and the men take to the boats. The weather is getting very bad and night is falling. The skipper, as a real skipper did in a recent raid, goes back for his canary.

The drama of the thing is that nobody knows what has happened. Lightships have no radio. Hitherto they haven't needed it. At home the women wait and wait. The seas grow rougher. A neutral ship goes blundering into the fog, booming, "Where the blazes are you, lightship?" But there is no lightship. The film ends with a battered boat washed ashore, and a few sou'westers tossing on the water.

Cavalcanti and his staff are enthusiastic about this new drive in picture-making. They hope, apart from its intrinsic value, that it may lead to something like a renascence in British film production. "People are getting tired of fairy stories," one of them said. "The war is giving them a sense of reality. They want to see pictures about England and English life—not just documentaries but dramas like 'The Stars Look Down,' full of real people and real situations.

"There are fifteen or so people in the unit who are full of potentialities—directors, cameramen and cutters. They have been trained, as the modern French school has been trained, in documentary work. There are the same sort of boys in every studio in this country. Why can't we use the knowledge they've picked up, in helping to create a new British cinema, that isn't all gingerbread and cake, flashy blonde women, and life one eternal Vienna Congress?"

IN PARENTHESIS

'Tis True

THE two yokels at the theatre gazed open-mouthed as the famous magician proceeded to saw a woman in half.

Jarge turned to Joe.

"Eh," he said, "there be a trick in it sumwhere."

* * *

The Sparrow Again

"SHALL we fly down to the sea?"

"What for?" asked The Sparrow.

"It might make a nice change," said his wife.

"And it might not," said The Sparrow.

"Well, it's different, isn't it?" asked his wife.

"What is?" asked The Sparrow.

"The sea," said his wife.

"Different to what?" asked The Sparrow.

"Oh! you do ask silly questions," said his wife.

"You shouldn't make silly remarks," said The Sparrow.

"I could cut some worm and clover leaf sandwiches," said his wife, "and we could fly down in an hour."

"And then what?" asked The Sparrow.

"Well," said his wife, "we could go on the pier or perhaps follow a picnic and pick up some cake crumbs."

"Yes?" said The Sparrow.

"And then," said his wife, "perhaps we could bathe at the water's edge."

"And after that?" said The Sparrow.

"Well," said his wife, "after that we could fly back."

"Ninety miles for a couple of cake crumbs and a sit-me-down in cold salt water," said The Sparrow. "What ideas you have. What a brain."

"You always put a damper on everything," said his wife.

"Somebody's got to have some sense," said The Sparrow.

"And it may not be cold at all," said his wife. "The sun may be as hot as hot."

"What do you mean by as hot as hot?" asked The Sparrow. "What sort of comparison is that?"

"I don't know what you are talking about," said his wife.

"If you say a thing's hot," shouted The Sparrow, "we know that you mean it's hot. But if you want to tell us how hot it is you don't say it's as hot as hot because it doesn't make sense. You say it's as hot as fire or as hot as hell."

"You don't have to use bad language," said his wife, sniffing and bringing out her handkerchief.

"And you don't have to start blubbering every time you're spoken to," said The Sparrow. "One of these days you'll have something to cry about."

"Well, where are you going?" asked his wife.

"Where do you think?" said The Sparrow.

"That awful Treetops Club, I suppose," said his wife.

"You're right for once," said The Sparrow, diving out of the nest.

A few moments later The Sparrow flew into The Other Sparrow's nest.

"Hullo, Sex Appeal," said The Sparrow. "What about flying down to the sea for a holiday?"

"It's O.K. by me, fresh guy," said The Other Sparrow. "You certainly do get some good ideas."

"I certainly do," said The Sparrow.

Chamberlain Cabinet Wins Vote, 281-200

Reconstruction of Government Said Probable After Slim Victory; Prime Minister Reported Not Likely to Resign Despite Requests

London, May 8.

THE Chamberlain ship of State successfully weathered one of the worst Parliamentary storms of recent years when the motion of adjournment, implying confidence in the Government, was passed by the House of Commons this evening by 281 to 200 votes. Two-day debates marked by sturdy criticism of the Government's conduct of the war operations in Norway were brought to a close by vote of the motion. The division was preceded by stirring addresses from Air Secretary Sir Samuel Hoare and Admiralty First Lord Winston Churchill.

One of the last members of the Opposition to take the floor was Mr. Daird Lloyd George, veteran M.P. and Prime Minister of Britain during the latter years of the First World War. In the course of his vitriolic outburst against Mr. Neville Chamberlain and his Cabinet, Mr. Lloyd George declared:

"We sent to Norway a territorial brigade without much training. We ought to have had combination and action between the Army and Navy, and we had neither. We gambled on the chance of getting air bases.

"The whole of this vital expedition, which would have made a vast defference to this country strategically and an infinite difference to British prestige in the world, was made dependent on this half-baked half-prepared expeditionary forces, without any combination between the Army and Navy.

"We are all proud of the gallantry of our men and it is all the more a shame that we should make fools of them."

No Reason for Panic

The famous Welshman declared the Government must now look the facts in the face. There is no reason for panic, but there is serious cause for a strengthening of the defences of the two empires now allied in the fight for liberty.

Just before Mr. Lloyd George launched his violent criticism of the Government, Air Secretary Sir Samuel Hoare briefly reviewed the Norwegian situation and pointed out that the Germans were in control of all strategical aerodromes in central and southern Norway before the British landed, even though there was no delay in operations.

He recalled the intensive raids that were launched immediately on Stavanger and other German-occupied aerodromes, not in Norway alone, but also in Denmark.

"There was nothing we could have done which we did not do," he emphasized.—Havas.

Reconstruction Probable

London, May 9.

A reconstruction of the Government is reported to be probable following the narrow victory scored by the Government in the House of Commons last night at the close of the acrimonious two-day debate on Norway.

Reuter understands, however, that despite the demand of certain newspapers, the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, will remain in office.

It followed a detailed reply by the First Lord of Admiralty, Mr. Winston Churchill, to bitter Opposition criticisms of the manner in which the Government had conducted the Norwegian campaign.

The reason Britain had not taken the initiative in the war, Mr. Churchill said, was "our failure in the last five years to maintain or regain air parity with Germany. Our numerical deficiency in the air—in spite of our superiority in quality both in men and materials—has condemned us, and will condemn us for some time to come, to a great deal of difficulty, suffering and danger, which we must endure with firmness until more favourable conditions can be established, as assuredly they will be."

Power of the Air

"It is no use talking about this war in terms of the last war," the First Lord added. "The power of the air has greatly affected it. In some ways it has decisively affected the movements of fleets and armies. We must not exaggerate this new factors but neither must we refuse to give it its deadly due."

One of the most virulent attacks against the Government on the last day of the debate came from Mr. Lloyd George, Prime Minister in the Great War, who said that "the greatest triumph of this extraordinary man Hitler has been that he has put us into greater jeopardy than his predecessors did in 1914."

Resignation Suggested

The Welsh statesman, who often drew cheers and countercheers in the course of his speech, concluded by asking Mr. Chamberlain to resign.

"There is nothing which would contribute more to victory in this war," he declared, "than that the Prime Minister should sacrifice the seals of office."

Mr. Lloyd George's speech followed a statement by the Secretary of State for Air Sir Samuel Hoare, who concentrated upon the events of the last month and the part taken in those operations by the Royal Air Force.—Reuter.

Labour Will Not Enter

London, May 8.

The Labour members of the British Parliament will refuse to participate

(Continued on page 8, col. 2)

Uneasy Reprieve Says New York

Mr. Chamberlain Expected To Resign; Dominions Take Critical Attitude

New York, May 9.

The general impression, following the vote in the House of Commons yesterday, both in the press and in radio broadcasts is that Mr. Neville Chamberlain will soon be obliged to resign, unless he can form a coalition ministry. This, however, is regarded as unlikely.

The "New York Times" writes: "Mr. Chamberlain's Government has won an uneasy reprieve after a Parliamentary battering more violent than any in its life and more severe than any of its kind in the last war."—Reuter.

"Saved By Party Machine"

Washington, May 9.

"Saved by the party machine" is the first reaction here to the vote in the House of Commons in London last night.

It is pointed out that the vote clearly indicates that Mr. Neville Chamberlain has far from satisfied all Conservatives, while the many abstentions probably represent a silent indictment of the Government."—Reuter.

Australian Press Critical

Sydney, May 9.

The British nation and the Empire can summon a mighty effort needed for victory only if they are assured that they are "firmly and wisely led," declares the "Sydney Morning Herald" today in commenting on the vote in the British House of Commons last night.

"At present, that assurance," the newspaper adds, "is wholly lacking."

Both the "Sydney Sun" and the "Sydney Bulletin" advocate the inclusion of some of the best brains in the Dominions in Britain's council of war.—Reuter.

Canadian Opinion

Ottawa, May 9.

"Last night's vote in the British House of Commons cannot be construed as other than dangerously damaging to the Chamberlain Government and to the Prime Minister in particular," writes the "Montreal Gazette" today.—Reuter.

Berlin Jubilant

Amsterdam, May 9.

Commentators in Berlin were jubilant today at the closeness of Mr. Neville Chamberlain's majority in the House of Commons last night.

It appears highly probable that Britain's political troubles will be taken by Herr Hitler to indicate that the time is ripe for fresh aggressive enterprises against the "effete Democracies," according to informed circles.—Reuter.

"Frankness" Admired

Ankara, May 9.

Newspapers here have hitherto made no comment on the House of Commons debate on Norway, but headlines pay tribute to Mr. Neville Chamberlain's "frankness."—Reuter.

Swiss Reaction

Zurich, May 9.

The vote in the British House of Commons last night is regarded here as tantamount to a condemnation of the British Government's conduct of the Norwegian campaign.

The impression persists that British leadership is faulty.—Reuter.

Vote Was Moral Defeat

Amsterdam, May 9.

"Moral defeat for Chamberlain" is how today's "Allgemeine Handelsblad" heads a front-page report of last night's debate in the House of Commons. The headline is echoed in other newspapers.—Reuter.

Italian Reaction

Rome, May 9.

Empire Day in Italy relegated foreign news to the back pages, but Rome's two morning newspapers devoted many columns to the House of Commons debate. The vote was described as a "moral defeat for Chamberlain."—Reuter.

Paris Press Plays Up Debate

Paris, May 9.

While front-page headlines record the outcome of the House of Commons debate, attacks on the Chamberlain Government have hitherto been reported without comment.—Reuter.

Swiss Attitude

London, May 9.

"Their sense of past errors merely confirms the British people's determination to pursue the struggle with increased and untiring energy, and not to lay down arms before victory is finally won," says the Swiss newspaper, "Tribune de Genève," according to a special commentary issued here.

"The acceptance of the Government's financial plans proves that sacrifices and criticisms all tend in the same direction; to strengthen the means placed at the disposal of the High Command, in order to break the German will and hegemony, and compel her to disgorge her gains."

Another Swiss newspaper, the "Journal de Geneve" says that Hitler will doubtless recognize his rapid conquests will not guarantee final victory, however much he flatters German *amour propre*.—Reuter.

British Press Now Demands Reconstruction

Chamberlain Cabinet Said to Have Lost People's Confidence

London, May 9.

An almost unanimous demand for a reconstruction of the Government appears in the British press today following the Government's narrow victory in the House of Commons last night at the close of the two-day debate on Norway.

Such a reconstruction of the war is said to be necessary for a more intensive prosecution of the war.

While some sections of the press, notably Labour and Liberal, insist that the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, has lost the confidence of the country, both "The Times" and the "Daily Telegraph" criticize the tactics of Labour M.P.'s in forcing a vote.

'The Times" says, nothing could be further from the minds of those most concerned to promote the highest degree of energy, speed, competence and unity in the development of the war effort than to search for scapegoats.

Events of the past few weeks were not in themselves an irretrievable catastrophe, but they have served to mark the culmination of a long and almost imperceptibly rising curve of public dissatisfaction. There was no trace of panic, none of vacillation.

"The Times" View

After the disclosures of opinion this week, "The Times" continues, there can be no question of the strength of the demand for a Ministry more broadly based and, therefore, differently constituted. The only question is how it can be achieved, and how soon. If the Labour Party fails to answer the clear public call, it leaves the Prime Minister free to choose his own means of showing that the setback in southern Norway is not merely a failure successfully extenuated, but a new starting point for British energy and valour.

The "Daily Telegraph" says that on the immediate issue of Norway the Government has emerged very creditably. At the same time, if the country is really to put its back into the struggle, it is essential that it should have the fullest confidence in its leadership.

It is urgent that Mr. Chamberlain should reorganize the Cabinet without delay.

Change Necessary

The "Daily Herald" says that the nation's will is that Mr. Chamberlain shall go, so that the war may be prosecuted with a vigour, enterprise and realism essential to victory.

The "Daily Mail" declares that Norway has served a useful purpose of awakening Parliament and the nation. The demand now is for a Government reconstruction, and it must be met.

The "News-Chronicle" says that Mr. Chamberlain no longer commands the confidence of the country. A new government comprising all parties must be formed immediately.

The "Manchester Guardian" expresses the opinion that the Labour Party should hold its hand to let the latent hostility to Mr. Chamberlain continue for a few weeks, when it would be strong enough to force a radical change.

The 'Scotsman" says the situation disclosed by Mr. Churchill indicates the need for a reconstruction of the Government.

The 'Birmingham Post" declares that if Mr. Chamberlain strengthens national unity by making the Government more vigorous and more representative, the nation, appreciating his past services, will be patient, but a drastic change there must be.—Reuter.

French Artillery Blast German Positions

Greater Activity Now on Western Front

Berlin, May 9.

Stronger artillery, patrol and troop activity was reported on the West Front yesterday as rumours spread through the capitals of Europe that a German invasion of Holland was imminent.

French artillery intermittently blasted German positions between the Moselle River and the Palatinate Forest, the German news agency, DNB, reported. The French fire was answered by German batteries.

Tuesday German troops repulsed an attack by a French company, DNB reported. The French were said to have lost from 15 to 20 men in the brief clash.—United Press.

German Plane Downed Off Scottish Coast

London, May 9.

Shortly before midday today, fighter aircraft of the Royal Air Force intercepted an enemy aircraft off the north-east coast of Scotland and shot it down into the sea, states an announcement by the Air Ministry.—Reuter.

Twenty-Five Mission Stations in Four Chinese Provinces Evacuated

British Representations Made to Japanese to Curb Agitation in China; Slight Improvement Seen

London, May 9.

Mr. Ian Hannah, National Conservative Member for the Bilston Division of Wolverhampton, asked in the House of Commons yesterday how many missionary stations had been evacuated in China owing to the anti-British movement fostered by the Japanese in Hopei, Shantung, Shansi and Honan provinces, resulting in more than 10,000 hospital beds being closed, and whether the Prime Minister will notify the Japanese Government that continued encouragement of the anti-British movement will render impossible improvement of relations with Japan.

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, replied that according to latest information 25 missionary stations had been evacuated in four provinces, including ten hospitals.

As a result of representations to the Japanese Government some improvement recently had taken place, he said.

Mr. Hannah asked: "Does the Japanese Government want to improve relations with this country?

No answer was given to this question.

Mr. Robert Gibson, Labour Member for Greenock, asked whether alternative steps were taken as regards accommodation of mission stations. Mr. Butler replied that the matter had been taken in hand.—Reuter.

H.M.S. Hardy Survivors from a Hardy Adventure

Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, inspecting officers and men of H.M.S. Hardy, the destroyer which went aground in the first destroyer attack on Narvik. The men swam ashore and are seen wearing a miscellaneous collection of clothing from Norwegian sympathisers. Mr. Churchill is seen inspecting the men on the Horse Guards Parade on their arrival in London. In the background is Admiral Sir Charles Little, Sea Lord and Chief of Naval Personnel, who was formerly Commander-in-Chief of the British China Fleet.

Germans Said Rushing Troops To Narvik Region

Railway to Sweden Reported Still in Nazi Hands; R.A.F. Raiding Enemy Positions

Stockholm, May 9.

THREE or four German transport 'planes are rushing fresh troops and supplies all day to north Norway, according to the "Svenska Dagbladet." The newspaper says the Germans have landed parachute troops north of Bardu, 35 miles north-east of Narvik, in order to strike the Norwegian forces in the rear. German air activity, it declares, has increased further. They are continually bombing the Allies, while small units of the Royal Air Force are raiding German positions at Narvik. The entire railway from Narvik to the Swedish frontier, the newspaper adds, is still in German hands.—Reuter.

Roosevelt's Hand On Two Fronts

U.S. Fleet Move Believed Assurance for Netherlands Government; Rome Moves

Washington, May 9.

Official secrecy today continued to shroud President Roosevelt's diplomatic manœuvring in connection with the European war. Veteran observers, however, discerned the hand of the President on at least two fronts—in the Pacific, where the United States Fleet has been ordered to remain indefinitely, and in Rome, where, probably, in conjunction with the Vatican, he hoped to keep Italy from joining the war.

The White House and Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, denied that there was any special significance attached to the Fleet order. Political quarters, however, pointed out that three weeks ago Mr. Hull curtly informed Japan that the United States would not countenance any change in the *status quo* of the Dutch East Indies.

Admiral's Idea

Both the White House and the State Department, however, emphasized that the retention of the Fleet in Hawaiian waters was entirely the idea of Admiral James O. Richardson, Commander-in-Chief of the U. S. Navy. The circumstances seemed so unusual because of the current speculation over U.S. moves in the Pacific, it was asserted.

None Informed

Apparently none of the Naval Affairs Committee leaders, either in the House or Senate, was informed in advance of Admiral Richardson's "request" to keep the Fleet in Hawaiian waters indefinitely.

"Isn't Hawaii still American territory? Senator James J. Davis, Republican of Pennsylvania, countered when asked to comment on the decision to keep the Fleet in Hawaiian waters.

"The United States Navy," he continued, "is an instrument for national defence. Our navy is being trained to meet defence problems whatever they are. It is their job and whatever they find necessary to meet those problems must be done. I have no criticism to make."—United Press.

War Entering Active Phase at Present

Warning Expressed by Capt. Anthony Eden

London, May 9.

Capt. Anthony Eden, former Foreign Secretary, in a speech here yesterday, said Chancellor Adolf Hitler had not invented the doctrine that "might is right", but had merely "taken it to its logical conclusion."

Herr Hitler had his political roots in the Prussia of the past generation, Capt. Eden said. "We are fighting in this war against the Prussian spirit of domination and to be free men," he asserted.

Capt. Eden cited three essential conditions if victory is to be assured. "Firstly," he said, "we must understand the enemy's strength; secondly, we must marshal and employ our resources; and we must conduct the war with all the vision and all the resources at our command."

He warned that the war was entering an active phase. "The peoples of the British Commonwealth are now braced and prepared for a long conflict," he said. He paid tribute to the Empire's war effort, which he said "will be a factor of immense importance in the achievement of ultimate victory."—United Press.

Paris, May 9.

Conversations which he held in London and Paris with Allied diplomatic and military authorities have convinced Norwegian Foreign Minister Hjalmar' Koht that Britain and France will do their best to strengthen co-operation between Allied and Norwegian forces in Norway, M. Koht declared in the course of a press interview today.

The Norwegian war was part of the general war now, he added, and now that Germany has gone outside her own frontiers she is the more likely to be defeated. This, he said, was most important to him, as victory over the Reich in the north would greatly increase the chances of a general German defeat when the war has entered the closing phases.

Norwegians Determined

M. Koht revealed that the Norwegian forces, who are still determined to fight to the bitter end for the freedom of their country, number about six divisions, with the northern divisions still intact.

Some time ago the Norwegian government, with a wary eye to future, stocked enough wheat reserves for at least one year, so that the food supplies of the defending forces are assured, it was added. Ammunition has been purchased from Britain.

The government has also improved and increased the communications between north and south Norway.

The Norwegian merchant fleet has been placed at the disposal of Great Britain, and is now, with units of the British merchant marine, operating under a joint Allied-Norwegian control established some ten days ago, the Norwegian statesman continued.

In conclusion, Mr. Koht emphasized that the Norwegian Royal family is still in Norway.—Havas.

Hitler Praises Norwegians

Berlin, May 9.

After highly praising the bravery of the Norwegian troops, Chancellor Adolf Hitler, in his order of the day, today decided to permit Norwegian troops who had been taken prisoner to return to their homes. Chancellor Hitler praised the Norwegians for their clean fighting, saying that they "shunned all the cowardly and treacherous actions which were commonplace in Poland and fought openly and honourably. The Norwegians treated our wounded and captured men decently and to the best of their ability."—United Press.

Nazis Routed

Stockholm, May 8.

German troops were completely routed by Norwegian infantry, artillery, and planes during a battle on Leigastind Mountain, the Norwegian General Staff announced today.

The German troops are still being pursued and harassed in the valley at the foot of the mountain.

Meanwhile, it was reported that German forces have occupied a number of Norwegian customs posts on the Swedish frontier. The post of Valdalen was evacuated by the Nazis shortly after it was occupied.—Havas.

German Offensive Stopped

Stockholm, May 9.

The German offensive in northern Norway is all but paralysed, both as a result of the tremendous natural difficulties of the terrain and because of the inspired resistance offered by the Norwegian troops in this area, according to reliable information reaching here. The Germans are already at a standstill south of Moesjden.

It is known that the Allied support has been extremely effective in reinforcing the resistance of the Norwegians.

Meanwhile, it has been learned from Amsterdam that troops from the Norwegian post at Tromsoe have resisted all German attacks, and the reorganization of the Norwegian army is proceeding rapidly and successfully.—Havas.

British Conscription Order Issued

London, May 9.

The King signed a proclamation today directing that, with certain exceptions, all male British subjects within Great Britain who on May 9 reached the age of 19, and not reached the age of 37, should be liable to be called up for military service. It is estimated that the number liable for service under the new proclamation exceeds 2,500,000. No change is contemplated in the present procedure of registering successive age groups in an ascending scale, and no one will be actually called to register until he reaches the age of 20.—Reuter.

Severe Measures Taken by Dutch

Enemy Sympathisers to Be Dealt With; Slight Easing of Tension

Amsterdam, May 9.

The Dutch government, determined to crush at the outset any "fifth column" of enemy sympathisers in the event of invasion, is adopting measures designed to tighten up the already stringent anti-espionage precautions in force in the country.

The Ministry of Justice has announced that a second anti-espionage law, which provides for the deportation to the colonies of all persons guilty of political actions detrimental to the well-being of the country, will shortly be submitted.

Taking into consideration the possibilities of landing enemy troops by parachute, or even by planes, the authorities have taken and are taking precautions with all aerodromes, wide roadways, fields, and stretches of open ground where an airplane might be able to land.

In order to show to the world the sea defences of the Netherlands, the Royal Dutch Navy officials have issued an invitation to the pressmen of non-belligerent states to inspect the coastal defences of the Low Country from the cruiser Sumatra. The cruiser will take the journalists on a tour of the North Sea coasts.

Utmost Care

Meanwhile, the military commander of the region of "Westing Holland" has paid a visit to the principal cities of western Holland, where he recommended that all motorists driving in that sector use the utmost care, in view of the extensive military precautions being taken.

As regards the Netherlands East Indies, it was stressed that equal precautions are being taken there. All Germans living in Eastern Java are being watched by the police, two Nazi newspapers were banned yesterday.

At the same time a government spokesman, answering a question from a Deputy from the Indies as to whether the presence of Germans in the Dutch colonies would not be prejudicial to their safety, declared that the situation was being carefully watched, but as yet it was not deemed necessary to proclaim a state of siege.—Havas.

U.S. Nationals Warned

Washington, May 8.

Official dispatches reaching the Department of State since yesterday indicated some increase in the tension in the Netherlands, as a result of fears of invasion by Germany, stated Mr. Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of State, during the course of a press conference.

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

Italian Press Grows More Defiant of Allies

Sig. Gayda Says Italy Could Overcome Gibraltar; Attack on British Intentions

Rome, May 9.

SIG. Virginio Gayda, the mouthpiece of Premier Mussolini, writing in the "Giornale d'Italia" regarding the importance of Gibraltar to the Allies in case Italy enters the war, yesterday asserted that Italy could overcome the handicap of the British stronghold guarding the western entrance to the Mediterranean. Sig. Gayda emphasized that Anglo-French control of Gibraltar and the Suez canal are contrary to the principles of European liberty and justice. He warned the Allies are making a fatal error if they believe they can control the Mediterranean because they hold Gibraltar and Suez. Gibraltar stands as a warning to Italy by the imperial democracies in an effort to discourage her and weaken the freedom of Italy's foreign policy," Sig. Gayda asserted. "This is a fatal delusion.

"There does not exist any blockade against a great, strong and warlike nation which cannot be forced and the blockaders engaged in a hard, uncertain and bloody war. The current war gives evident proof of this. Gibraltar cannot intimidate Italy or have the repressive effect which the imperial democracies count on."

"Gibraltar could not alter Italy's position or free decisions inspired by the defence of Italian rights and interests.

"Gibraltar and Suez, like other systems created by the imperial democracies on the Mediterranean coast, continue to be the evident expression of intolerable hegemony, and, though they can be faced victoriously in case of war, they are part of a system which cannot in any war conciliate or justify itself with the European order of justice and liberty for all nations."

For Italy Only

In a double-column editorial, the 'Messagero" claimed Britain should not mingle in Italian affairs. Italy is free to take the stand which is considered necessary for the welfare of the nation, the newspaper said.

"Italy's non-belligerent stand does not need to be satisfactory for Britain, but only for the Italian people, who know what they want and stand compact around their leader."

Referring to the possible extension of the European conflict, the "Messagero" declared, "The aim of this British manœuvring is clear. Defeated in Norway and having lost the iron mines in the north, the Allies are now trying to cut off German oil supplies by extending the conflict to the Balkans and Near East with wild attempts to create alarm and foment incidents provoking disorder."—United Press.

"Gibraltar Ineffective"

Rome, May 8.

The Italian press, taking a new tack in the anti-British campaign, is now endeavouring to prove that Britain's decision to close the Straits of Gibraltar in the event that Italy enters the war on the German side would be bound to fail in its purpose.

Italian imports, the journals stressed, may be replaced and even cut down considerably with no appreciable difficulty.

Signor Virginio Gayda, Mussolini's mouth-piece, writes in the "Giornale d'Italia" that the British and French plans as regards the Gibraltar closing would prove "another fatal illusion,

"Only Facts Will Break My Silence"

Rome, May 9.

"Having heard my speeches, you must accustom yourselves to my silence for only facts will break it," declared Signor Mussolini today, when he addressed 60,000 Italians who had broken the barriers and rushed towards the famous balcony in the Palazzo Venezia. The Duce had previously reviewed troops on Army Day and handed medals to soldiers. When he appeared on the balcony, the crowd cheered itself hoarse but the moment his hand was raised for silence a pin could have been heard to drop. Signor Mussolini added: "The great day in the history of our Empire was May 9, 1936, the day of a brilliant victory."—Reuter.

because coal, minerals, oils, metals, cereals, and cellulose will still be able to reach Italy through Germany, the Balkans and Albania."—Havas.

Roosevelt Denies Peace Plan

Washington, May 9.

President Roosevelt yesterday flatly denied a dispatch from Rome saying he had offered Premier Benito Mussolini a mediation or peace plan in the European war.—United Press.

Lord Halifax, Maisky Meet Again

London, May 9.

M. Ivan Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador to London, called on Lord Halifax, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, yesterday afternoon.

Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent learns that the conversations dealt with the question of the resumption of Anglo-Soviet trade. It is understood that Lord Halifax made certain observations on the last Soviet communication, and requested further information on various matters of detail.—Reuter.

Intensification of War Expected in High Nazi Official Sources

Political Situation in England Seen as Comparable To Recent Cabinet Crisis in France

Berlin, May 9.

Immediate intensification of the European war as the first direct result of the present crisis in the British Government was predicted by high Nazi officials today.

The two days of debate in the British Parliament, in which the Chamberlain Government was bitterly criticized in both Houses, was watched with keen interest by the German Government.

There was no jubilation in Germany over the size of the anti-Chamberlain vote in Parliament (the largest vote against the present British Government ever cast) because it was regarded in many ways comparable to the recent crisis in the former French Government headed by M. Edouard Daladier.

The French crisis, it was recalled, resulted in the resignation of the Daladier Cabinet and the formation of a Cabinet under M. Paul Reynaud which was pledged to "intensify the war."

Reliable German quarters believed a British Cabinet shake-up would have the same result as had the French reorganization.—United Press.

Nervousness Seen In Rumania

Determined Neutrality is Re-emphasized; Foreign Reports Disliked

Bucharest, May 9.

Amidst dark German hints that the Allies are prepared to force the Balkans into the war in order to save their own position elsewhere, and fears in London and Paris that the hints presage a German move to "protect" Rumania, this country's determined neutrality was re-emphasized by an official spokesman of the Government last night.

The spokesman told foreign correspondents that "this country is not open for experiments by anyone else. It is not a country with its door open for somebody to walk in.

"And no one should make the mistake of thinking Rumania is serving other people's interests. We are thinking of our own.

"Rumania will not permit herself to be made a base of operations for anyone," he concluded.

Similar sentiments, and annoyance at foreign reports suggesting Rumanian neutrality might become the football of power politics, appeared in the newspaper "Timpu." The article was believed to have been inspired by the Foreign Office.

Danube Problems

Problems arising from international traffic on the Danube, which complicate Rumania's position as a neutral, are to be considered at a meeting of the Danube, Commission May 20, it was announced today. Germany, France, Great Britain and Italy, as well as Rumania, are represented on the Commission.

The announcement stated that the forthcoming meeting, to be held at Galaz, is to consider measures for making the river "safer for navigation."—United Press.

Blocks Polish Gold

Bucharest, May 9.

The Council of Ministers announced yesterday that Polish gold deposited in the National Bank of Rumania last September would be held against the Polish debt to Rumania. Although the Official Gazette, in which the Council's decree was published, failed to state the amount of gold affected, reliable unofficial sources said it was about US$3,000,000. The Gazette also failed to explain the decree's reference to a Polish debt to this country.—United Press.

Italians Not Expelled

Belgrade, May 9.

An official source told the press yesterday that nothing was known here about foreign press reports that three Italian Army officers were expelled from Yugoslavia when they were found with photographs of Yugoslav fortifications.

The official added that it would be strange if spies caught by the Government should be expelled from the country, as they are usually brought before a tribunal.—United Press.

Americans Evacuate Balkans

Washington, May 9.

Mr. Cordell Hull, the Secretary of State, told the press yesterday that, in view of his second evacuation warning issued to American citizens in the Balkan and Danubian countries, there is no excuse if they are trapped should war suddenly strike there.

Mr. Hull said diplomatic dispatches from the Netherlands indicated a great degree of tension, but no definite military moves. He said the American Embassy at the Hague had reported that rumours of two German columns moving toward the Netherlands border were "absolutely incorrect."—United Press.

Six Naval Trawlers Off Norway Sunk

Casualties Slight; Loss Of H.M.S. Afridi Described

London, May 9.

The Admiralty has announced the loss of six naval trawlers during the evacuation of Trondheim.

Two were sunk after air attacks, and four were so damaged by air attacks that it was not considered advisable for them to attempt the North Sea crossing. They were accordingly sunk by British forces.

Casualties among the personnel were slight, it was announced.

The waves of bombing attacks on the British destroyer Afridi, which was recently sunk, were described by survivors who reached Portsmouth yesterday.

The men estimated that over 500 bombs were dropped, before the ship was hit. The Afridi replied with her guns to the attacks.

The crew of the destroyer were rescued by a warship which went alongside.

The Afridi is said to have sunk in about 20 minutes, and the Captain was the last to leave the ship.—Reuter.

94 Missing from Two British Submarines

London, May 9.

The Admiralty announces that six officers and 35 ratings are missing from the submarine Sterlet, and five officers and 48 ratings missing from the submarine Tarpon. Both submarines have already been reported as overdue and believed lost.—Reuter.

Decisive Battle Expected Today

Biggest Conflict Since Hankow Fight Seen By Chinese Spokesman

Chungking, May 9.

A decisive battle for the possession of Siangyang and Fancheng in the Han River valley is expected to start tonight or early tomorrow morning, declared the Chinese military spokesman in his weekly review of the Sino-Japanese military situation at this afternoon's press conference.

Describing the battle as the biggest since the Hankow battle, he said the Japanese were using seven divisions with approximately 150,000 men, 200 warplanes and 400 tanks for the present big drive. Four Japanese columns converging on Fancheng, he continued, had effected a junction on the plains on the north bank of the Kun River, east of Fancheng, with Chinese forces closing in from all directions.—Reuter.

Many Shocked by Death Of Mr. Webb Miller

Regret Expressed at Loss Of Famous Correspondent

Berlin, May 9.

News of the death of Mr. Webb Miller, famous United Press foreign correspondent, at London yesterday shocked the United States colony here, which had come to know Mr. Miller through his frequent visits to Berlin.

Mr. Miller had followed the rise of the National Socialist movement in Germany from the beginning and was personally acquainted with a number of leading figrues in the movement. —United Press.

Mr. Roosevelt's Regret

Washington, May 9.

Mr. Stephen Early, the White House Secretary, yesterday sent a message to Mr. Lyle Wilson, Washington manager of the United Press, expressing President Roosevelt's "deep regret" over the death of Mr. Webb Miller,

United Press European war correspondent, at London yesterday.

Mr. Early said Mr. Roosevelt heard "with deep regret the passing under such tragic circumstances of Mr. Webb Miller, whom the President recognized as one of the outstanding United States correspondents in Europe."—United Press.

Hongkong's Tribute

Hongkong, May 9.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" today paid high tribute to Webb Miller, noted United Press correspondent, who died yesterday at a small railway station outside of London.

The newspaper, in an article appearing under the headline "Loss to World Of Journalism," said that Mr. Miller had displayed a knowledge of world affairs equalled probably only by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty and famous British writer.

Although many persons were at first inclined to disbelieve Mr. Miller's dispatches because of the startling nature of the stories appearing under his name, "his articles always proved accurate," the "Hongkong Telegraph" said.—United Press.

Italian Battleship To Be Launched

Italy's fourth 35,000-ton battleship, the Roma, will shortly be launched at Genoa, according to a telegram from Rome.—Reuter.

U.S. Starting to Build Many Ships

Replacements to Offset War Losses

New York, May 8.

In view of the probable shortage of ocean going ships after the war, the United States is fortunate in having already started on an extensive replacement building programme, H. Gerrish Smith, president of the National Council of American Shipbuilders, declared here at the annual meeting of the organization.

"At the end of 1939," he said "approximately 506,000 displacement tons of Government vessels and approximately 1,120,000 gross tons of seagoing commercial vessels were under construction in the United States, while, in addition, a large number of smaller craft, barges, ferries, tugs, etc., were being built on the lakes, rivers, and seacoasts of this country.

The estimated cost of the 141 ships comprising the Maritime Commission's programme at the close of the year was $366,000,000 of which the private shipyards were expending $185,000,000, or nearly 50%, with other industries for materials and equipment and approximately $148,000,000 for shipyard labour on the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts.—Havas.

Italians Celebrate Empire Day

Holy Mass, Reception Held at Barracks

On the occasion of their Empire Day, Italian residents in Shanghai gathered at 62 Robison Road, at 9.30 a.m. yesterday to attend Holy Mass which was celebrated by Father E. Gherzi.

Among those attending the simple and very solemn ceremony were Marquis Francesco Maria Taliani de Marchio, Italian Ambassador to China, Marchesa Taliani, and Comdr. L. Neyrone, Italian Consul-General here, together with the staffs of the Embassy and the Consulate.

Owing to the uncertainty of the weather, the Mass was celebrated indoors, nearly all men of the San Marco Batallion, who are stationed at 62 Robison Road, attending.

After the Holy Mass, the commander of the Italian marines was the host at a reception given in the officers' mess.

Chamberlain Cabinet Wins Vote 281-200

(Continued from page 7)

in any government headed by Mr. Neville Chamberlain, it was confirmed tonight.

Great importance was attached to the fact that 44 government supporters, including Mr. Alfred Duff-Cooper and Mr. Leslie Hore-Belisha, voted against the government's policy, thus reducing the majority to the lowest figure seen since 1931.

More than 190 members did not participate in the vote. Of this number, 30 were ill, and others were serving in the armed forces.

Nevertheless, the number of voluntary abstentions amounted to at least 50 or 60, and, in view of the strict neutrality usually enforced in the Conservative ranks, the debate ended in a comparatively severe setback for the Chamberlain government, observers state.—Havas.

Division List

London, May 9.

The official division list published this morning shows that 41 Government supporters voted with the Opposition last night.

The list includes the names of Brig.-Gen. Edward Louis Spears, National Conservative member for Horsham and Worthing division of Sussex; and Mr. Herbert Walter Butcher, Liberal National member for the Holland with Boston division of Lincolnshire, who has post of Parliamentary Private Secretary to Mr. R. H. Bernays, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Transport.—Reuter.

Commons Adjourns

Acting on a Government motion, the House of Commons adjourned until May 21.

Mr. Clement Davies, Independent member for Montgomery, moved an amendment vote for reassembly on May 14 instead of May 21. He said the vote taken last night had considerably changed the situation and the House might face a crisis. He opposed adjournment for as long as 12 days.

There must be reconstruction of the whole Government machine and that question would have to be considered at the earliest possible moment, he said.

The situation changed day by day and there might be a new threat. In the circumstances, it was not best that the House should adjourn for a long period. While the clock was ticking no one knew what danger was awaiting Holland, Belgium or other nations in south-eastern Europe.

Mr. Robert Boothby, Conservative member for Aberdeen and Kincardine, supported the amendment.

Complete Change

Mr. Pierse Loftus, National Conservative member for the Lowestoft Division of Suffolk, opposing the amendment, said they all recognized that there had to be a complete change in the Government, including the members of all parties and even numbers from outside.

It was then best to have a recess of 10 or 12 days for daily consultations to take place between leaders of the various sections of opinion.

Mr. Geoffrey Mander, Opposition Liberal member for the East Division of Wolverhampton, said there should not be a long adjournment.

After Captain Henry Margesson, Conservative member for the Rugby Division of Warwick, had repeated the Prime Minister's assurance that if necessary the House would be called together before May 21, Mr. Davies withdrew his amendment.

Sir John Anderson, Home Secretary, announced it was necessary to supplement the powers conferred on authorities by the law dealing with activities of aliens. Regulations will be enforced in regard to persons who cannot be deported owing to the war and to control entry of persons repatriated from enemy territory.

Death Penalty

A bill would be introduced providing the death penalty in grave cases of espionage and sobotage.

The regulations also are designed to check propaganda calculated to undermine the people's resolution to prosecute the war to a successful conclusion.

Those violating the regulations are liable to seven years' penal servitude or a fine of £500 or both.

A new regulation has been made empowering the Home Secretary, pending application to the high court, to direct that no further use shall be made of any printing press used for production of documents in contravention of these regulations.

A bill which makes further provision for trial and punishment of those accused of treachery was formally introduced and read for the first time.

Mr. Clement Attlee, following Sir John Anderson, said the latter had decided to consult members concerning the regulations, but this in no way implied that the members either approved or disapproved of the regulations which had been put forward by the Opposition.

A meeting of about 30 Government supporters who voted against the Government last night, held in the House of Commons this afternoon, unanimously decided that the next Government must be a real National Government.—Reuter.

Gunman Shot by R. U. Officer

Highway Robbery That Lands Criminal Quickly In Police Hospital

Firing several pistol shots from the machine-gun emplacement of a moving Red Maria, the officer in charge of a Reserve Unit search-party succeeded in bringing down one of two highway robbers at the intersection of Kiaochow and Gordon Roads shortly after 8.15 p.m. yesterday. The man was wounded in the leg and the back and was taken to the Police Hospital where he is now undergoing treatment. His accomplice managed to get away in the dark.

The search-party had completed its duty in a certain area and was proceeding to another district when they suddenly heard an alarm being raised by a Chinese who complained that he had just been robbed by two men, one of them armed.

This is all the police officer needed to know. The Red Maria sped along Kiaochow Road towards Gordon Road, and the officer finally saw one of the two men and challenged him. Instead of obeying, the man attempted to get away with the result that the officer opened fire with his service pistol. Two other members of the search party also fired several shots and the gunman collapsed, after having sustained his injuries.

The hold-up had been perpetrated only a minute or two earlier along Kiaochow Road between Changping and Singapore Roads and the gunmen relieved their victim of $7. In all, eleven shots were fired.

Mexico Agrees to Settle Sinclair Oil Dispute

Mexico City, May 9.

General Lazaro Cardenas, the President, signed an agreement yesterday providing for the total settlement of US$8,500,000 cash for oil land expropriated from the Sinclair Oil Company by the Government. At the same time the Government announced that negotiations were in progress by which Mexico would sell the Sinclair company an unspecified amount of oil. The agreement signed by Gen. Cardenas represents a complete settlement with six subsidiary concerns.—United Press.

Severe Measures Taken By Dutch

(Continued from page 7)

Mr. Hull added that American nationals in Holland could have no excuse if they were caught there by any outbreak in hostilities, because they had been long advised to leave owing to the threat of war.—Reuter.

Gestapo Men Transferred

Amsterdam, May 9.

It is reported from reliable sources that numbers of Gestapo men who, until recently had been in Poland, have been transferred to Aachen, near the Belgian and Dutch frontiers.

In Poland these men followed close behind the advancing German Army, and were responsible for keeping order by "cleaning up" behind German lines.—Reuter.

600,000 Dutch Forces Ready

Amsterdam, May 9.

Last night, tension appeared momentarily to have eased in Holland, but military authorities are not slackening their vigilance or defence preparations.

Foreign observers estimate altogether 600,000 soldiers, airmen, and members of auxiliary services now stand ready.

Nothing appears to have been neglected, and Holland's wide flat roads, and other open spaces have, where necessary, been rendered as useless as possible for landing grounds, for troop-carrying 'planes. Meanwhile, suspected spies are being rounded up.

Among last night's indications of slight relaxation from tension were the announcements of minor exemptions to general cancellation of leave in the armed forces, and the restoration of services today on the electrified sections of the railways.—Reuter.

Holland Railways Normal

Amsterdam, May 9.

Reassuring indication that the situation in Holland was slowly improving and that the Government had everything well in hand was the announcement last night that electric railways would resume normal service today.

Normal service will be resumed on non-electric railways May 10, the announcement said.

Meanwhile, Hague officials announced that only planes of Netherlands nationality would be allowed to land at the Schephol airport outside Amsterdam, starting May 10. Foreign planes henceforth will use Eelde airport, six miles from Groningen.

It was recalled that Schephol was recently made a military airport and visitors were virtually prohibited access to it.—United Press.

No Imminent Invasion

Paris, May 9.

There is absolutely nothing to warrant reports that a German invasion of Holland is imminent, a War Office analyst declared today.

He said the rumours were "part of a high pressure rumour campaign". There has been no shift of German forces anywhere on the west border, he declared.

Meanwhile, it was announced that Polish troops, who were to have participated with the expeditionary force in the Finnish War, left here yesterday for Narvik to assist the Allies in the Norwegian campaign.—United Press.

Costa Rican President Takes Office

San Jose, Costa Rica, May 9.

Sr. Rafael A. Calderon Guardia was inaugurated as president at noon yesterday, after which he praised the "noble ideals of Pan-Americanism."

The new President pledged that "Costa Rica will fully suport the cooperation policies adopted at the recent Panama conferences."—United Press.

Foreigner, Chinese Said "Arrested"

Chinese Quarters Claim S. M. P. Detectives Held By Chinese Police

A foreigner and a Chinese were believed to have been apprehended by members of the Special Municipality Police at the intersection of Connaught and Singapore Roads shortly before 11 p.m. yesterday. The identity of the two persons could not be ascertained up to the time of going to press and the police declined to give any information regarding the matter.

According to the version reaching the "North-China Daily News" just after midnight, the foreigner and Chinese were proceeding in a motor vehicle, the licenee number of which could not be ascertained, when the Special Municipality men commandeered the car and ordered it to drive into territory under their jurisdiction.

Chinese sources early this morning claimed to know that the two men were S.M.P. detectives and that they were making enquiries when they were arrested. Efforts to obtain the release of the two officers, these same sources added were well under way by 12.30 a.m. it was believed likely that they would be released within a short time.

This version should be taken with the utmost reserve, however, since it lacks confirmation from official or even reliable quarters.

Assurances from Soviet Wanted in London

Trade Might be Helpful To Germany

London, May 8.

Prior to entering into any trade agreement with the Kremlin, Great Britain must have convincing proof that such an agreement will not benefit Germany, however indirectly;

This, according to well-informed circles, is the gist of the statement made by British Foreign Minister Lord Halifax to Soviet Ambassador Ivan Maisky when the latter called on him today.

A semi-official comment issued in the British capital was limited to a confirmation that Lord Halifax had given the Russian envoy the British answers to the recent Soviet note, and had asked for an explanation of certain points of the note.

Lord Halifax, according to persons well-acquainted with the situation, made clear that Britain cannot be satisfied with a mere assertion that British goods shipped to Russia will not be re-exported to the Reich, but also wishes a guarantee that these goods will not be used to replace Russian goods thus liberated for shipment to Germany.

Great Britain will also desire to know to what extent the purchases she will make in the U.S.S.R. would limit the materials available to Germany.—Havas.

Red Army Conferences In Progress

Moscow, May 9.

Coincident with the appointment of Marshal Semyon Timoshenko as Commissar for Defence, it was reported here that special Red Army and Communist Party conferences were taking place at Leningrad, Kiev, Minsk, Kalinen and other military districts yesterday.—United Press.

Two Arrested After Lengthy Gun Battle

Loot Recovered and Further Arrest Made

A thrilling gun battle was fought between two robbers and members of the French Concession police along Rue de la Mission and Rue du Consulat at about 8.20 a.m. yesterday, as a result of which the criminals and a man who admitted having rented a revolver to them, are now in custody and will appear in the Second Special District Court this morning. One of the robbers was shot in the thigh, while no one else was injured notwithstanding the large number of pedestrians who were on the streets at the time.

The two robbers had just perpetrated a hold-up in a room of the King Kong Tai Hotel, 36 Rue de la Mission, where they had stolen $552 and a gold ring from two Chinese merchants who were discussing business at the time. Instead of walking away from the scene of the crime as if nothing had happened, one of the robbers lost his nerve and started running. A pedestrian noticed a revolver in his hand and raised the alarm. At the same time, a private watchman employed in the vicinity took up the chase and fired two shots in the direction of the fleeing gunman but they missed their mark. Police whistles soon sounded whereupon a Russian auxiliary policeman and C.P.C. 1019 dashed to the scene and saw that the gunman was running rapidly eastward on Rue du Consulat. The C.P.C. fired one shot hitting him in the thigh.

Robber Arrested

He continued running, however, and at the intersection of Rue Petit he was finally apprehended after Mr. Tchelpenoff, who was passing there at the time, barred the gunman's only way of escape.

Meanwhile, C.P.C. 631 who was chasing the other robber, finally caught him with the assistance of another constable who was on traffic duty at the intersection of Rue du Consulat and Rue Montauban.

The two men were taken to the Poste Mallet where a search revealed them to be in the possession of the stolen money and ring. Questioned with regard to the revolver in which five rounds of ammunition were found, the criminals admitted having rented it from a man living at an address in Rue Brenier de Montmorand. A raid was made by a police party which apprehended an individual admitted having rented the weapon to the two criminals.

N.E.I. Tighten Control Of Foreign Trade

Tokyo, May 9.

Acting under instructions from the Japanese Foreign Office Mr. Sotoji Saito, Japanese Consul-General at Batavia, today filed a protest with the Government of the Netherlands East Indies against its alleged strengthening of control over the importation of Japanese chinaware, it was learned here.

Fearing the extention of the European conflict to the Netherlands, the Batavia government has been making efforts to increase its exchange fund by exercising more rigid control over its foreign trade and restricting the importation of unnecessary goods, observers here pointed out.—Domei.

THE CINEMA

"Grand Jury Secrets"

John Keefe	John Howard
Agnes Carren	Gail Patrick
Bright Eyes	William Frawley
Michael Keefe	Harvey Stephens
Mrs. Keefe	Jane Darwell
Anthony Pelton	Porter Hall
Robson	John Hartley
Thomas Reedy	Morgan Conway
Robert Austin	Elisha Cook, Jr.
Norman Hazlitt	Elisha Cook, Jr.
Doyle	Jack Norton
Murphy	Richard Denning
Billy Hargroves	Gordon Jones
Herzog	Charles Jackson
Miss Clark	Kitty Kelly
Frankie	Johnny Morris

Of interest to radio amateurs is the current presentation at the Grand Theatre, "Grand Jury Secrets," which skilfully tells of methods employed by certain sections of the American press to secure information about criminal matters that, when released, can only aid the nefarious criminals in their apparently never-ceasing fight against justice. The plot is well-knitted together and with a dash of comic relief and a spice of romance thrown in for good measure, the story proceeds at a pace that is always entertaining. Mr. John Howard as the ever-resourceful reporter, improves upon his previous performances with a sterling portrayal while Mr. William Frawley, as the "screwball" photographer provides plenty of amusement. Miss Gail Patrick has little to do, but what she does more than enhances her already established reputation. Good entertainment.—P.B.G.

"I Take This Woman"

Karl Decker	Spencer Tracy
Georgi Gragore	Hedy Lamarr
Cesca Marcesca	Verree Teasdale
Phil Mayberry	Kent Taylor
Linda Rogers	Laraine Day
Sandra Mayberry	Mona Barrie
Joe	Jack Carson
Dr. Duveen	Louis Calhern
Bill Rogers	Paul Cavanagh
Lola Estermont	Frances Drake
Gertie	Marjorie Main

With Mr. Spencer Tracy playing the slum doctor, who by sheer "misfortune" graduated to a high-class firm on Park Avenue and subsequently resolved to return to the East Side of New York to be among his people, "I Take This Woman" opened at the Roxy Theatre yesterday. Mr. Tracy has as his foil the glamorous Miss Hedy Lamarr, who should be a treat for the ladies, wearing so well, as she does, beautiful costumes and furs. She has not arrived at the stage of competency expected from a Hollywood star, but this fact should not be a negating factor to people who like excellent entertainment. Mr. Tracy is called upon to run the gamut of emotions, not as a certain critic in America expressed herself regarding an actress—from A to B—but he "hits high" fom A to Z. The film is not intended to be an exposé of the medical profession, but it does point out how many individuals have perverted their God-given call, in answer to their social leanings and the demand for the dollar. Smart dialogue characterizes the film and such a small remark as "Remember the Chinese proverb, 'time wounds all heels'" is indicative of the fast repartee which dominates the lighter portions. A strong supporting cast of principals together with a well chosen group of extras aid and abet the stars to make of this a picture one where one may relax and enjoy oneself.—C.S.H.

"Danger on Wheels"

Larry Taylor	Richard Arlen
"Guppy" Wexel	Andy Devine
Pat O'Shea	Peggy Moran
"Pop" O'Shea	Herbert Corthell
Jones	Harry Bradley
June Allen	Sandra King
Lloyd B. Allen	Landers Stevens
Danny Winkler	John Holmes
Bruce Crowley	Jack Arnold
Parker	Jack Rice
Esme	Mary Treen

The thrills of motor car racing, coupled with a touch of intrigue and generous quantities of romance characterize the current picture at the Cathay Theatre, "Danger on Wheels," in which Mr. Richard Arlen has the starring role as the racing driver. "Inside" shots of the testing grounds, mechanics at work in the pits and the hazards of the track vividly are portrayed. It film greatly is enhanced by the introduction of newsreel shots, neathy woven into the plot structure of actual scenes in which speeding vehicles collide and in some cases are thrown off the track, causing death to driver and mechanic. Miss Peggy Moran and Miss Sandra King, among the younger generation in Hollywood, give evidence of their ability and much may be expected of them. Of course, Mr. Andy Devine needs no introduction to Shanghai and his dry humour are a definite asset to the picture.

The feature is preceded by "Patio Serenade," a musicale of the Latin type, another of the "Stranger than Fiction" series and one with which most of Shanghai is familiar, "One Armed Bandit."—W.A.G.

Specially designed postage stamps are to be issued in England, to mark the centenary of the adhesive postage stamp. They will be on sale to the public from May 6, the actual centenary date, for a period of about two months.

INSURE YOUR PONIES . . . INEXPENSIVE!

BRUCE S JENKINS FEDERAL INC., U.S.A.

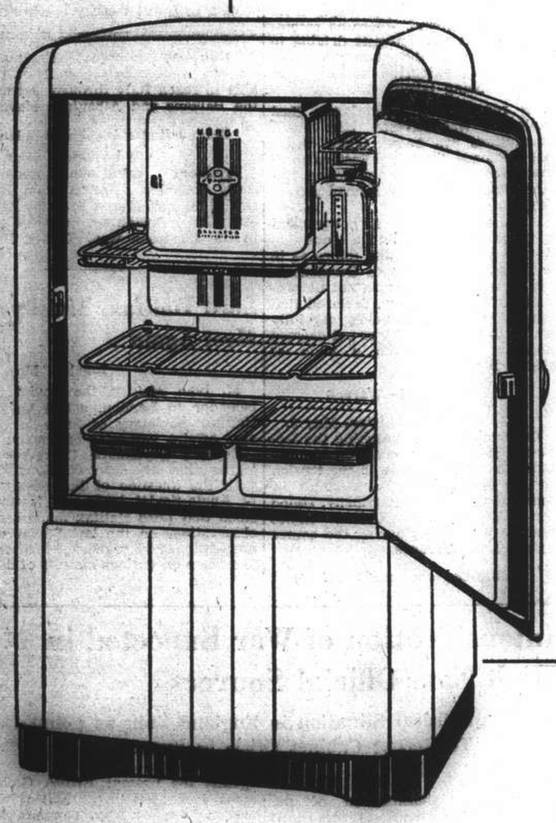
Telephone 17272 113 Kiukiang Road

If you desire the Choicest of Delicacies at the Most Reasonable Prices, Then pay a visit to

VASSOS & CO.

662 Avenue Joffre Telephone 72512

• NORGE



The Norge Rollator compressor has changed refrigeration history. Discovered in 1925 in an obscure workshop in St. Louis, Missouri, the "Rollator" principle has been refined from year to year.

The Rollator Unit of 1940 is the marvel of the industry.

•

On display at 878 Bubbling Well Road

ELECTRIC & MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (China) LTD.

TELEPHONE 36865

"Land Sakes...

"Ah neva realized how impohtant it is to have good health. Ah neva gave it a thought until one day ah ovahheard a lady tell how she suffered from jumpy nerves, unrestful sleep, poor appetite and indigestion and how she was cured by taking regularly Wakamoto Yeast Tablets. Now ah know what to do to keep myself in good health."

WAKAMOTO

The Powerful Tonic and Rejuvenator

素若 血補身強 養營腸胃

Obtainable from all leading pharmacies

FROM DAY TO DAY

Mr. W. J. Keswick, Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council, paid a courtesy call this morning on Mayor Fu Siao-en.

Sponsored by the Czechoslovak Circle, a tea dance will be held at the American Women's Club, Bubbling Well Road, between 4.30 and 6.30 p.m. on Sunday.

The Canadian Pacific have received a supply of Pamphlets entitled "Mile High" Banff Golf Course, illustrating the 18 Greens. Anyone interested may apply for a copy.

Owing to the fog the arrival of ss. Tsingtao Maru has been delayed. She is expected to arrive tomorrow and her departure is postponed one day. She will sail for Tsingtao and Dairen on Sunday.

Mr. Nobutoshi Amamiya, influential Japanese resident of Peru, now in Japan, will leave today from Nagasaki for China to see the Central China and North China fronts. He will also go to Manchoukuo.

Japanese civilian and military officials will celebrate the first anniversary of the establishment of the Hwa Hsing Commercial Bank with a cocktail party at the Astor House Hotel on May 10, the "Shanghai Mainichi" stated yesterday.

Mrs. G. E. Marden, president of the Ministering Children's League, regrets very much that she will be unable to be present at the Fun Fair on May 18 at Charter House, 158 Edinburgh Road. Mrs. H. C. Hopkins has very kindly consented to act on her behalf.

High Chinese Government officials and representatives of foreign news agencies attended a memorial service held in Chungking yesterday for Messrs. Li Jao-ching and Liu Po-sen, members of the staff of the "Central News Agency" who were killed in a recent Japanese air raid, states the "Sin Wan Pao."

A party of 10 students from Sinkiang, led by Mr. Ai Sha, Muslim leader in Sinkiang and member of the Legislative Yuan, arrived on Wednesday in Kweiyang from Kunming states the "Sin Wan Pao." Mr. Ai Sha and the students are en route to Chungking where the latter will receive training under the auspices of the Chinese Government.

A branch office of the Northwest Economic Research Bureau was formally inaugurated in Lanchow, capital of Kansu province, on Wednesday, states a message to the "Shun Pao." The Bureau and the Rural Economy Department of the Northwest Technical Institute will jointly issue bulletins concerning economic conditions in the Northwest provinces, the report adds.

An order has been issued by the Ningpo authorities forbidding the importation of luxuries, and local shipping circles have been instructed to comply with the order which becomes effective immediately, says the "Sin Wan Pao." This order, which is being issued as a wartime economic measure, forbids the importation of goods such as cosmetics and sweetmeats, the paper states.

The home and garden section of the British Women's Association will meet today at 10 a.m. at Mrs. W. J. Gande's Garden, 20 Hollyheath. Mrs. Gande will talk on "Chemical Experiments." Members requiring lifts should meet at Bubbling Well Road by the Cemetery, cars leaving there at 9.30 a.m. There will also be a car at the junction of Tunsin Road and Great Western Road for the conveyance of members living further west.

A judge who was pensioned a day too soon "through inadvertence" has received from the British Treasury an extra £6. 2. 3d., the difference between his salary and pension for that day. This payment is shown in the accounts of the Civil Contingencies Fund for 1938 which have just been published. The accounts also show that Britain's share of the expenses of the Antarctic search (by the Discovery II) for the American airman-explorer, Ellsworth, nearly four years ago, was £43.18.8d.

Charity concert sponsored by the China Harmonica Society to be held at the Metropol Theatre on May 12, at 10 a.m. The programme includes such classical pieces as the "Blue Danube" "Espana" waltz and above all the "Zampa" overture. There will be a violin solo by a member of the S.M.C., Orchestra Mr. Dik Russel who will play "Serenade Melancholic" by Tschaikowski, and some pieces played on an accordion by Mr. C. S. Wong. The tickets for this excellent programme can be obtained at the Metropol Theatre.

Rather an unusual advertisement appeared in an English paper recently and is believed to be the first of its kind. It would seem to open up a new field for speculators. The advertisement read as follows: — "County Court Judgments for Sale; 1,500 judgments throughout the country; average debt £5, payable 8/- monthly; leave under Emergency Powers Act in most cases. Would sell specified Courts is necessary Any reasonable offer will be considered." A County Court Registrar told a reporter that while the idea of advertising the orders for sale was new, there was no legal objection.

The municipal advocate in his report states that a total number of 11,432 cases were prosecuted in the Shanghai First Special Area District Court and the Kiangsu High Court, Second Branch, during the month of April, as compared with 11,100 cases in March. Out of the total number of cases prosecuted during April, 9,296 were administrative cases and 2,136 were criminal cases. Out of the total number of administrative cases brought to trial, 6,003 persons failed to appear and their bail was confiscated and 33 were withdrawn, as compared with 5,875 cases in which bail was confiscated and eight cases withdrawn in March.

Norwegian Heroism in Sinking Of Gneisenau Described

Mr. K. A. Persen Reveals Part of Inside Story Of His Country's Resistance to Nazi Invasion

HOW a small Norwegian torpedo-boat sank Germany's crack warship in the treacherous German attack on Oslo was revealed on Wednesday evening in a broadcast by Mr. K. A. Persen, local Norwegian resident. Mr. Persen, quoting from a broadcast speech by the Norwegian Foreign Minister when he was in London, affirmed his countrymen's confidence in ultimate freedom and victory, in spite of recent successes by the "forces of disorder." German attempts to capture the King of Norway and Members of the Norwegian Parliament were also related, and tribute paid to a small band of soldiers who made the attempt a failure. Mr. Persen said:

"We are all fully aware that the forces of disorder have continued to reap certain important victories in Norway, particularly during the last month. I am not going to labour the point, which is quite obvious, and stands out clearly from the conflicting news dispatches, that this war is exactly the kind of war that Hitler wanted it to be: not a war fought between man and man, but a war in which, from his point of view, there is absolutely no room for chivalry, in which the sanctity of homes, the protection of innocent women and children, have no place whatever. A war in short, which would have made the most ruthless warriors of olden days blush with shame.

"I do not know how many of you had the privilege of hearing the speech made by Professor Halvdan Koht, Norway's Foreign Minister, broadcast from London yesterday. Had you listened to him you might have said that in the main his speech did not differ much from speeches made by similarly placed persons. But I want to stress certain facts which struck me while listening to this talk which he addressed to the British Commonwealth of Nations; but which he might with equal justification have broadcast to all the civilized parts of the globe. It was not so much what he said: it was the firm and optimistic belief he voiced, despite the disappointments which he in particular as a Norwegian, must have felt in connection with the military situation in the south and central parts of Norway.

Final Victory Assured

"He emphasized the fact that by the assistance of our Allies, Norway will finally emerge once more as the same free and independent state it was before the German aggression. He gave expression to something that has been the quintessence of the attitude of the Norwegian King and his Government from the very first moment the German invasion became a reality, and this is the important point; this is the explanation of the fact that we as one of the world's smallest nations took up the struggle without hesitation against the largest military machine that the world has ever seen. It is this statement which the civilized world ought to make its own, because it is on this fact that the final outcome of this struggle will rest, namely: *the instinctive love of liberty which is the dominating characteristic of every Norwegian no less than that of our Allies and of every person on this earth who possesses even the smallest particle of real decency and self-respect.*

"Knowing this to be a living fact, it was impossible for our King and Government to reach any other decision than the one they took: no matter the odds, to fight against the invaders. It is exactly at this point that two of the ruling principles in the world today collide: the principle of the dictatorship which only knows one law, the law of brutality and a slavish submission to a worshipped usurper who considers himself imbued with the mystical and godlike qualities of a heathen mythology, and on the other side the principle of true liberty which has influenced the civilized world for centuries. When the choice between these two principles had to be made, the Norwegians without hesitation, followed the latter. As our staunch and resolute Foreign Minister expressed it: "The future will show that Norway will regain its complete freedom even if some time may elapse before this becomes a fact."

Sinking of the Gneisenau

"And now I shall give you the true version of the sinking of the German battleship Gneisenau and I believe that you will agree with me that this incident proves what can be done even with inferior equipment when the will to resist is present. In the outer reaches of the Oslofjord, near Bolaerne, in the dawn of April 9, a small Norwegian torpedo-boat hailed the German battleship Gneisenau and signalled the Germans that they were inside Norwegian territorial waters. The Gneisenau replied by informing the torpedo-boat that it had to surrender, to which unexpected demand the Germans received a firm "No." In the same moment, the Gneisenau opened fire and the young Norwegian lieutenant in command of the torpedo-boat had both his legs shot off. His second-in-command managed to manœuvre his craft into position, and the torpedo sped on its way towards the German battleship, striking it amidships. The Gneisenau began to heel over, and at this time one of the coastal batteries, equipped with heavy guns, opened fire and completed the work of this tiny and old-fashioned torpedo-boat. The pride of the German navy had met its fate and its crew endeavoured to save themselves as well as they could by making for the Norwegian coast, where the population provided the exhausted and wounded German sailors with first aid and lodging. We Norwegians have of course the fault (from the German point of view) since we have not taken part in any war for 126 years that we still observe in spite of the Nazi inhuman and merciless methods of warfare, humane considerations towards our enemies.

"This fact also manifested itself in Roeros when the Germans, after a wanton bombardment of the city streets and the machine-gunning of its civilian population, attempted to occupy the city. A German motor-cyclist fell and broke his leg and some of the naive inhabitants of Roeros picked him up and carried him on an improvized stretcher to the town's hospital, which strangely enough had not been destroyed by the bombardment.

Attempt to Capture King

"When the Norwegian King, the Government and the Members of Parliament left Oslo on their way to Hamar in order to organize the country's resistance, there was no opportunity to provide the train by which they left with the usual military protection in the form of adequate guards. Aware of this fact the German military attaché to Oslo, who had boasted that he would return to the city with the King and the Government and the Members of Parliament as prisoners by the same train, had left Oslo with a mechanized unit in order to carry out his plan. He was fully confident that he would be able to return to Oslo in the typical Germanic triumphant manner after a 'successful' expedition, and by so doing not only have succeeded in inducing the Norwegians to capitulate, but beyond doubt earned the highest Nazi distinction for his 'feat'.

"When the train arrived at Lillestroem the airdrome near by was already being bombed by German 'planes; but it was possible to continue the journey towards Hamar. It was at this stage of the journey that the Norwegian authorities received information that the German mechanized unit led by Hitler's brave military attaché was on its way from Oslo. About an hour's journey by rail from Hamar fifteen Norwegian soldiers took up the battle against this far superior German unit. These fifteen men managed to hold up the Germans for more than an hour, thus enabling the King and his party to arrive safely at Hamar. Some day when our country will once more be entirely free from the invaders the graves of these fifteen Norwegian soldiers will become a place of pilgrimage for every Norwegian. It will be Norway's grave of 'Unknown Soldiers.'

Struggle of Ideologies

"Fortunately for the world in spite of the efficiency of the German propaganda machine it is becoming increasingly clear that this is not, as the Dictatorships maintain, a struggle between British and French imperialists on one side and Germany's 'modest' desire for *'Lebensraum'* on the other. It is in reality a life and death struggle between two ideologies. A decisive battle between those human qualities for which the world has always fought and suffered, and a one-sided, brutal system which has as its aim to conquer the world and to force human beings into mental strait-jackets, transforming them into slaves without the right and ability to think and act like independent men. The question is then: shall we, and those who come after us be permitted to live like human beings and individuals enjoying the satisfaction that we have, no matter what our station in life may be, a free and personal contribution to make not only towards our own welfare, but also in the interest of the entire human race; or shall the result be that we will be wiped out as personalities and incorporated in a system which will be ruled by a race considering itself *alone* to be possessed of godlike qualities and in comparison with which other races are inferior and only fit to carry out the tasks of mental robots."

Cotton Hong Manager Kidnapped

Streamlined Car Used By Armed Criminals

Forcing a Ford hire car to a halt by placing their streamlined sedan in front of the lane from which the taxi was emerging on Yu Yuen Road at about 9.10 a.m. yesterday, three men wearing Sun Ya-Tsen style uniforms and armed with Mauser military pistols whisked away Mr. Sung Ling-sung, 49-year old manager of a cotton hong with offices at room 103, Hamilton House.

Mr. Sung usually leaves his home at House 65, Lane 749, Yu Yuen Road, well before 9 a.m. but yesterday his car broke down so that he was delayed until a hire car had arrived. He boarded the vehicle and requested the driver to proceed to Hamilton House. The taxi had almost arrived on the main road when a modern black sedan placed itself at the entrance of the lane in such a manner as to prevent the taxi from proceeding. Three armed men jumped out, ascertained that Mr. Sung was in the car and thereupon ordered him to join them in theirs which sped off in a westerly direction.

Police from Bubbling Well station arrived a few minutes afterwards but were unable to find any trace of the kidnappers' car. The licence number of the car used by the criminals could not be ascertained.

M. Sung is the manager of the Yuen Sing Tak Cotton Hong and is well known in business circles here. He is not believed to be wealthy and friends of the victim questioned by the "North-China Daily News" yesterday were unable to give a possible motive for the kidnapping. By late last night no trace of Mr. Sung had been found.

Decree Absolute Given By H.M. Court

A decree absolute was granted the petitioner, Mrs. K. N. Watson, by Assistant-Judge P. Grant Jones, against the respondent, Mr. F. H. Watson, in a divorce hearing in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday. Mr. R. G. McDonald appeared for the petitioner.

HARRISONS, KING & IRWIN, LIMITED.
549 Szechuen Road

Turners Asbestos Cement Co.
ROOFINGS and ALLIED PRODUCTS

BUILDING SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT
Telephone 15510

Pope Prays for Divine Intervention

Vatican City, May 9.

The possibility of the war spreading to other countries was referred to by the Pope in an address to several thousand newly-married couples at the Vatican. He declared: "If human efforts do not now seem strong enough to secure prompt re-establishment of a just and loyal lasting peace, men can still pray for divine intervention to reunite once again, in peace, their children who had been so cruelly divided."—Reuter.

Larceny Complaint Against Briton

Pawnshop Assistant Gives Evidence About Typewriter In H. M. Police Court

On a complaint of having obtained a typewriter from Messrs. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., on false pretences by means of a trick on April 3, Fred Woelz, appeared before Mr. C. H. Haines, H. M. Registrar, in H.M. Police Court yesterday. Mr. P. Watkin Williams prosecuted the case for the S.M.P. while Mr. K. E. Newman appeared as counsel for the accused.

Lee Yih-soong, assistant employed by the Li Ho pawnshop at 115 Route des Soeurs, said that at 4.40 p.m. on April 3 a foreigner came into the shop and pawned a typewriter. Witness identified a book which was produced in court as a foreigners' signature book belonging to the pawnshop. The number of the typewriter which was pawned was in the book. When the police inquired concerning the typewriter, he handed the machine over to the police. In answer to a question put to him by Mr. Newman, the witness said that if any important property were pawned by foreigners the shop assistants must ask the foreigners to sign the book. The sum of $165, which was written in the book, was the amount advanced for the typewriter.

Wong Miao-kung, shipping clerk at Dodwell's, said that he saw a foreigner in a black suit go into the manager's office on the afternoon of April 3 and come out with a typewriter. After a conversation with Mr. George S. Dovey, manager of the office equipment department, the witness followed the foreigner in a rickshaw along Jinkee Road to the Bund, and then South along the Bund. At Hankow Road there was a traffic jam and the witness lost sight of the man he was following. He could not identify the foreigner.

Marine Superintendent

Mr. Ralph Allan Saunders, Marine Superintendent of the Asiatic Petroleum Company, said that no one by the name of D. Wilson was ever on the floating staff of the A.P.C. Mr. Saunders said that he knew all of the members of the floating staff and the accused was not on it.

Miao Ah-mao, a coolie in the employ of Dodwell & Co., said that he went to Central Police Station on April 8 where he handed over $165 and brought out a typewriter. He brought the typewriter, a small Underwood, back to Mr. Dovey.

A detective-sergeant of the S.M.P., Mr. John Henry Ware, said that at 9 a.m. on April 5 he went to the Li Ho pawnshop and inspected an Underwood portable typewriter No. G-1221626. He took the typewriter from the shop to his office in Central Police Station where it remained until 3 p.m. on April 8, when he handed it over to Miao Ah-mao, an employee of Dodwell & Co.

Mr. R. M. Goldsack of the office equipment department of Dodwell's, told the court that he first saw the accused in the latter part of March. The accused called at the office again on the morning of April 3 and asked about a typewriter and in the afternoon, as the witness was going into the office, he met the accused coming out with a typewriter. Witness then had a telephone conversation with Mr. Saunders. Mr. Goldsack next saw the accused on the Bund at 5.30 p.m. on April 30 and asked him what he was going to do about the typewriter. The accused replied that he was in a hurry and that he would see the witness some other time, whereupon Mr. Goldsack asked him to come along to Central Police Station.

The hearing was adjourned until 10 a.m. tomorrow.

SAVE MONEY
IT'S THRIFTY TO INSTALL NEW CHAMPIONS
CHAMPION SPARK PLUGS
Bring BETTER HILL CLIMBING
Good hot sparks from Champion spark plugs will give your car the kind of ignition it needs for a smooth, even pull up a hill. Champions allow less carbon to form, so you get more speed, more power, more economy. Champions save you money!
Champion Spark Plug Co., Toledo, Ohio, U.S.A.

Community Church Annual Meeting

Ground Broken and is Consecrated for New School Building

A large number of members and friends attended the 20th annual dinner and business meeting of Community Church on May 8, with Mr. Mansfield Freeman, chairman of the governing board, presiding.

At 6.30 p.m. the meeting assembled on the Church lawn where the Pastor, Dr. John Lyon Caughey, read a passage of scripture and offered an invocation, following which Dr. J. C. McCracken, a charter member of the Church and several times chairman of the Governing Board, formally broke ground for the new building. The Pastor then consecrated the structure to the glory of God and for the religious instruction and development of the youth of the Church. Rev. C. L. Boynton, also a charter member, gave a historically detailed and personally reminiscent statement of the origin and development of the Church and the Church School, and the Pastor pronounced a benediction. At 7 p.m., the meeting moved inside the Church to enjoy the dinner served by the Women's Auxiliary under the direction of Mrs. L. C. Hylbert.

After dinner, Miss Eleanor M. Hinder of the Child Protection Service of the Shanghai Municipal Council expressed her gratitude to the Church for making available to her the services of a qualified social worker. Miss Hinder gave an interesting report of the work of this social worker among delinquent and under-privileged Chinese children and expressed her belief that this work will eventually lead to the establishment of a juvenile court in Shanghai.

Church Activities

Reports on other Church activities followed. Mrs. Grace Condit gave a most interesting and graphic report of the general activities of the Church. Mrs. C. L. Boynton, chairman of the welfare committee, reported that the year's contributions to various benevolences amounted to approximately C.N.$10,000. Mr. D. W. Edwards, chairman of the building campaign, announced that a balance of approximately U.S.$2,500 had yet to be raised to cover the cost of the new building and appealed for additional contributions on a liberal scale from those who have not yet contributed.

Governing Board

The following were elected by the meeting to serve on the governing board during the coming year: M. S. Chen, Mrs. E. E. Walline, E. S. Wise, and on the Board for a two-year term: Mrs. N. F. Allman, Rev. C. L. Boynton, D. W. Edwards, Mrs. John L. Hendry, K. Z. Li, and B. W. Smith.

Mr. Freeman then paid a tribute to Dr. and Mrs. Caughey, soon to depart for the United States on a holiday. In reply, Dr. Caughey spoke of their long interest in China, their appreciation of the place in the city and the Orient held by Community Church, their belief in its future, and their earnest expectation of returning in the fall for a further term of service. The meeting closed with the singing of a hymn and a benediction pronounced by the Pastor.

Rice Prices Show Slight Decline

The prices for rice were somewhat easier yesterday, a piculd of Saigon rice being obtainable at between $48 and $50.50, while the Nui Mee quality was quoted at between $41.50 and $42.50 a picul. This represents a decline of $1 and $50 cents, respectively.

TO-DAY!
Apricot, Pineapple Chiffon Pie
$3.20 each
Bakerite Chocolate Shops

CUISINE of QUALITY
DD's
815 Avenue Joffre
Tel. 71609
870 Bubbling Well
Tel. 38092

Watchman Sues for Rice Money in H.M. Court

Indian Claims Co-Worker Appropriated Allowance

Action was brought in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday by Narain Singh against Lahana Singh for the sum of $260, which he claimed was payable by the defendant, who had received it for the use of the plaintiff. Narain Singh was represented by Mr. R. G. McDonald, and Lahana Singh by Mr. E. T. Maitland. The case was heard by Judge P. Grant Jones.

Mr. McDonald opened by stating that Narain Singh was employed as a watchman by Messrs. Reuter, Brockelmann & Co. at their warehouse on Baikal Road, from September 1937 to December 1939. The firm paid the defendant $10 a month rice money from 1937 for use of the plaintiff, who claims that he has not received it.

Giving evidence, Narain Singh said that on December 15, 1939, he and two other watchmen were paid their usual wages, but no rice money. On asking for an extra allowance they were told that they had no need of it as they were already drawing this $10. This was the first that they had heard of this. Asked why he had not brought action earlier the plaintiff stated that he had tried to settle the matter out of court. The case was adjourned.

German Papers in N.E.I. Banned

Amsterdam, May 8.

Two Nazi papers in the Netherland East Indies have been banned by the authorities. The two newsorgans, the "Het Licht" and "National Dagblad," were accused of grossly infringing the rules of neutrality.—Havas.

Complexion Troubles?

Are you worried by pimples, acne, boils? These and other skin complaints are usually due to neglect of internal cleansing, for if waste matter is allowed to accumulate poisons escape into the blood stream and cause skin eruptions.

A simple way to avoid such blemishes is to take an occasional dose of Pinkettes, the dainty, non-habit-forming little laxative pills. They are obtainable from chemists everywhere and are equally good for men and women.

PINKETTES
Banish skin blemishes.

Firestone
MORE MILEAGE
MORE SAFETY
Distributors
JENNY'S MOTORS
177 Route Amiral Courbet
Telephone 73165, 73178, 73939

Crazed Japanese Woman Drowns Own Child

Harbin, May 8.

Harbin was shocked today by the story of a Japanese woman, mother of three, who apparently went insane, drowned her two-year-old daughter and attacked the other two children.

The woman, Toyo Matsumoto, 31, is the wife of an S.M.R. employee named Taichi Matsumoto. She drowned her baby daughter in the Sungari early in the morning, then came home, told her husband she intended to kill the two other children, and sprang on them with a knife. She inflicted minor injuries before her husband could stop her.—Havas.

The BRER FOX
NIGHT CLUB & RESTAURANT
ENJOY DANCING
THE LATEST
DANCE CRAZE...
BOOMBS-A-DAISY
FEATURED NIGHTLY
ALEX and his
JAM SESSION
CLASSICAL & DANCE ORCHESTRA
SMARTEST NIGHT CLUB IN THE CITY
Telephone 11340

Are you INSURED against BURGLARY?
AMERICAN ASIATIC UNDERWRITERS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
17 The Bund Tel. 11144

MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA at the LYCEUM THEATRE
Sun., May 12 at 5.15 p.m.
30th Symphony Concert
LAST
BACH—BRAHMS—BEETHOVEN
PROGRAMME of the SEASON
Fuga in D major arranged by Respighi
Symphony in F No. 3
Piano-Concerto in G No. 4
Soloist:
ROBERT KOHNER
Conductor: Maestro MARIO PACI
AT USUAL PRICES: Booking at the LYCEUM.

Men Who Did the Fighting and Their Prisoners

Back from Norway where they sank a German transport in the Skagger.k, these British bluejackets are all smiles as they prepare to land in England.

The main street of Elverum, Central Norway, after an intense bombing by German aircraft. The town is a junction of two railways running to Oslo.

One hunarea and thirty officers and men of H.M.S. Hardy (went aground at Narvik) and H.M.S. Eclipse marching to the Horse Guards to be inspected by Mr. Churchill.

Members of a German submarine crew seen alongside one of H.M. warships in a rubber boat which was launched when their vessel was sunk by the Royal Navy.

German prisoners, landed from the British submarine, Snapper, which accounted for four or five German ships, are seen being marched away under military escort.

Members of the crew of a German submarine seen aboard one of H.M. warships after they had been saved from drowning. An object lesson to the Nazi High Command.

Mayor Fu Protests To Council

Murder of Chinese Outside Metropole Ballroom Cause Of Letter to S.M.C.

A sharp protest on the assassination of Mr. Hsia Tze-ting, Councillor of the Shanghai Municipal Government and concurrently managing director of the Central China Fisheries Company, last Monday night in front of the Metropole Gardens, was filed with Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, Secretary and Commissioner-General of the Shanghai Municipal Council, by Mr. Fu Sho-en, Mayor of the Shanghai Special Municipality, the "Taitsu Shimpo" reported yesterday morning.

The protest, according to the paper, severely criticized the "lack of sincerity" on the part of the officials of the Shanghai Municipal Council for failing to take appropriate steps to apprehend the parties responsible for the murder.

Terrorists at Large

Mayor Fu's protest further is reported to have pointed out that anti-Japanese terrorists in the Shanghai International Settlement, who are in the pay of the Chungking régime, are making every effort to strengthen their position here in order to carry on a reign of terror.

Stressing the necessity of smashing the terrorists, the protest declared, "We sincerely hope that the Shanghai Municipal Council will apprehend the assassins as soon as possible and punish them in accordance with the law."

The protest further declared, "We also hope that the S.M.C. will take appropriate action against these anti-Japanese newspapers here which are financed by the Chungking régime and which are disturbing the new order in East Asia by reporting fabrications and agitating the populace."

British China Relief Fund Now £217,000

Sir Herbert Phillips Asks For Further Support

London, May 9.

At the annual meeting of the British Fund for Relief of Distress in China, Sir Herbert Phillips, sometime H.B.M.'s Consul-General at Shanghai, emphasized the unanimity with which the most diverse religious bodies, from Buddhists to Roman Catholics, co-operated in distributing relief.

He paid warm tribute to Sir Robert Calder Marshall, a "tower of strength," to the funds to the Executive Committee in Shanghai, and also to the assistance of many business men, doctors and missionaries.

He said that $5,000,000 were needed between January and June this year. He was sure that Britain, whose generosity was deeply appreciated in China, would continue to help.

The Secretary of the Fund, Dr. Gordon Thompson, said that the Fund had now reached £217,000, and that over £14,000 had been received since last September, despite the European war, besides quantities of materials.—Reuter.

Agreement Reached on Peter Maersk Cargo

Manila, May 9.

British authorities at Hongkong have accepted the original bills of lading as proof of the non-enemy character of shipments aboard the Danish steamer Peter Maersk, the High Commissioner's Office announced today.

All the cargo of the Danish ship has been unloaded in Hongkong, but the Prize Court Marshal has asked that a general average bond and deposit be signed by Manila consignees of the goods removed from the vessel, the High Commissioner's Office said. The Court may permit the sale of damaged cargo at Hongkong it added.—United Press.

Workers Demonstration In Singapore

Political Pressure Denied By Colonial Secretary

London, May 9.

In reply to a question put to him in the House of Commons yesterday, by Mr. Wilfred Paling, Labour member for Yorkshire, West Riding, Wentworth division, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Secretary of State for the Colonies, gave details of a demonstration of workers at Singapore on May 1.

Mr. Paling then asked Mr. MacDonald whether he would see that these applications for higher wages and better conditions were not denied on the grounds that they were merely Communist propaganda.

Mr. MacDonald replied that the Chinese workers had asked for increased wages, and had received them. In this case, he said, the agitation was purely a political one.—Reuter.

Yugoslav and German Trade Parleys

Committees Formed to Deal with Matter

Belgrade, May 8.

Five sub-committees were formed today at the first sitting of the Yugoslav-German economic parleys here.

The new sub-committees will deal with agricultural exports of Yugoslavia, other exports, payments, German imports, and customs questions.

The committee entrusted with the last question will have the task of preparing a "new regime" in the exchanges between Yugoslavia and the Bohemia-Moravia Protectorate when the latter is incorporated into the Reich's customs system.

The German delegates, well-informed quarters declare, raised the question of Yugoslav exports to the Reich, as well as the matter of preferential tariffs to be enjoyed by the Reich on Yugoslav products.

Yugoslavia is prepared to export to Germany as much as the German deliveries on Yugoslavia orders warrant, these same circles concluded."—Havas.

Kidnapped Men Back Home

Held by Loafers for Week, Then Released

Messrs. Vong Chia-chang and Lee Ts-dong, departmental managers of the Nanyang Bros. Tob. Co., Yu Yuen Road, who were kidnapped at about 1 p.m. on May 2, as they were about to return to work after the noon recess, returned to their homes early yesterday morning, little the worse for their experience.

It appears that they had hardly been in the hands of their captors for more than five minutes when they were blindfolded and led to what they believed to be a strawhut in the western district. There, the victims were searched and everything they carried on their persons was taken from them. One of the two had a gold watch which was returned to him, however, because the kidnappers thought that it was brass. Seeing that their captives had very few if any valuables on their persons, the kidnappers requested them to write ransom letters to their families. This the two men refused to do whereupon they were blindfolded late on Wednesday night and after being driven in a car for some 10 minutes found themselves on a municipal road from where they subsequently reached their homes.

Military Band at Lyceum Theatre

Music lovers are looking forward to the treat that is in store for them at the Lyceum Theatre tomorrow evening at 9.15 p.m. when the Regimental military Band of the 2nd Battalion The East Surrey Regiment will give a concert in aid of the Central British War Fund.

A well balanced programme will be presented including male voice choir of 36 members in humorous past songs and sea shanties, a dance band of 30 performers in popular tunes with vocalists, and a Military Band of fifty including the bugles and drummers of the battalion in a Grand Fantasia.

The concert will be directed Mr. E. E. Manley, A.R.C.M., Bandmaster of the Battalion who is sparing no efforts to make this concert an outstanding success in every department of music and judging by the previous efforts of the Regimental Band of the East Surrey Regiment the programme promises to be something really worth while.

Tickets are now on sale at the Lyceum and Moutries. The concert is given under the patronage of H.B.M. Consul-General.

More Men Locked-Out In Yangtszepoo Plant

About 300 additional workers of the China Import & Export Lumber Co., Yangtszepoo Road, were locked out yesterday morning as a result of the trouble which occurred in the saw mill department on Wednesday morning. The men locked-out yesterday were understood to be employed in the plywood department and although they continued work on Wednesday, trouble was brewing among them as well.

Negotiation between the strikers and the management were understood to have commenced, although this could not be confirmed. The total number of men effected by the lock-out is 800.

Voroshilov Not Out Of Power

Former Soviet War Head Still Able to Wield Great Influence

London, May 9.

Soviet circles here last night said Marshal Klementi Voroshilov's age—assuming that the burden of office uses men up more rapidly in Russia than elsewhere—and the strain of administrative work probably had something to do with his appointment to the vice-chairmanship of the Council of People's Commissars.

Soviet circles suggested that, in his new function as chairman of the Defence Committee of the Council, Marshal Voroshilov will be relieved of operative detail for a while but will continue to wield a strong influence on the policy and strategy of the Russian Government. This opinion appeared to be borne out by the fact that Marshal Voroshilov continues a member of the omnipotent nine-man Politbureau.

Reorganization Last Week

It was recalled that the reorganization of the Council of People's Commissars was announced last week. Marshal Voroshilov's dismissal from the Defence Commissariat and his appointment as the deputy of the Foreign Commissar, M. Viacheslav Molotov, was described as a further move in that process. In the course of this shake-up, members of the principal commissariat were grouped without being completely merged.

Of the remaining individual commissariats, each was placed under the charge of a committee of the Council of People's Commissars and each head of such a committee became a vice-chairman of the council. Five such committees were announced last week, omitting the defence committee, which has now been assigned to Marshal Voroshilov.—United Press.

Britain Holding Danish Ships with U.S. Cargo

Washington Attempting to Gain Release

Washington, May 9.

The State Department yesterday renewed efforts to persuade Britain to release American cargoes on Danish ships seized or held in neutral ports in fear of seizure.

The State Department's action involves 60 vessels, mostly in Latin America and the Far East. The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, yesterday received wires from dozens of importers protesting the detention of Danish ships carrying American cargoes.—United Press.

British Diplomat to Teach Japanese

Sir George Sansom to Go To Columbia University

New York, May 8.

Following the general trend in American universities to expand facilities for Far Eastern studies, Columbia University's President Nicholas Murray Butler has announced a broad programme for the Columbia Department of Chinese and Japanese. He also announced the appointment of Sir George Sansom, Commercial Counsellor at the British Embassy in Tokyo, as professor of Japanese.

Sir George has held consular posts in Japan since 1940 and was visiting professor in Japanese at Columbia in 1935-36. He has been British Commercial Counselor at Tokyo since 1925 and during the last has served in the Admiralty and the Intelligence Directorate of the War Office.

Projects in the programme to expand the Columbia department include development of a new system for cataloguing Chinese and Japanese books, the indexing of all existing translations of Chinese material, preparation of a text for use by advanced students of the Chinese language, translation of records of Japanese travellers in China from 800 to 1,500 A.D. and the writing of a history of Eastern Asia.

Professor L. Carrington Goodrich, head of the department, declared that the new system would make Columbia's collection of 95,000 Chinese and 27,000 Japanese books more accessible to scholars than they are at present. The project of cataloguing is being sponsored by the American Council of Learned Societies and will take seven years to complete. "An extension of the system to other libraries" added Professor Goodrich, "will serve to attract more students to the study of Eastern Asia."—Havas.

S.M.P. Superintendents Exchange Posts

Superintendent R. Conduit, of the Shanghai Municipal Police, has been transferred to the post of Officer in Charge of "A" Division, effective today. Supt. J. Barry, M.M., who has been in charge of "C" Division until yesterday, is taking over "D" Division, while Supt. J. B. Clissold, will be in charge of "B" Division, and Supt. D. B. Ross will take over "C" Division commencing today.

Danish Trade Delegation Goes to Berlin

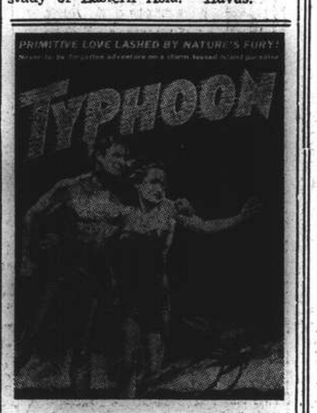
Copenhagen, May 9.

A Danish trade delegation left here yesterday for Berlin to resume trade negotiations with Germany.—United Press.

Spring Facial Masks
Renovateur Angelos
Maslift facial
only at

Bianna

Universite de Beaute
1168 Avenue Joffre Telephone 78111
Special reducing treatments
Face lifting by expert surgeon



IN TECHNICOLOR!

This isn't just a tin of Klim. It's a symbol—a symbol of man's mastery over a fickle Nature. . . .

A Nature that blessed a few lands with the lush green meadows on which sleek, fat cows might find their earthly paradise. Glorious pastures, from which comes the world's finest milk.

But through the man-made magic of this little tin, you may have this very same rich, safe milk on your table.

And as fresh as the day it was drawn from the cow, thousands of miles away.

For Klim is simply that finest of milk with only the water removed. Nothing added. When you merely replace water to Klim, you perform the health-miracle of our age—the creation of rich, pure, safe full-cream milk right in your very kitchen.

Sole distributors:

GETZ BROS. & CO.

The Milk that keeps . . . and keeps its Natural Flavour

Lack of Air Superiority Caused Norway Set-Back

Opposition Leaders Continue Criticism of Cabinet In Commons Debate; Mr. Churchill Replies

London, May 9.

THE result of the vote in the House of Commons on the Government's war policy was eagerly awaited late last night following the long debate featured by sharp criticism of the manner in which the Norwegian campaign was conducted.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Prime Minister, accepted a Labour Opposition challenge to a vote hurled by Mr. Herbert Morrison, who named the Prime Minister, Sir John Simon, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Sir Samuel Hoare, Air Secretary, as being unequal to their tasks. He announced that the Labour Opposition would divide the House at the end of debate.

Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, replying to the debate, said the reason Britain had not taken the initiative was the failure in the last five years to maintain or regain air parity with Germany. He said the reason for this serious disadvantage of not having the initiative was one which could not speedily be removed.

Sir Samuel Hoare said he proposed to concentrate upon the events of the last month and the part taken in those operations by the Royal Air Force.

The Germans were in control of all strategical aerodromes in central and southern Norway. That was a critical fact which must never be forgotten when considering military operations that subsequently took place. It meant that from the very outset the Royal Air Force was suffering under a handicap, as its machines had to fly hundreds of miles backwards and forwards across the North Sea, while the enemy had air bases on the spot.

"Our task was to win a foothold in Norway for our fighters," he stated, "and during the time that attempts were being made we did everything in our power to reduce the scale of the air attack that was being launched upon our sea base."

No Delay

"I can say categorically that there was no delay in starting these operations. Immediately after the entry of the Germans into Norway we made air reconnaissance and within a comparatively few hours we started a series of intensive bombing attacks, not only on aerodromes in Norway but on key aerodromes in Denmark and on key aerodromes in Germany.

"From that day onwards, day after day and night after night in the face of terrible weather conditions, we maintained these intensive attacks upon these key points. I can claim the effort of the air force had very definite and marked results. We were able first of all very materially to reduce the scale of air attacks upon our bases and troops. We inflicted on the German Air Force three times the losses they inflicted on us (Government cheers). That is a claim based upon evidence."

Praising R.A.F. men he said that in quality they are a match against any enemy and on reasonably equal terms would take a very heavy toll. He said that with the first troops reconnaissance parties were sent to Andalsnes to search for a piece of level ground that could be used as a landing place.

Only one suitable landing place was found and the surface was swept clear of snow to form runways. Necessary stores of munitions and petrol were provided and in less than a week it was ready to receive aircraft.

A squadron of Gladiators which had already been embarked on an aircraft carrier were flown off the ship 180 miles from land in a thick snow storm. At 7 o'clock in the evening they landed on a lake and at 10 o'clock that night the first patrol was in the air.

Germans Attack in Force

But the next day 80 German bombers took part in an attack on the lake. This attack was continuous for 15 hours. Tons of high explosives fell from the bombers during that period and there were 37 combats.

Six German machines were brought down close to the lake and it was certain that eight others were shot down in the near vicinity. The squadron leader and flight lieutenant thought no less than 30 machines were put out of action in the course of the operations.

Mr. Hugh Dalton, Labour Member for the Bishop Auckland Division of Durham, asked if there were any anti-aircraft guns in the neighbourhood of the frozen lake. Sir Samuel Hoare answered:

"I am sorry to say there were not. Arrangements for anti-aircraft guns were upset by the sinking of ships and it was a question whether to hurry on the squadron or to wait for some further days for anti-aircraft guns.

"On the whole we took the decision to send aeroplanes to engage German bombers at once. The effect of the German bombing was that the greater part of the British machines were put out of action on the ground. Not one was brought down in the air.

"The cardinal factor was lack of air bases. British public opinion would not have stood for inaction and it is inevitable that we should take the risk which was realized from the start.

"Everything possible without air bases was done. Two lessons have been learnt from the operations in Norway, firstly, the superiority of the British fighter over the German bomber, but strong air power must be met by stronger air power; and secondly, the power of the British air striking force night after night.

Quality Unsurpassed

"The quality of this force was unsurpassed but the quantity was not nearly big enough. The momentum of production is now gathering speed. It is much better than it ever has been and there is no reason why it shouldn't become better and better."

Answering a question, Sir Samuel Hoare said he knew of no German aerodromes in the Narvik area and such seemed extremely unlikely.

"German air power is not invincible. Air power, be it German or any other air power, is only invincible when there is not sufficient air power against it. In this case the Allies had no fighter force to cope with German bombers. Where we had our fighters available we have always shown how well we could cope with German bombers.

"The history of the past eight months has shown the superiority of the British fighter over the German bomber."

Mr. David Lloyd George said the facts given by Sir Samuel Hoare were no defence of the Government. The first instalment of British forces sent to Norway ought to have been picked men, he said.

The Germans had picked men. Britain sent a territorial brigade which had not had very much training. That was the advance party of the force which had to accomplish a task upon which the success of the whole force depended.

"We ought to have had combination and combined action between the army and navy," Mr. Lloyd George said. "We had neither. We gambled on the chance of getting air bases. The whole of this vital expedition, which would have made a vast difference to this country strategically and an infinite difference to its prestige in the world, was made dependent upon this half-prepared, half-baked expeditionary force without any combination between army and navy.

Serious Condemnation

"There could not have been more serious condemnation of the action to the Government in Norway when they knew perfectly well the Germans were preparing for a raid on some adjoining country and probably in the Baltic.

"We are all proud to read of the gallantry of our men. All the more shame that we should make fools of them. (Opposition cheers). In my experience of war direction I never tried to minimize a disaster. You must face facts to restore the position. There is no cause for panic (general cheers) but there is grave cause for pulling ourselves together.

"Tell the country the facts. They must realize the magnitude of our jeopardy. Two immense empires, the British and French, are federated in this struggle for liberty. You won't rouse the British Empire as you must, to put forth the whole of its strength until you tell it what is really the peril.

"We need real action, not the sham action we have had. The petty cash balance sheet of losses on either side is no use (cheers). Strategically we are in a much worse position than before.

"The greatest triumph of this extraordinary man Hitler has been that he has put us into greater jeopardy than his predecessors did in 1914.

"One strategic advantage we handed over was Czechoslovakia with a million of the finest troops in Europe gone.

"What is the second? You had a Franco-Russian alliance whereby Russia was to come to the aid of Czechoslovakia and there would have been a new war front for Germany.

"What happened? Russia's ships are now crossing the Black Sea with oil for aeroplanes in Germany.

Rumania in Peril

"Thirdly, there is Rumania. Germany practically has Rumania in her hands. If they didn't have her a month ago by this policy in Norway we have handed them Rumania.

"As regards Spain, I hope my fears about that country won't prove true.

"Now you've got Scandinavia in German hands. It is no use criticizing Sweden. What right have we to criticize them? We promised to rescue, we promised to protect. We never sent an aeroplane to Poland. We were too late in Norway.

"The German occupation of Norway brings German aeroplanes and submarines 200 miles nearer our coast.

"There was a promise to Poland, a promise to Norway, a promise to Finland. Our promissory notes now are rubbish in our hands (loud cries of "shame" from Government supporters, cheers from Labour benches).

"Tell me now one little country that will be prepared to stand up to the Nazis upon a mere promise from us. What is the use of not facing the facts? Everybody is dissatisfied with the war effort of this country. I agree with the Prime Minister that 'we muse face the position and face it with the people and not as personal issues.'

"The Prime Minister has appealed for sacrifice from the nation, which was ready so long as you give confidence to them that those who are leading them are doing their best for them.

Resignation Demanded

"I say now solemnly that the Prime Minister can give an example of sacrifice because I can tell him one thing. There is nothing which would contribute more to victory in this war than that he should sacrifice the seals of office." (loud Labour cheers and Government counter-cheers).

Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper said he had hoped the Government would have been sufficiently impressed by the speeches it had heard and the information it must have received through private sources to take some drastic steps for reform so urgently needed.

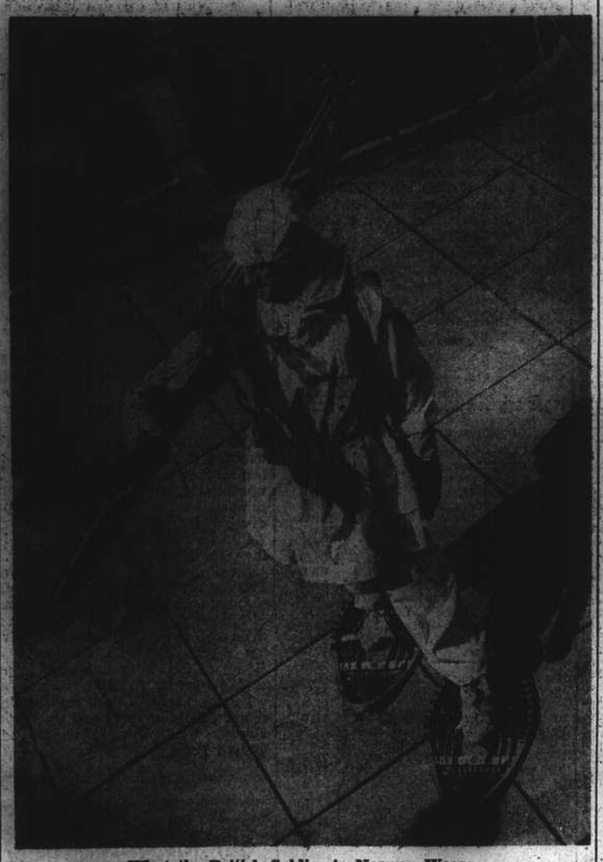
Lord Hankey, Minister without Portfolio, replying to questions in the House of Lords, spoke of the heroism and competence of British forces in Norway as a "shining example to the nation and a good augury for the days to come."

Answering allegations of lack of intelligence reports concerning events, he said, "We had general knowledge that the enemy had assembled troops and shipping and were practising embarkation and disembarkation. But the Norwegians and Danes themselves have close connection with Germany, yet they had not the slightest idea what was going on. We really couldn't know more than the Governments of Norway and Denmark.

"Regarding German plans, mentioned by Lord Strabolgi, there were of course many books of that kind produced. It was of course known to the staffs that these plans existed and we had plans ready for particular emergency operations which would be necessary.

Finnish Expedition Dispersed

"I feel that a great deal too much has been made of the dispersal of the Finnish expedition. In all the circumstances the Government didn't feel justified in retaining inactive all these forces and mobilizing the shipping required for other purposes.



What the British Soldier in Norway Wears

In contrast to the drab khaki worn by the British soldier in service in other parts of the world, the B.E.F. in Norway are clad for Arctic climates. Recently the Minister of Supply, Mr. Leslie Burgin, and Lord Catto, the Director General of Equipment, inspected the equipment of the troops sent to Norway. The photograph shows a British soldier wearing his complete campaigning kit.

"I am convinced our decision was right and it made no difference. I submit that our plan of campaign was as good as could be devised without previous consultation with Norway, to which, for reasons well known, Norway had been unable to agree.

"Norway's decision placed us under a grave disadvantage at all stages of the affair. Without preliminary conversations no plans could be concerted to forestall the kind of aggression the Germans carried out, and we weren't sufficiently informed about Norwegian plans for military disposition.

"It is very difficult going to help a country against a sudden attack if one is unable to concert arrangements beforehand. We were forestalled in Norwegian ports because the enemy was not bound by any scruples corresponding to those binding us.

"No charge of lack of vigour or decision can be sustained in respect to the navy or air force. As far as Narvik is concerned, I don't think it can be maintained for a moment that the Government or services displayed the smallest lack of vigour or decision. With regard to central Norway, the political advantages of action were so overriding as to justify some risk. The Government didn't underrate the risks but decided without a moment's unnecessary delay that these risks should be run.

"It is not necessary or advisable that I should attempt to state the precise reasons why a naval bombardment of Trondheim was not undertaken. It would involve a mass of detail and assist the enemy. The Government took the decision after giving full consideration to the opinion of its responsible advisers.

Transport Torpedoed

"As for the landing of troops in the Trondheim area, on April 20 a ship in convoy, loaded with anti-aircraft guns, motor transports, ammunition and other valuable stores, was torpedoed and sunk. It was the only transport sunk during the whole campaign and it was a particularly serious loss at that juncture."

Lord Hankey deprecated an inquiry and said the setback would not prevent the Allies from winning the war. He pointed out that operations in Norway had drawn some eight or nine German divisions and a huge air force away from the main theatre of war into Norway, where they had sustained very heavy casualties.

"We oughtn't to be depressed at the withdrawal but take comfort from the fact that our forces comported themselves in a manner equal to the great traditions of the past."

Lord Birdwood said it was wrong to describe the evacuation of central Norway as a disaster. It wouldn't influence the Allies' final victory. He regarded the evacuation as a definite achievement of valour but very different from what happened in Gallipoli, where British troops were taken right away from the theatre of war, while in Norway they were being retained for such operations as might be thought advisable after full consideration with the staff.

"I trust the Government will agree that in future the whole object will be to strike hard night and day irresistably. I hope British and French troops will be employed in never-ending raids on the whole German Communications. The small German detachments should be absolutely wiped out, and the Norwegian people will be behind us in that."

Lord Trenchard said it was extremely doubtful whether capture of Trondheim would have given the British air superiority. It might have made things a thousand times more dangerous.

Lord Halifax Replies

Lord Halifax, Foreign Secretary, replying to the debate, said:

"It is not possible for anyone in the Houses of Lords or Commons to draw any distinction between the Prime Minister and any other member of the war Cabinet who has been in complete accord with him and with him shares full responsibility for what has been done.

"I cannot claim that no mistakes were made but I am in no wise disposed on behalf of the Government to adopt the apologetic posture of a defendant.

"If the members of the Government, bringing as they certainly do to the problems of government very different minds and judgment, are unanimous on a certain course, and if they reach conclusions—as they did—without delay and with the assistance of the best technical advice they can command, it is not an unfair deduction that others—perhaps the Government's critics—on the information would have reached conclusions not dissimilar.

"I don't minimize the damage the withdrawal brought. The damage on neutral judgment and thought has been very great. It is largely due to exaggerated expectations, but the damage would have been far worse if the Allies had persisted in an effort which at continuing cost could not have been relied upon to produce the desired result.

Hope for Enslaved People

"The attempt was well worth making. He decided to cut our losses in order to operate elsewhere. As for criticism that we are not bringing effective and timely help to neutrals, if the Allies win the war there are certain assurances for those enslaved by Nazi tyranny.

"If we failed, the victims of German aggression would have no hope whatever of restoration. We are facing by far the most dangerous challenge this country ever had to meet—a challenge which demands every once of energy, material, intellectual and spiritual, that this country can summon to its task."

Lord Halifax deprecated the delusion that there was a short cut to victory. He never disguised from himself what an immense strain would be imposed on the country or that it would largely depend on the capacity to keep steady and marshal all effort without waste or dissipation of vital energy. Therefore he hoped the Government would not be deflected from its main purpose but would act with the best possible technical advice in a way best calculated to achieve results.

"I would be greatly alarmed if the amateur strategists who are shouting for immediate action had command of affairs," he said. "Nothing would more lead to disastor than to yield to the temptation for large-scale adventures."

Dealing with Mr. Churchill's new duties, Lord Halifax expressed the hope that the result would be to give valuable assistance in the direction of higher strategy of the war. Replying to questions whether matters of supply fall within Mr. Churchill's preview, Lord Halifax said he did not doubt that Mr. Churchill naturally would be in a position to have any investigation he wished made into the question of supply and to suggest any improvements in organization, and he could bring any bottleneck questions to the Cabinet for solution.

Danger of Simplification

Referring to construction of the War Cabinet and the suggestion for a smaller non-department body, Lord Halifax stated they all wanted the same thing, the dispatch of business as efficiently as might be, but it would be very rash to assume that all advantages in this argument were on one side.

There was a very real danger that apparent simplification would simply introduce another cog into the machine and cause additional delay.

They all had one purpose—winning the war, and if it was at any time thought that other men could do the job better, certainly no member of the Government, as far as he was aware, would be unwilling to be relieved of responsibility that could bring no personal satisfaction but only a burden that at times must be wellnigh insupportable. Nobody who was doing his best would have the right to mind, but ought to welcome mistakes being pointed out.

Lord Halifax said it did not matter from the point of view of the Government that a large percentage of criticism was bound to be only partially informed, and at the same time based on fuller knowledge than was available to the Government when it took its action. But when the effect of criticism was to suggest to the country that its war effort was misconceived and misapplied by those responsible for its direction, then he thought criticism defeated its own ends and could only add unnecessarily and unprofitably to the inevitable strain of war.

No division was taken in the House of Lords.

Labour Stand Reasserted

Lord Snell said the Labour Party wished to reassert in the strongest way the essential duty of the nation concerning the principles for which one country was at war.

"There has not been nor will there be either retreat or division," he stated. "In resisting the evil trinity of might against right, despotism against freedom and totalitarianism against democracy, there are no parties or divisions."

In the House of Commons, Mr Alfred Duff Cooper said he resented the Prime Minister's appeal to the affection of his friends, and it was with the deepest reluctance that he was obliged to signify the lack of confidence he felt in the present administration by going into the lobby against it.

Mr. Albert Alexander, Labour member of the Hillsborough Division of Sheffield, winding up for the Opposition, paid tribute to the work of the fighting services in the last four difficult weeks in Scandinavia.

"In pressing tonight for a change in the outlook and if necessary in the composition, of the Government," he said, "we are doing so because we know there is a feeling in many parts of the country in regard to those forces who are in Norway.

No Proper Equipment

"I have received communications in the last two or three days since the return of ground forces from Norway regarding lack of proper equipment to enable them to meet conditions and lack of support of artillery and anti-aircraft guns, and in some cases ammunition for guns.

"While it is true there is no panic in this country over the serious situation which has arisen, it is also true that the people of this country expected and demanded that when their men went to fight for their country, freedom and liberty, they should be sent under proper conditions as far as possible.

"Our objective is to do all we can to see that things are put in such order that there may be no shadow of doubt that the victory we require shall be attained. We have done our best to let the country know what we are up against."

"It has been mostly from members of the Government that statements have emanated which may have led sections of the population to believe everything was going well.

Food Supplies Cut

"Few of us realized a few months ago that we should be losing our food resources of the Scandinavian countries or that we might be so soon faced with the loss of food supplies we have taken from Holland. We have been given over and over again the most optimistic reports. What are the facts of the food situation? We should tell the people the real facts and get them to organize on a basis of true war economy.

"I am profoundly disappointed with the amount of information the Prime Minister is able to give us."

Mr. Alexander said he was not satisfied with the explanations from Sir Samuel Hoare and Mr. Oliver Stanley. He wanted to know what information the Government had of German intentions prior to the invasion of Norway and what were the preparations in anticipation of those intentions.

Mr. Churchill, replying to the debate, said a new issue was sprung on the House at 5 o'clock. They were invited to consider all faults of the Government and a vote of censure was to be taken quite unexpectedly with only this little notice on adjournment.

Regarding the Norwegian campaign and the general war, Mr. Churchill said: "In this war we are frequently asked why we don't take the initiative. The reason for this serious disadvantage of our not having the initiative is one which cannot speedily be removed.

"It was our failure in the last five years to maintain or regain air parity with Germany. In the last two years opposition parties came round and gave great and valuable aid, but the fact remains that we failed to achieve air parity which was considered to be vital to our security.

"Our numerical deficiency in the air—in spite of our superiority in quality both in men and materials—has condemned us, and will condemn us for some time to come, to a great deal of difficulty, suffering and danger, which we must endure with firmness until more favourable conditions can be established, as assuredly they will be.

"It is no use talking about this war in terms of the last war. The power of the air has greatly affected it. In some ways it has decisively affected the movements of fleets and armies. We must not exaggerate this new factor but neither must we refuse to give it its deadly due."

Dangers in the Skagerrak

Continuing, Mr. Churchill said: "Mr. Alexander asked why we did not touch enemy communications in the Skagerrak, for our present naval preponderence ought to make it feasible for us to dominate the Skagerrak with our surface ships, and thus cut communications with Oslo, from the first moment, and continuously.

"But the immense enemy air strength which can be brought to bear on our patrolling craft has made this method far too costly to be adopted. Important forces would have to be employed, in order to maintain surface patrol, and losses which would be inflicted on that patrol from the air would undoubtedly very soon constitute a naval disaster. I am sorry these things should be so.

We therefore adopted the submarine blockade as the only method at our disposal, and in doing this I followed the opinion of naval authorities. There is a great deal of difference about being responsible for an order which may lose several valuable ships, and expressing an opinion without such responsibility. I have been guided in the advice I gave the Cabiniet by responsible and expert naval opinion.

Therefore, we limited our operations in the Skagerrak to submarines. In order to make that blockade as effective as possible, the usual restrictions we had imposed on the action of our submarines were relaxed.

Promise Twisted

"All German ships, by day and night, were sunk as opportunity served. This statement that I made was most foolishly and grotesquely twisted into a statement that all German ships would be sunk. Nobody can give so absurd a promise as that. This has been a costly German success; 7,000 or 8,000 men have been drowned, and thousands of corpses have been washed up."

Replying to a question as to why we did not send a big ship into Narvik on the first day, with destroyers, Mr. Churchill said that the reason that the only one available was a battle-cruiser. We had only two battle-cruisers, and we felt it would have been a very great danger to the balance of the fleet if we lost a battle-cruiser.

The authorities at the Admiralty, when the Warspite went in to Narvik, were very much relieved to find no controlled minefields laid in the Fjord, and no destroyer lurking in some narrow angle to fire its bouquet of torpedoes.

"Things are very different when looked at beforehand, and looked at afterwards," said Mr. Churchill. "What would have happened if the Warspite had been sunk? It was madness to send one of our most valued ships in narrow and congested waters. If you dare, and the forfeit is exacted, it is that you murder your sailors; and if prudence withholds you, you are craven, cowardly, inept and timid.

Enemy Destroyers Bombed

"We were asked why we didn't go into Bergen, Trondheim and other ports in the first few hours. If troops had not been landed, the only object in going into the Fjords would have been to destroy such enemy destroyers as were there. These were largely destroyed from the air by the Fleet Air Arm.

"There is no dispute that it was our duty to do our best to help Norwegians, and for that the capture of Trondheim was the best way.

"My thoughts had always been fixed on Narvik. There, it seems, is the path that may lead to some decisive achievement in the war. But when the German outrage occurred, there was no dispute that we were bound to go to the aid of the Norwegians, and Trondheim was the place.

"The plan was prepared by joint staffs for two diversionary landings at Namsos and Aandalsnes, and for a direct landing in Trondheim Fjord, where the enemy forces had seized that port. This was undoubtedly a hazardous operation. There was the fact that a very large number of valuable ships would have to be continously exposed for many hours to air attacks and possibly grievous losses.

"Nevertheless, the navy was perfectly ready to carry troops in. No doubt was entertained about their ability to do so.

Why Plan was Abandoned

"Why, then, was this plan, timed for April 25, abandoned? It was abandoned because on April 17, two diversionary landings had made good progress, and it seemed easier to capture Trondheim by this method than incur heavy cost in a direct attack.

"The Admiralty never withdrew their offer or considered the operation impracticable in the naval aspect.

"Grave doubts were expressed by the military with regard to the possibility of making a landing in the face of enemy air superiority.

"In these circumstances, the Chiefs-of-Staffs and Vice-Chiefs, without the slightest difference of opinion, advised that it would be less costly and easier to convert diversionary landings into a main attack.

"No one has the right to suggest the navy withdrew from their undertaking, or that politicians overruled the Admiralty. I take the fullest responsibility, together with the Prime Minister and other Ministers, for having accepted unanimously the view of our expert advisers. I thought they were right on the information we had, and I see no reason to alter my views by what I have learned since.

"However, the situation rapidly became worse. The German thrust north of Oslo developed at an enormous pace. Norwegians were unable to hold the mountain passes, and destroy the roads and railways.

Bombing Prevents Landings

"By April 25 or 26, the possibility of the arrival in the regions of south Trondheim of very large German forces had been foreseen. At the same, continuous bombing of the bases at Namsos, and Aandalsnes prevented the landing, at those small fishing ports, of any large reinforcements, and even of artillery, and many supplies for the troops which had been landed.

"It was therefore necessary to withdraw the troops, or leave them to be destroyed by overwhelming forces. The decision to withdraw was undoubtedly sound (Government cheers).

"The withdrawal of these 12,000 men—less than a division—was accomplished with very great skill, and I must add, with very good luck.

"All responsible naval, military and air authorities, together with the Ministers principally concerned and the War Cabinet, were, at every stage, united."

Mr. Herbert Morrison, intervening, asked whether the naval authorities on the spot at Trondheim were willing or anxious to enter Trondheim, and whether their desire was countermanded, or not sanctioned by Whitehall.

Mr. Churchill replied: "I not only deny it, but I give strong denial. There were no naval authorities on the spot at Trondheim. No authorities that we consulted differed from the advice tendered by the Chiefs-of-Staffs, and Vice-Chiefs, but Ministers are not sheltered by the fact that they accept expert advice.

Results Very Bad

"The results were very bad and disappointing, and the question arises whether, if we had persisted in a direct naval attack, events would have turned out better.

"I always believed the navy could carry troops into Trondheim Fjord, land them, and come to grips with the enemy. I would have been glad to have taken all possible responsibility for the attempt, provided it was supported by expert opinion.

"But even if we assume this view is right—that we could have been masters at Trondheim, on its ruins by April 25—could we have brought to bear a sufficient army south of Trondheim to drive the invader back? Even if we had at the present time got 25,000 or 30,000 Allied troops into action on that front, which in view of the enemy's air superiority is highly questionable, such a force would not have been able to arrive in time, or be equipped with artillery or anything like equal air support in time. I don't believe it would have been able to stand the immense weight of attack by the Germans from their magnificent positions. There is no doubt that the German base at Oslo, and their communications northwards were incomparably superior to anything we could obtain at Trondheim, and ancillary landing places in that region. It would have been a costly struggle. There are already 120,000 German troops operating in southern and central Norway. Although we could have thrown in continual reinforcements, I cannot believe there was the slightest chance of ultimate success between an army based on Trondheim and a German army based on Oslo.

"The decision to abandon was taken for very different reasons from those I just mentioned. We must be careful not to exhaust our air forces, in view of other grayer dangers which might happen to us at any time."

Mr. Churchill added that if Sweden had come to Norway's aid, and put her airports at the disposal of the Royal Air Force, a different position might have been established.

The Swedish action had been confined, like that of many other people, entirely to adverse criticism of His Majesty's Government (cheers, and laughter).

"In regard to Narvik, I will have to give no information at all. Conditions, however, are much more equal, and the ability towards reinforcements more equal."—Reuter.

ROSOLD, ARCHITECT
Building Plans
Supervision of Constructions
Permit Plans
Planning of Settlements
Office: 497 Weihaiwei Road
1 Yang Terrace, Telephone 62803

A. D. C.
presents
"YOUTH AT THE HELM"
an intensely amusing comedy in three acts by
HUBERT GRIFFITH
LYCEUM THEATRE
May 15, 16, 17, 18, 1940, at 9.15 p.m.
Seats $2 to $5
(tax included)
Booking at Moutrie's and at the Theatre.

KAMTCHATKA
FUR STORE
COLD STORAGE
Cleaning Free
1165 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 33658

European Fumigators "BEWISE"
R. G. BEWEIS & CO., 388 ROUTE FRELUPT
TELEPHONE 78296
KILLERS of
Bugs, Cockroaches, Rats and Mice
BE WISE AND GO TO
"BEWISE"

New system for fine pictures... larger than the camera itself

● The Kodak Bantam not only offers the advantages of a miniature camera, but through modern finishing methods leads to fine 2¾ x 4-inch pictures . . . larger than itself, at a surprisingly low cost. Furthermore, there is available a wide variety of films in inexpensive eight-exposure rolls. Add to this simplicity of operation and attractiveness of design, an unusual lens selection, and you have some idea of why the Kodak Bantam is worth investigating at your Kodak dealer's.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
185 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai

KODAK Bantam

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 T.T.	$ 72.43
U.S. 1000 @ 4½	$2,191.79
France 2½	$100
Yen 16⅝	100
Guilders 67⅝	100
Dollars 188½	100
Peso 67⅝	100
Hongkong 100⅛	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 T.T.	$ 68.57
U.S. 100 @ 4⅞	$2,051.28
London demand, £1	3½d.
2 months' sight credits	3½d.
4 months' sight credits	3½d.
6 months' sight credits	4 5-16d.
8 months' sight credits	4 5-16d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S.94⅞
2 months' sight credits	U.S.94⅞
4 months' sight credits	U.S.95

DETERMINE CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling	3½d. U.S. $4½

WEI HAI WEI DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,165.00	C.N.$1,009.60

NUMISMATICS TRADING SOCIETY

Japanese Guilders	Buying 9
Java Guilders	" 9
Straits Guilders	Selling 8⅝
Java Guilders	" 8⅝

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying	U.S.$100=$2,561.283 £1=$11.571
Selling	U.S.$100=$2,139.359 £1=$11.111

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER

Belgas	0.27½=$1	Belgas	19.99=£1

ITALIAN BANK FOR CHINA

Lire	5.01=$1	Swiss Frs.	0.20¼=$1
Tourist Lire	1.09		=$1

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate	@ 6d. per	H.H.$	1
" Buying "	@ 5¾ "	"	H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling "	@ 5⅞ "	"	H.H.$100
" Buying "	@ 5¾ "	"	H.H.$100

*—Nominal.

Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 17⅝ per H.H.$100
" buying @ 17⅝ " H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing	$2.708
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$4.958

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drinkwater, Davis & Wilson

BUYER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	3½	3⅜
U.S. C.S	4¾	4½

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING	BUYING
	May	
Cash	3½	3⅜
T.T.	4¾	4½
4 m/s. L.C.	3⅞	
T.T.	253	268
T.T.	19	19½

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20¾	20⅛
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34⅝	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	60.01	—
Bombay offtake 50 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing Rate for Cash	3.32¾
Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash	3.34
Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash	3.35

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 3⅛ sterling and 4⅝ U.S.$.

The Interbank market remained steady on the continuation of speculative liquidation, there being a rise of ⅛d. in sterling and ⅛ cents in U.S.$ quotations during the day. Rumours of the extension of the conflagration in Europe caused a temporary easiness in forward quotations during the early afternoon, but rates recovered later, the market closing quiet with sellers at:—

3⅛	sterling	4⅛	U.S.$ Cash
3⅛	"	4⅛	" May
3⅛	"	4⅛	" June

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, May 9.

Bombay, Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	93¾	London	1/5⅜
New York	382½	2 mths	
Shanghai Nom.		" sellers	1/5⅛
Hongkong	68⅛	" buyers	1/5⅛
		Japan	
		2 mths	
		" sellers	94⅞
		" buyers	93⅛

London & Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3⅜d.
Paris	176.50	Bombay	1/6⅛
Amsterdam	7.59	Hongkong	1/3⅛
Brussels	23.85	Singapore	2/4⅛
Madrid	59.30	Yokohama	1/4⅛
Milan	63.00	buying	1/4⅛
Berne	17.35		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.20	Brazil	5.10
Spain	9.25 N	Japan	23.48
Holland	53.08	Shanghai	4.83
Paris	1.83¾	Hungary	17.70
Brussels	16.68	Rumania	0.53 N
Italy	5.62	Yugo Slavia	2.35
S'zerland	22.42	Greece	0.69¼
Sweden	23.84	Bulgaria	Unq.
Montreal	82.625	Finland	1.95
London			3.33¾
" Demand			3.33¾
Buenos Aires, paper			29.78
" " market rate			22.55
Montreal on London			4.03⅛

N—Nominal.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	May 8.
Fine Bank Bills, 3 months	1⅞%
Bank Bills, 6 months	1⅞%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	2⅛%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3⅛%
Call Money	0⅛%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0⅛%B 0⅛%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0⅛%B 0⅛%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Samagaga Rubber Co.'s Interim Dividend

The board of directors of the Samagaga Rubber Co. Ltd., have declared an interim dividend of fifteen Chinese dollar cents per share on account of the working for the year ending September 30, 1940, payable to shareholders on record on May 24, 1940.

This will be the only interim dividend that will be paid this year as the Exchange Control Authorities will only permit remittances for one interim dividend and a final dividend in each financial year.

Silver Quotations

London, May 9.

	May 8	May 9
London spot	20⅝d.	Unreceived.
" forward	20⅛d.	"
" gold	168/-	—Reuter.

Cross Rates

Yesterday's Closing

New York/London U.S.$3.32¾ 72.128d.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market again opened very sluggishly and with an easier tendency. During the first hour or so, trading was on a very small scale, neither sellers nor buyers evincing much interest, with the result that price changes, especially in the Industrial section of the market, were insignificant. A better feeling was apparent as the morning drew on and, while it cannot be said that there was any great activity, the turnover during the last hour began to attain a quite respectable figure. The afternoon's trading really began to be quite brisk and altogether the market closed on a much more confident note.

Wheelocks fluctuated a good deal, being dealt in "ex rights" from $123 to $116, while the "Rights" alone made $84 to $89½, the close being $119 and $88 in either case. Shanghai Loans provided a mild sensation by climbing from the opening rate of $37 bid to a peak of $40¾ done, from which point they fell back to $39 bid. Rumour had it that a "fat" interim dividend was ready to be produced from the hat, hence the excitement which boosted the turnover to 29,000 shares from the 7,000 recorded on the previous day. I. I. Trusts moved up sympathetically, closing at $37½ (38¾), a gain of rather more than a dollar on the opening rates. Ewos and Metals, on the other hand, fell back from Wednesday's close by about the same figure.

Rubbers, despite the greater firmness of the commodity in the world markets, were easier and remained so for the most part, even when Industrials began to perk up again. The reason given, and no doubt it is the correct one, is that the increasing tension on the German/Dutch frontier and the manifest distrust of the Netherlanders of Nazi intentions again bring into the minds of men the future of the Dutch East Indies. It is not surprising therefore to note that the heaviest fall in price was registered by the Java Companies. Anglo-Java was $55 sellers, $2½ below Wednesday's close, Langkats $43½ against $48 and Ziangbe $34¾ against $38, to take three of the most popular shares.

The Exchange, as was advertised last week, will close for trading at the noon bell tomorrow, reopening on Monday morning, as although it is a Bank Holiday in the U.K., it is not a public holiday here.

Official Averages

1940 High	1940 Low		Today's Average	Change
458.26	108.32	General	413.77	—0.17
485.40	96.55	Rubbers	424.80	—16.86

Total 517,922 shares, 870 bonds.

Morning Session

I. I. Trust		2000	38.25	2500	36.50
	2500 *38.20	3000	36.75	1500	37.00
	5000 *37.00				
S'hai Loan		500	*37.25	2000	37.25
	2500 37.00	2000	37.50	1500	37.75
	1500 38.00	500	*38.25	1500	38.25
	500 38.50	2000	*38.50	500	*38.75
Yangtsze Finance		500	*21.50	1500	21.25
	500 *21.50	500	*21.25	500	*21.50
	2500 *21.25				
S'hai Securities		2000	7.70	500	7.80
	500 *7.80	1500	7.75	1000	7.50
Int. Assurance		500	*19.20	500	19.30
	1000 19.20	600	*19.10	500	19.10
China Realty		4500	8.00	500	8.05
	1500 *8.05	1500	*8.00		
S'hai Land		3500	16.70	500	*16.80
	1000 *16.70	3000	16.60	1500	16.50
	500 *16.50	2000	16.60	500	16.70
	1000 16.50				
Central Prop.		200	24.25	100	24.00
	100 23.75	200	*24.00	900	23.75
Metro Land		1500	14.40	1000	14.50
Dockyards		200	77.50	100	77.00
	1200 70.50	3000	70.00	300	*70.00
	1500 69.50	100	69.00	2700	69.50
	100 *70.00	300	*69.50	1100	70.00
	500 *70.00	2100	70.50	100	*70.50
	300 *70.00	1500	70.00	400	*69.50
	100 69.50	1400	70.00	300	*69.50
	100 70.00	100	*70.00	1400	70.00
Wheelocks (X.R.)		200	116.00	100	*116.00
	100 117.00	100	118.00	200	119.00
	200 120.00	300	123.00	400	122.00
	300 121.80	100	122.00		
Wheelock (Rights)				200	86.00
	100 85.00	100	85.50	100	*87.00
	200 86.00	200	87.00	100	87.50
C. G. Omnibus		100	34.25	100	*35.00
	700 34.75	200	35.00	500	34.50
	1500 34.25	600	34.50	200	34.75
S'hai Gas		200	33.00	1200	32.75
	900 33.00	100	*33.00	100	33.25
	100 33.50	300	32.25		
Telephone		400	46.25	100	*46.50
	700 46.50	1200	47.00	100	*46.75
	100 47.25				
Tram (Bearer)	£1			300	64.00
	100 *64.50	100	*65.00	300	64.50
	200 65.00	100	64.50		
S. & H. Wharf				100	550.00
Metal		400	50.50	200	51.00
	200 *50.50	1500	50.50	100	*50.00
	800 50.50	2000	50.50	900	51.00
	100 *51.00	200	51.50	100	*51.50
	1900 51.00	100	*51.00	400	50.50
	100 51.00	100	*51.00		
Kaiping		100	76.00	100	74.00
	200 76.00	100	*72.00	200	73.50
	100 74.00	200	75.00	200	76.00
	100 *76.00	100	77.00	100	76.50
Exploration		2500	30.50	100	*30.50
	400 30.75				
Lumber		100	78.00	200	77.50
	1200 77.00	400	*77.00	100	*76.50
	200 76.50	2000	77.00	100	*77.00
	600 77.50	400	78.00	300	*78.00
	100 *78.50	300	78.50	100	*78.00
Power (Pref)		10	131.50	100	*131.50
Ewo Mills (Ord)		300	77.50	300	*77.50
	800 77.00	300	*77.00	300	77.50
	1100 77.00	100	*77.00	200	76.50
	400 76.00	200	*76.00	100	76.50
	400 *76.00	1300	76.50	200	*76.50
	2600 77.00	100	77.50	1400	78.00
	100 *78.00	100	*78.50	100	78.50
	500 78.00	100	*78.00	1000	77.50
China Finance				2000	1.72
Anglo Dutch		100	26.50	100	26.00
	400 *26.25	200	26.50	100	27.00
	100 26.75				
Anglo Java		700	56.00	900	55.00
	800 55.50	100	*55.00	900	55.00
	500 *54.50	1300	55.50		
Batu Anam		2000	2.10	1000	2.15
Chemor		1000	*4.15	1000	4.15
Cheng		1000	1.24	2000	*1.24
	9000 1.22	9000	1.24		
Consolidated		1000	12.20	500	*12.10
	1000 12.10				
Dominion				500	16.80
Java Consolidated				1000	6.00
	1000 5.95				
Kota		1000	8.10	1000	8.00
Kroewoek		5000	3.75	3000	3.70
	6000 3.65	2000	3.70	3000	3.65
Langkat		300	45.00	400	44.00
	200 43.75	800	43.50	100	*43.75
	100 *43.00	900	43.00	400	42.75
	100 42.50	200	*43.50	400	43.50
	1600 44.00	300	44.25	200	*44.00
	500 43.50	300	43.75	300	44.00
Permata				100	*2.10
Repah		1000	2.20	2000	2.12½
	1000 *2.10	3000	2.13½	1000	*2.12½
Ruber Trust		1000	14.90	50	14.80
	1500 14.50	1500	14.60	500	14.70
	1500 14.80	1000	14.70		
Samagaga		2000	3.20	1000	3.25
	6000 3.30				
Semambu		1000	2.15	3000	2.20
Senawang		2000	3.10	1000	3.05
	2000 3.00	1000	3.10		
Kedah		1000	16.10	1500	*16.00
Kelantan		1000	1.40	4000	1.36
	2000 1.38	2000	1.40		
Pahang		1000	8.00	1000	7.90
Sumatra		100	45.00	200	44.50
Sungala				1000	11.70
Tanah Merah		1000	5.35	1000	*5.25
	1000 5.10	2000	5.15	4000	5.10
	2000 5.20	2000	5.30		
Tebong		1000	2.50	4000	2.45
	2000 *2.40	2000	2.35	2000	2.40
	3000 2.42½	2000	2.45	2000	*2.45
	1000 2.42½	2000	2.50	1000	2.47½
Ziangbe		700	35.50	100	*35.50
	500 35.75	100	*35.50	100	35.75
	200 36.00	100	36.25		
Power 5½% Debs.				5000	86.75
Telephone 6% Debs.				50000	95.50
Power 5½% Debs.				15000	86.50
	ODD LOTS				
Consolidated		150	12.30	300	11.90
S'hai Land		294	16.60	200	16.50
	1000 16.50	325	16.60	400	16.40
	500 16.70				

U. S. Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 8.

The cotton market early declined on lower Liverpool and Bombay cables, liquidation, hedging and Bombay selling. Later, prices partially rallied on mills buying, shorts covering and light interior movements. Finally, the market closed quiet on the sleepiness of spots, with quotations ranging from 2 points down to 2 points up.

Prices in the rubber market today ruled active and strong on aggressive foreign dealer buying, shorts covering, higher cables and a scarcity of primary offerings. At the close, quotations ranged from 14 to 23 points up.

Wheat futures in Chicago today advanced on increased European tension, shorts covering, higher cables and mill and outside buying. At the final bell, gains of 1¼ cents were recorded.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
May	10.55-56 +01		
July	10.23-23 —02		
July (N.C.)	10.39-40 —01	July	19.95-99 +23 B/A
Oct. (N.C.)	9.83-83 unc.	Sept.	19.45-45 +23
Dec. (N.C.)	9.59-60 +01	Dec.	19.05-05 +14
Jan. (N.C.)	9.53-53 +02	Jan.	19.04-04 +18
Mar. (N.C.)	9.53 N. +02		
N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Sept.	1.99-00 unc. B/A	Sept.	1.47½-48 —01 B/A
Mar.	2.03-05 —01 B/A	Mar.	1.49-50 —1½ B/A
Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
July	103-104⅞ +1¼	July	67¾-67⅞+1¾
Sept.	105⅛-105⅜+1¼	Sept.	67¾-67⅞+1¾
Winnipeg Wheat		N. Y. Silk No. 1	
July	90½ B +1½	July	2.57-67 +.02

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, May 8.

Rubber futures early ruled firm on overnight advices from overseas and on the international situation, coupled with outside buying. Subsequently, prices improved on short covering and American buying, while sellers were reserved.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 11½ +⅛; sellers 11⅝ +⅛; June del. buyers 11½ +⅛; sellers 11⅝ +⅛.

Liverpool Cotton: Amer. Futures: May 7.88 —7; July 7.92 —6; Sept. 7.83 —7; Oct. 7.80 —7; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 Contract: May 10.44 —6; July 10.52 —6; Sept. 10.54 —6; Oct. 10.63 —7.

London Metals: Tin, Stan. Cash sellers £255½ —½; 3 mths del. sellers £253, unc.—Reuter.

S'hai Gas				31	32.50
S'hai Malay (Ord)				73	49.75
Int. Assurance		80	19.00	100	*19.20
Ewo Mills (Ord)		12	76.00	80	77.00
S'hai Loan		200	38.25	100	38.25
	200 *38.75				
Union Brewery				100	10.10
Exploration		300	*30.50	120	30.50
Power (Pref)				5	132.25
	Afternoon Session				
I. I. Trust		1000	37.50	500	*37.75
	500 *38.00	1500	38.00	500	*38.25
	3000 38.25	1500	38.50	500	*38.25
	1500 38.50	500	*38.00	1000	38.00
S'hai Loan		500	*38.50	500	39.00
	500 39.50	500	40.00	1000	*39.75
	500 39.75	1500	*40.00	500	40.00
	1000 40.50	1000	41.00	500	*40.75
	500 41.25	2000	41.00	2000	40.75
	1500 40.50				
Yangtsze Finance				10000	21.50
	500 *21.75	5000	22.00	500	*22.00
	1000 22.25	3000	22.00	2000	21.75
S'hai Securities		500	7.60	3000	7.50
	500 7.50				
Int. Assurance		1000	*19.20	500	19.30
	500 19.20				
China Realty		500	8.05	5000	8.00
S'hai Land		1500	*16.80	500	16.90
	2500 16.70	500	*16.70	2500	16.80
	1000 *16.80	500	16.90	1000	16.80
	1500 16.70				
Central Prop.		100	23.50	100	23.75
	300 23.50	100	*23.25	100	*23.50
	100 23.25	200	23.50		
Dockyards		300	70.50	300	*70.50
	700 70.00	200	*70.50	100	70.00
	100 *70.00	700	*70.50	100	70.50
	400 70.00	300	*70.00	800	70.50
	200 *70.50	600	70.00	1100	70.50
	100 *70.50	600	*70.00	600	70.00
Metro Land		1000	14.50	1000	14.60
	500 *14.50	500	14.60		
Wheelock X.R.		200	123.00	300	121.00
	100*120.00	100	120.00	100	119.00
Wheelock (Rights)				100	88.50
	200 *89.50	1600	88.00		
C. G. Omnibus		500	34.50	100	34.75
S'hai Gas		200	33.25	1800	33.50
Telephone		400	47.25	300	*47.50
	100 47.50	100	47.75	500	48.00
	100 47.75	100	48.50		
Tram (Bearer)	£1			100	64.00
	100 *64.50				
Metal		900	51.00	500	*51.00
	100 50.50	100	*50.50	300	51.00
	400 50.50	1000	*50.50	100	51.00
	300 50.50	300	51.00		
Kaiping		300	75.50	400	76.00
	100 75.50				
Exploration		2500	30.75	500	*30.50
	500 30.75	1500	30.50	1000	*30.50
Lumber		100	79.00	200	79.50
	600 80.00	100	79.50		
Power (Pref)		20	131.50	20	*131.50
Ewo Mills (Ord)		1000	77.50	100	*77.50
	200 77.50	600	*78.00	200	77.50
	900 78.00	900	77.50		
China Finance		1000	*1.72	3000	1.72
Anglo Dutch		100	*27.25	200	*27.50
	500 27.50	300	27.00	100	26.25
Anglo Java		900	55.50	200	*55.50
	100 55.00	400	54.00		
Batu Anam		1000	*2.10	1000	2.10
Chemor		1000	*4.20	1000	4.20
	1000 4.15	1000	4.05		
Cheng		1000	1.24	21000	1.22
Consolidated		1000	12.10	1000	11.90
	500 11.80				
Dominion				500	16.00
Java Consolidated				2000	5.90
	1000 5.80				
Kroewoek		1000	3.67½	2000	*3.67½
	2000 3.65	1000	3.60	1000	3.55
	1000 3.50	2000	3.60		
Langkat		300	44.50	900	44.25
	600 44.00	100	43.75	100	43.50
	100 *43.25	200	43.25	100	*42.25
	600 42.00	100	42.25	200	42.00
	100 41.75				
Padang				1000	3.95
Permata		3000	2.00	1000	2.05
	1000 2.02½	1000	2.00		
Repah		2000	2.15	2000	2.10
Rubber Trust		500	14.80	500	14.50
	1500 14.70	2500	14.60	500	14.50
	500 14.30				
Samagaga		1000	3.25	1000	3.30
	3000 3.25				
Semambu				100	2.15
Senawang		3000	3.05	1000	*3.05
	2000 3.00				
Kelantan		1000	1.40	1000	*1.38
	7000 1.40				
Pahang				1000	7.70
Sumatra		100	44.50	100	44.00
Sungala		1000	11.50	500	11.40
Sungei Duri				300	80.00
Tanah Merah		2000	5.30	1000	5.25
	1000 *5.20	1000	5.20		
Tebong		1000	2.50	1000	2.47½
	1000 2.42½	10000	2.40	1000	2.37½
	3000 2.35	1000	2.35		
Ziangbe		800	36.00	200	35.75
	200 35.25	300	35.00		
Bakerite				100	24.00
Power 5½% Debs.				17000	86.50
	ODD LOTS				
Telephone		40	47.50	20	47.50
Pahang				500	*7.70
Yangtsze Finance		200	21.75	300	21.75
Int. Assurance		67	19.40	200	19.40
	200 19.30				
Power (Pref)				1	*132.00
S'hai Securities		200	7.70	300	7.60
Samagaga				500	3.17½
S'hai Land		100	16.70	100	16.70
I. I. Trust		350	37.25	100	38.00
Exploration				100	*31.00
S'hai Loan				200	40.75
Wheelock (Rights)				25	90.00

*—Direct Business.

New York Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 8.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished firm, with gains ranging from fractions to 1 point recorded. "War babies" and steels again showed the way upward, largely influenced by prospects of the intensification of the war on Mr. Winston Churchill's new appointment.

Towards the close, however, profit taking and nervous liquidation shaved gains, but these were comparatively well absorbed.

The turnover today amounted to 690,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	148.70	147.49	147.96	+0.22
20 Rails	31.10	30.82	30.90	+0.04
15 Utilit.	24.94	24.75	24.93	+0.05
40 Bonds	—	—	89.59	+0.13
11 Commod.	—	—	60.78	+0.49

	May 7	8		May 7	8
Adams Exp	7½	7⅝	Jones & L	*63	*63
Aig Lud	25⅜	25⅜	Kennecott	35¼	35
Alld Stores	8⅛	8¼	Lak F & M	*4	*4
Allis Chal	32½	33⅛	Libbey O F	40½	40⅜
Aum Ld	36½	36¼	Lockheed	38⅛	38⅛
Amer Can	114	114¼	Loew's	35	34⅜
Am Cyan B	37	36½	Lorl Inc	33⅜	34⅜
Am For Pr	1¼	1¼	Mack Trks	25¼	25⅜
,, $7 pfd.	24	*24	Martin	43⅛	43⅜
Am G & E	35½	35⅜	McK & R	*26½	26⅜
Am Loco	18⅛	19¼	Monsanto	118⅛	117½
Am Metal	22	22	Mont Ward	46⅛	46⅜
Am Radtr	8⅛	8	Nat City B	*28½	*28½
Am R Mill	14⅜	14⅛	Nat Avian	14⅛	14⅛
Am Smlg	49⅝	49½	Nat Dairy	17⅛	17⅛
Am Sug R	*20⅜	20⅜	Nat Dist	24⅛	24⅛
Am T & T	172¼	172	Nat Gyp	9¼	9¼
Am Tob B	60½	60⅜	Nat Lead	23⅛	23⅛
Am Wtwrks	9½	10	Nat R & L	8⅛	8
Anaconda	29½	29⅛	Nat Steel	65½	65½
Atchison	21⅜	21⅛	Nat Supply	8⅞	9
Auburn	*14	*14	N Y Cent	15⅝	15⅜
Avian Cpn	7⅛	7⅛	Niag Hudu	5	5⅛
Balt & Ohio	5	5	N A Avian	22⅜	22⅜
Bald Loco	19	18⅛	N Am Co	23⅛	23⅛
Barn Oil	11½	11⅜	N Pacific	8⅜	8⅜
Barber	15	15⅜	O I Glass	61⅛	61⅛
Bell Air	27	26½	Pac G & E	32¼	*32
Bendt Avian	33½	33⅜	Pac Light	45	45⅛
Beth Steel	86	86⅛	Packard	3¼	3¼
Bliss	19	20⅛	Paramount	7⅛	7⅛
Boeing	23½	24	Pan Am Air	22⅛	22⅛
Borg War	21⅛	21⅛	Penn R R	21¼	21⅛
Brid Brass	13⅜	13⅞	Phelps D	36⅛	36⅜
Briggs	22⅛	22⅛	P & R Coal	0⅜	*0⅜
Brn M Tr	29⅜	29⅝	Phill Pet	39⅝	40⅛
,, $5 pfd.	*100	*103	Pitts C & I	*7⅛	6
Budd Mfg	4¼	4¼	P S of N J	40⅜	41
Can Pac	5	5	Pullman	23⅛	23½
Celanese	35	34½	Pure Oil	11	11⅛
Case J I	*97	*97½	Radio	6⅛	6⅜
Chesapeake	40¼	40¼	Rem Arms	*4⅛	*4⅛
Chase N B	*34	*34	Rep Avian	6⅜	6⅜
Chrysler	86⅜	85½	Rep Steel	21	20⅜
Clin Mlyb	36⅜	36⅛	Rey C & B	13½	13½
Coll's	12¾	12¼	Rey Tob B	43⅜	43⅛
Col G & E	6	5	Rich Oil	7⅛	7⅛
,, $6 pfd.	*67	66½	Safe Store	47	47⅛
Com Credit	43	41	Schenley	13⅜	13⅜
Com & Sth	1¼	1¼	Sears Roeb	85⅛	85⅛
Cons Edis	31⅞	32	Shell U Oil	12⅜	12⅜
Cons Oil	7⅜	7⅜	Soc Vac	10⅛	10⅛
Cont Can	46⅞	46⅞	Stnd Pac	12	12
Cont Oil	22⅜	22⅜	Stnd Brs	22⅛	22⅛
Copld St	24⅛	24⅛	Sperry	42⅜	43⅛
Corn Prod	59⅜	59⅜	Splcer	*34	*34
Curtis Wr	10⅛	10⅛	Std Brands	7⅛	7⅛
,, A	2⅞	2⅞	Std G & E	*11	*11
Deere & Co	22⅞	22⅞	Std Oil of C	22¼	22⅛
Dist Cpn S	19⅛	19⅛	Std Oil N J	42¼	42⅜
Douglas	92½	92	Stone & W	9⅛	9⅛
Du Pont	187½	187⅝	Studebaker	10	10
E R Lead	*10⅛	10⅛	Swift Int	*20	20⅛
Eaton Mfg	34⅜	34⅜	Technicor	14⅛	14⅛
Elec A Lite	39⅞	39⅞	Tex Cpn	46⅛	46⅛
Elec B & S	6⅛	6⅛	Tex Gulf	34⅛	34⅛
,, $5 pfd.	*50	50	Timken	27	27
,, $6 pfd.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu.
NITTA MARU, Maiden voyage 10 a.m. May 13
ASAMA MARU ..... May 29
TATUTA MARU ..... June 23
KAMAKURA MARU .. July 8

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver.
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... May 11
HIKAWA MARU ..... May 17
HIE MARU ..... June 7

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
HANUKI MARU ..... May 29

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
HAMO MARU ..... May 20
ATUTA MARU ..... June 23

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Bombay, Port Said, Naples, Marseilles Gibraltar and Casablanca
HAKONE MARU ..... June 8
For London via Straits, Port Said, Naples, Marseilles, Gibraltar and Casablanca
DURBAN MARU .... May 12
SUWA MARU ..... June 14

Bombay and Calcutta Line
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon, and Calcutta
TOBA MARU ..... May 24
LIMA MARU ..... June 4
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
MURORAN MARU .. May 24

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
YASUKUNI MARU .. May 27

31 The Bund. NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA Telephone 12342
General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

LLOYD TRIESTINO

S.S. "CONTE ROSSO"
will leave Shanghai on Sunday, May 12, 1940 at 10 a.m. from Hunt's Wharf for

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE
via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, SUEZ and PORT-SAID

Tenders conveying passengers on board will leave Customs Jetty on Sunday, May 12, at 8 a.m.

No visitors will be allowed on the tender nor on board unless in possession of a special pass issued by our Office

Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.

Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, FROM May 10 to 11 at noon the latest.

No sailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. Marden against payment of a small fee.

For Further Particulars Apply to:

LLOYD TRIESTINO
20 The Bund Telephone: 16685

DE LA RAMA LINE

NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

ms. DONA AURORA SAILS May 29
ms DONA NATI SAILS June 12

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

For freights and passage apply to:

DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES
41 Canton Road General Agents Telephone 15041

K.P.M.-LINE

TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND VIA
BALI AND JAVA
NEXT SAILINGS:

FROM SHANGHAI		FROM BATAVIA	
ms. Tjisadane	May 16	ms. Maetsuyeker	June 20
ms. Tjinegara	May 23	ss. Tasman	July 22
ss. Tjibadak	June 6	to Sydney via Auckland and Wellington	
ms. Tjisalengka	June 13	ss. Nieuw Zeeland	June 23
ms. Tjisadane	June 27	ss. Nieuw Holland	July 21
		to Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne and Adelaide	

Reduced through passages, round tours and round Pacific tours.
For passage fares and further particulars apply to the Agents:
Java-China-Japan Lijn, Agentschap Shanghai N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards: From Scandinavia
Next Arrival from Europe .. .. during May

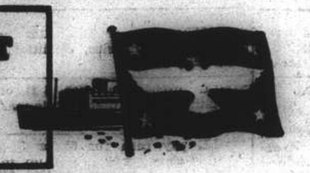
Homewards
For EUROPEAN PORTS
Next Sailing from Shanghai .. .. during May

For Freight or Passage apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
GENERAL AGENTS
17 Canton Road Telephone 11366

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



SPECIAL NOTICE

SS. PRESIDENT COOLIDGE will arrive Shanghai May 13. Incoming passengers due at Customs Jetty 6.30 p.m. Last tender will leave Customs Jetty at 11.30 p.m. May 14.

Heavy baggage will be received at our Godown, 125 Szechuen Road, up to 4.30 p.m., on May 14.

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. COOLIDGE	May 14	PRES. PIERCE	June 17
PRES. TAFT	May 22	PRES. COOLIDGE	July 2
PRES. CLEVELAND	June 8	PRES. TAFT	July 15

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

PRES. POLK	May 22	PRES. COOLIDGE	June 10
PRES. GARFIELD	June 5	PRES. ADAMS	July 3

AGENTS FOR:—
"TWA" and "UNITED AIR LINES" "AMERICAN PIONEER LINE"
"AMERICAN GULF ORIENT LINE" "UNITED STATES LINES"

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

Round World Services

31 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Two conveniently-placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

A-O. LINE LTD.
(AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE LTD.)
Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

C. N. CO., LTD.
(CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.)
Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
NORTH and SOUTH CHINA PORTS—HONGKONG—MANILA SIAM—INDO CHINA—STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—TERRITORY OF NEW GUINEA—SOLOMON ISLANDS

Information relating to sailing, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund *Agents* Telephone 82020

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

NEXT ARRIVAL FROM SCANDINAVIAN PORTS
ms. "SHANTUNG" expected Shanghai
Middle of May
Agents: The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd.
HEMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

TŌA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure
SHANGHAI MARU	May 11	May 12 at 9 a.m.
	(Yangtszepoo Wharf)	(Yangtszepoo Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	May 13	May 14 at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	May 16	May 17 at 9 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	May 18	May 19 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

KASIMA MARU	May 8	May 14 at 9 a.m.
	(Yangtszepoo Wharf)	(Yangtszepoo Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	May 16	May 18 at 4 a.m.
	(Wayside Wharf)	(Wayside Wharf)

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 17th.)

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephones 45297, 42350, 42359

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival	Departure
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 11	May 12 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 13	May 14 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 17	May 18 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 20	May 21 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 24	May 25 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	May 27	May 28 at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE.
(Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... May 8

For Passage and Freight apply to

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19848

DUE AT FUTURE DATES

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GENOA			From SOURABAYA		
Sumatra	29/4	2/7	Tjisadane	26/4	13/5
			Tjinegara	3/5	20/5
From TRIESTE			**From BATAVIA**		
Cortellazzo	20/3	15/5	Tjinegara	7/5	20/5
Fusijama	20/4	9/6	**From MANILA**		
			Pres. Coolidge	7/5	13/5
From SINGAPORE			Tjisadane	5/5	13/5
Cortellazzo	3/5	15/5	**From HONGKONG**		
			See "China Ports" below		

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From SEATTLE			From KOBE		
Collingsworth	16/4	11/5	Taiyo Maru	14/5	16/5
			From NAGASAKI		
			Shanghai M.	10/5	11/5

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN			From MOMBASA		
Ruys	17/4	25/5	Ruys	5/5	25/5

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Tsingtao M.	10/5	11/5

P. & O. B. I. —and— E. & A.

Passenger and freight sailing shortly from Hongkong to the United Kingdom via Straits and Bombay.

Passenger and freight sailing shortly for Hongkong, Straits, Colombo and Bombay.

Passenger and freight sailing about the middle of May for Straits, Rangoon and Calcutta.

Passenger and freight sailing about the middle of May for Australia via Japan, Hongkong, Manila and Rabaul.

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

For particulars apply to the Agents:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
27 The Bund Telephone 11428

GLEN & SHIRE LINES

Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM

For details of freights and passage apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

BURNS PHILP LINE

mv. NEPTUNA

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE TO
AUSTRALIA
Next Sailing from Hongkong
END OF MAY
for Saigon, Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul, Sydney and Melbourne.

Passenger and Freight Agents:—

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
160 Jinkee Road, Shanghai. Telephone 16940

VESSELS SAILING

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LONDON		For SAN FRANCISCO	
Durban Maru	12/5	Nitta Maru	13/5
Suwa Maru	14/6	Pres. Coolidge	14/5
For LIVERPOOL		Asama Maru	29/5
Hakone Maru	3/6	**For SEATTLE**	
For TRIESTE		Collingsworth	11/5
Cortellazzo	10/5	**For KOBE**	
Conte Rosso	12/5	Kasima Maru	14/5
For Bombay & Calcutta		Taiyo Maru	18/5
Toba Maru	24/5	**For NAGASAKI**	
Muroran Maru	24/5	Shanghai Maru	12/5
Lima Maru	4/6	Nagasaki Maru	14/5
For CAPETOWN		Shanghai Maru	17/5
Ruys	27/5	**For DAIREN**	
For JAVA		Tsingtao Maru	12/5
Tjisadane	16/5	Hoten Maru	14/5
Tjinegara	23/5	Tsingtao Maru	18/5
For NEW YORK		Hoten Maru	21/5
Besholt	10/5	Tsingtao Maru	25/5
Dona Aurora	29/5	Hoten Maru	28/5
Hokuroku Maru	4/6		

VESSELS DISCHARGING

SOMALI. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Somali, from London and Ports, bringing Cargo ex s.s. Stratheden, from London via Singapore.—This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Tuesday, May 14, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 11-5

VESSELS LEAVING

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

TJISADANE May 16. AMOY, HONGKONG, MUNTOK and JAVA PORTS.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjisadane sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, May 16, taking cargo to Hongkong, Muntok and Java ports. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European and Australian Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V. Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 15-5

AMERICA

KUNIKAWA M. May 16. NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES.—For particulars please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road. Tel. Nos. 18650 and 16118. 16-5

Going Home?

Remember to advise us of your home address to substitute the *North-China Herald* for the *North-China Daily News*. Including postage $18 per quarter to any address in Europe or America. Telephone 11055 (Circulation).

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	*From*	*Consignees*
Norse Carrier	Port Redon	Wallem
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Meitung	T'lungkong	S.V.O.C.
Chingyang M	River Ports	T.K.K.
Fooshing	Hsinkong	C.C.T.H.
Sanko M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Kongso	Wenchow	Ta Sin
Dah Pu	Saigon	Wallem
Isuzu M.	Kselung	M.B.K.
Hisi M.	Tsingtao	M.S.K.
Hendörson	Cruise	—
Tensin M.	Phil. Island	Nomura L.
Storstad	—	S.V.O.C.
Romolo	Liuho	V. Chieri
Huashan M.	Tientsin	T.K.K.
Nantung M.	Nantung	T.K.K.
Conte Rosso	Hongkong	Lloyd T.
Hellenic City	Keelung	Y.K.K.
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Kasima M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Koa M.	Hongkong	Showa S.
Karsten	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Kiangnan	T'lungkong	C.F.P.K.
Lipari	T'lungkong	C.F.P.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	*Flag*	*Despatcher*
Sinno M.	Jap.	Showa S.
Murasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Taityu M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Tokusima M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
U.S.S. Pecos	Am.	—
Meinan	Am.	S.V.O.C.
Minho	Port.	Inter Nav.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	*Flag*	*Type*	*Berthed*
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Isabel	Am.	Slp.	B.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	16 P'toon
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

Go Empress

To North America, Europe and Enjoy Canadian Pacific Luxury

Record-breaking trans-Pacific speed, then a trip of trips across Canada in air-conditioned trains—See Banff, Lake Louise, Great Lakes, Niagara Falls, Montreal, Quebec. Convenient connecting train service to United States points. If Europe-bound, connect direct with Canadian Pacific Trans-Atlantic liners. One management all the way!

and a Good Table—a C. P. R. Tradition

NEXT SAILINGS
TO PACIFIC COAST—third week in May
TO HONGKONG and MANILA—first week in June

Due to existing emergency, the consistency of prompt departures and arrivals of Canadian Pacific Steamships which has been maintained heretofore may be disturbed. Apply to Canadian Pacific representatives for particulars of sailing hours.

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road Telephone 19490

O. S. K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
HOKUROKU MARU .. June 4

Kobe Sailings
For Europe via New York
HOKKAI MARU ..... June 1
For South America via S. Africa
BRASIL MARU ..... May 17
For South America via Panama
RIO DE JANEIRO MARU June 15
For E. and S. Africa and S. America
KURAMA MARU ..... May 14
AFRICA MARU ..... May 18
For West Africa via S. Africa
BRISBANE MARU ..... May 20

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
SYDNEY MARU ..... May 31
For Bombay and Karachi
LONDON MARU ..... May 26
MELBOURNE MARU .... June 11
For Culcutta
HAGUE MARU ..... May 24
HAMBURG MARU .... June 12
For Haiphon, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... May 30
BANGKOK MARU ..... June 10

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
MEXICO MARU ..... May 23

ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

AMERICAN MAIL LINE

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY FREIGHT SERVICE
Between Puget Sound—Shanghai—Hongkong—Philippine Islands.

Vessel	*Sails Seattle*	*Shanghai Arr./Sails*	*Hongkong Arrives*	*Manila Arr./Sails*
ss. COLLINGSWORTH	Sailed	May 10/14	May 17	May 21/June 1
ss. SATARTIA	Sailed	May 22/26	May 29	June 3/13
ss. COLDBROOK	May 15	June 6/10	June 13	June 17/27
ss. CAPELLO	May 30	June 21/25	June 28	July 2/12

Subject to change without notice

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
17 The Bund AGENTS Telephone 12634

Asia Life Ins. Co. Annual Meeting

Gain of US.$46,317.43 for Year; Free Surplus is Up To US.$154,484.15

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Asia Life Insurance Company was held yesterday at 17 The Bund. The meeting was presided over by Mr. C. V. Starr, chairman of the board, and there were present or represented stockholders owning 27,905 out of a total of 40,000 shares issued and outstanding.

The company's audited balance sheet and statement of profit and loss as of December 31, 1939, were presented and considered and duly approved. Directors elected for the current year are Messrs. C. V. Starr, Mansfield Freeman, N. F. Allman, Tsuyee Pei, W. A. Hale, and W. T. Sullivan.

The report of the company's board of directors on the operations of the company during 1939 was presented by the chairman and is as follows:—

This is the 19th annual general meeting of the shareholders of our company. During these 19 years the Orient has passed through several critical periods. We have had more than the average nineteen-year-old company's share of unusual problems to solve, but each in turn has been solved and has served to season the company and its management.

Lessons learned in the past served us well in 1939. Experience with past currency changes, credit restrictions and monetary problems was helpful in solving such difficulties as faced the company's management during the twelve months under review. This experience should, too, be helpful during the current year, when continued war in China and the intensification of the European struggle is confronting all financial institutions with problems of considerable magnitude.

Annual Accounts

Your Directors present to you today the accounts for the year ending December 31, 1939, showing US$46,317.43 gain from the year's operations, not including the non-recurrent items:

	U.S.$
Profit on sales of investments	23,762.31
Unclaimed policyholders' dividends written off	2,749.21
Exchange and revaluation adjustments	27,388.26
which brings the gross gains of the year to	100,236.21

From this sum US$35,985.79 was paid in dividends to policyholders, and US$20,000 to shareholders, while a reserve of US$23,230.62 for unreported claims, agents' balances, and so forth, has been set up.

After deduction of these items the company's free surplus at the end of the year was increased from US$133,484.55 at the end of 1938 to US$154,484.15. The total assets of the company on December 31, stood at US$2,905,913.73.

Investments

The investments of the company are well diversified. As a policy the company maintains an approximate balance between assets and liabilities in various currencies. In view of the relative weakness of some currencies, however, there has been some departure from that policy during the last two years. A special reserve of US$30,000 set aside in 1939 is still maintained to cover fluctuations in exchange or any resulting depreciation in the value of investments.

The mortality among the company's policyholders during 1939 was 53.03 per cent. of the expected, provided for in rates and reserves. This is more favourable than either of the years 1938 and 1937, when this percentage was 69 per cent. and 62.40 per cent. respectively. The low mortality during the past three years indicates that hostilities in China had no material effect on the company's record.

Income from interest, dividends and rents amounted to US$97,517.19, and the yield on mean ledger assets was 4.15 per cent. The corresponding figure for 1938 was 5.21 per cent. The lower return is due mainly to an abnormally high cash position. Uninvested funds reduced the company's interest return, but under prevailing conditions it seemed wise to maintain a high degree of liquidity.

New Business

The work of the Agency Department during the year was highly satisfactory. Due to a continuation of unsettled conditions in China greater emphasis was placed on acquiring new insurance in other areas. Of the new insurance written approximately 50 per cent. came from the Philippines and 20 per cent. from Hongkong. China accounted for less than 8 per cent. of the total.

Because of exchange fluctuations extensive comparisons with previous years are apt to be misleading. New insurance was larger than for any year in the history of the company. Expressed in terms of U.S. dollars the net gain for the year, i.e., new insurance less all surrenders, deaths, maturities and other cancellations, was approximately 16 per cent larger than in 1938.

On December 31, the total insurance in force stood at US$16,304,741, which is slightly less than the corresponding figures at the close of 1938. The apparent loss of insurance is not, however, the result of cancellations or any failure of the Agency Department to acquire a sufficient volume of new insurance, but is due solely to shrinkage in the value of the company's Chinese dollar portfolio when expressed in terms of U.S. dollars. If for the purpose of comparison we should apply the same exchange rate to the outstanding insurance at the end of both years, then the increase of insurance during 1939 would have been in excess of US$2,000,000.

Staff

Our office staff has maintained a fine spirit throughout the year and has laboured industriously, at times under trying conditions. A considerable increase in the number of insurance applications to be handled placed a special strain on our Policy and Renewal Departments, while at the same time restricted means of communication as a result of the European war retarded our service to certain of our South Sea territories. To meet this situation and to provide for anticipated future growth the company has decided to open this year an office of Issue in the city of Manila. Officers of the company will be in residence, and underwriting of risks, issuance of insurance and service of policyholders in the Philippines will be under their control. The establishment of this office will relieve the pressure of work in Shanghai. It will also facilitate a prompter and more efficient service to the company's policyholders.

Successful Year

In general the year 1939 can be counted a successful one, with the company at its close holding larger assets and showing a substantial increase in surplus funds. Although the current year will undoubtedly bring to us new difficulties and increased responsibilities the company has, we believe, adequate reserves to face each new situation and a trained personnel competent to cope with such problems as the future may have in store.

Sterling Again Touches New Low

New York, May 8.

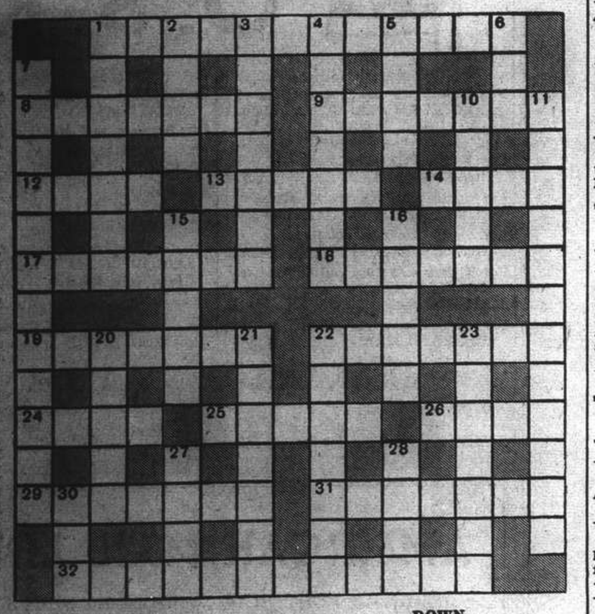
Sterling again moved to a new low today, with foreign exchange circles keenly following the British Parliamentary debate.

With the market ruling very thin, the pound readily slumped on small selling, which was reported to have included selling from certain British importers, namely, those importing non-essentials and unable to sell sterling through the British authorities at the official rate.

The cross rate on London opened at 3.34 and closed at 3.32¾, compared with yesterday's closing level of 3.37½. The trading range for the day was 3.36¼ and 3.31½.—Reuter.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 186

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 Oddly enough, it would be the good, not the bad, sailors who would like this gamble (three words—5, 3, 4)
8 "Mere gin" as an anagram seems unsuitable (7)
9 "Let the galled jade wince, our —— are unwrung" (Hamlet) (7)
12 Heraldic term, for a colour (4)
13 From most of this plant growth one should be able to get some fabric (5)
14 Gorse (4)
17 The first four letters of this vessel hold more than the whole (7)
18 This kind of net seems to have had a strange catch (7)
19 Liable to change but lame if upset (7)
22 This ant is always exulting (7)
24 Here is a route not here (4)
25 The Boer's porch (5)
26 A fishy measure (4)
29 Found in or under a train (7)
31 Not a sociable fellow (7)
32 Sort of food rationing for which the Long Parliament cannot have been responsible (two words—5, 7)

DOWN

1 Often used for a boat's ballast (7)
2 "A book, coming this," says Saturday's successful solver (4)
3 The toddler's progress (two words—4, 3)
4 Age cannot wither this harbour (7)
5 This starts to tempt many a novice at the races (4)
6 Title often used in humorous irony (3)
7 The State may call this unearned income (two words—7, 5)
10 It sounds as if you might get breakfast here on the Thames (5)
11 Without help but not necessarily maimed (12)
15 Though famous, she is dress and nothing more (5)
16 Poets' name for the song-thrush (5)
20 Mark from the harness (5)
21 One of "life's fitful fevers" (7)
22 The proposition shows there is mineral in them (7)
23 Title (7)
27 These debts are not genuine (4)
28 If you hear this in a cathedral it may come from the choir (4)
30 Short weights (3)

YDAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 8, Somebody; 9, Opaque; 10, Annalist; 12, Rubens; 14, Asseverate; 18, Raft; 21, Bannock; 22, Asinine; 23, Twit; 25, Brown study; 28, Staffs; 30, Sybarite; 32, Medici; 33, Mulberry. DOWN: 1, Bounds; 2, Debate; 3, Loti; 4, Ryot; 5, Cowrie; 6, Camber; 7, Burn; 11, Striker; 13, Satiety; 14, Arbutus; 15, Steal; 16, Viol; 17, Tramway; 19, Adieu; 20, Wits; 24, Tiffin; 25, Bestir; 26, Porter; 27, Botard; 29, Tees; 30, Some; 31, Bolt.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

REQUIRED for British firm, young male Chinese shorthand typist. Must have good knowledge of English. State salary expected. Box 4297, NCDN. 12527

EXPERIENCED Chinese bookkeeper with good Chinese and English education wanted by well-known American company. Good prospects for right man. Cantonese preferred. Write Box 4262, NCDN. -8039

WANTED by worsted manufacturers, Chinese assistant designer. Must have had practical experience in cloth analysis and designing; also good knowledge of the English language. Box 4236, NCDN. 12497

WANTED, a foreigner speaking Chinese to teach English in Chinese school. Apply personally, 966 Avenue Edward VII, St. Paul English College, Mr. Hall. -7926

WANTED: Chinese salesman, possessing good connections with provision stores, grocers and compradore shops. Salary and commission to the right man. Apply Post Office Box 796. 12419

AMERICAN pharmaceutical company requires: efficient Shanghai-speaking steno-typist and experienced sales representative. State experience, reference and salary. Box 4041, NCDN. -7896

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of seven dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.

YOUNG Canadian, 25, just arrived in Shanghai, seeks opening with large commercial or industrial business company. Good education. Considerable practical, business and manufacturing experience; also knowledge accounting and printing. Box 4281, NCDN. -8036

FOREIGNER with good knowledge of bookkeeping seeks employment as bookkeeper, assistant-accountant or similar position. Salary no object. Box 4269, NCDN. -8016

CHINESE girl, good knowledge and experience of typing, filing and office routine, seeks position as general office assistant. Speaks English, Shanghai and Cantonese dialects fluently. Reply to Box 4267, NCDN. -7841

YOUNG assistant-architect, nine years' experience Shanghai and outport. Excellent references. Box 4271, NCDN. -8030

YOUNG, foreign girl, seeks position as governess, fond of children. Address Box 4280, NCDN. -8083

46048 General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 375 Tiendong Road. -7981

YOUNG lady stenotypist seeks position. Knowledge English, French. Hard-working, beginner. Box 4240, NCDN. -7978

YOUNG Russian, British school graduate, with some business college training, has diploma as chauffeur-tractorist, seeks immediate employment. Moderate remuneration. Outport no objection. Box 4249, NCDN. -7998

RUSSIAN chauffeur-mechanic, seeks position. Speaks English. Box 4242, NCDN. -7987

EXPERIENCED French-English secretary steno-typist, eight years experience Shanghai and outports. Excellent references. Box 4190, NCDN. -7867

FIGUEIREDO'S School, Employment Bureau. Can recommend steno-typists: beginners, experienced, 54 Garden Apartments. 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 12380

ACCOUNTANT, British - trained, thoroughly experienced, foreigner, not refugee, seeks position. Box 4191, NCDN. -7891

Business Opportunities

CLAIMS and debts attended to on commission basis. Clarkes Agency. 88 Nanking Road. 12333

BIG mushroom farm, excellent business, profitable trade, with two own houses working at full capacity. For sale $12,000. Box 4159, NCDN. -7821

ADVERTISER desires interest in dairy. Able also offer expert services. Box 4268, NCDN. -7976

ATTENTION lingerie buyers! Wholesale manufacturing for export. American patterns correctly graded and cut. Beautifully designed. Box 3468, NCDN. -7906

WANTED to purchase, good-class night-club, vicinity Yu Yuen-Great Western Roads or the like. Box 4195, NCDN. -7897

Miscellaneous

YOU need not buy Esquire, Harpers, etc. Subscribe to our Magazine Circulating Library. 14 American and British magazines per month delivered anywhere. Moderate fees. Excellent service, clean magazines. Telephone 14640, First Shanghai Reading Circle, 131 Museum Road, Room 423. -7965

Personal

YOUNG foreign gentleman wishes to meet Spanish lady for friendship. Address Box 4293, NCDN. -8089

YOUNG Chinese gentleman wishes to correspond with and meet long-haired girl, Chinese or European. View: friendship. Write Box 4196, NCDN.

YOUNG Chinese, fond of dancing, music and sports, desires to meet young Chinese lady for friendship. Reply Box 4256, NCDN. -8020

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -7725

Radios

AUTHORISED R.C.A. service expert, reliable repairs. All make radios. Universal Radio Co., 1160 Avenue Joffre, Hanray Mansion, 232 Nanking Road, telephone 19225. 12331

PHILCO 11-tube, 1937, all-wave radiogram combination. Excellent receptions guaranteed. US$60. Telephone 32014 tiffin and evening hours. -7979

MOST dependable. Best equipped. Biggest in town. Radio Corporation of Asia. Authorised RCA Service. Telephone 81777. -7118

For Sale—Miscellaneous

ONE studio couch, condition as new, $125. Address Box 4302, NCDN. 12536

LADIES' warn hats: renovating, remodelling perfectly done. Fine selection of ladies' new model hats. Orders taken. Prices very reasonable. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -8091

TYPEWRITER, Royal, junior portable, good state. 121 Wayside, Room 4, 2-6 p.m., telephone 50910. -8055

PIANO with three pedals, bargain sale. Apply 304 Cardinal Mercier, ground floor. -8042

TWO first-class European gobeline-tapestry covered club chairs, big, comfortable, at bargain price. 810/31 East Seward Road. -8039

UNDERWOOD noiseless portable typewriter, absolutely brand new, US$40 for quick sale. Cost US$80. Box 4289, NCDN. -8081

FOR SALE, Salamander, in good condition. Telephone 76960. Box 4259, NCDN. -8022

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator, excellent condition. US$100. Telephone 76960. Box 4260, NCDN. -8022

ROSENTHAL dinner/tea sets, wine-glass sets, attractive crystalware, miniatures, bronze. 1823A Avenue Joffre, Apartment 3. -7985

CORONET Cine camera F.3.9 lens complete with Comet projector, 9.5 mm. and film. In perfect condition, new. US$50 only. Box 4201, NCDN. -7907

ANTIQUE bronze bell (Chow Dynasty, approximately 1000 B.C.), two feet high, weight 300 lb., appraised at $30,000, offered by private owner for sale at US$500. Inspection by appointment. Box 4197, NCDN. -7898

REALLY sound investment: First-class woollen materials (gentlemen's suitings, costumes) at most reasonable prices. Wholesale, retail. Frankel, 128 Museum Road, Room 529, Telephone 19996. 12446

SINGER sewing machines, brand-new and used. Reasonable prices. Room 138 Hamilton House. -7873

MEISSEN figures, antique vases, glasses, clocks and many beautiful miniatures. Ivory/bronze statuette on marble socie. Exquisite oil paintings and engravings by famous artists. 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501. -7636

SECONDHAND furniture shop. Buy and sell at best prices, furniture, carpets, cut-glass, etc. Feiner, 308 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. -7438

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop, We pay best price for furniture carpets, pianos, refrigerators and household effects. Telephone 73937. 146A Route des Soeurs, 3 inside. -7346

WONDERFUL crystalware, porcelain: Meissen, Rosenthal dinner, coffee, tea-sets, all kinds of silverware, bronzes, figures, rarities, etc. Imported handbags, latest fashions from Paris, USA and a host of luxury articles. Very reasonable prices. Sunday open 10-1 p.m. Red and Black, 277 Avenue Petain. -7701

DESK-FAN, coffee-percolator, massage-apparatus, vacuum-cleaner, at cheap prices, 24 The Bund, Room 35, telephone 10877. -7921

FRIGIDAIRE, air-conditioning equipment, 7½ h.p., Supplying seven rooms, entirely new, cheap sale. Mr. Wang, 427 Fokien Road, 2-6 p.m., telephone 95540. -7932

REAL bargain. Quality bed sheets 72/116; 72/106-in. Box 4010, NCDN. -7846

CRYSTALWARE, porcelain and suedries. Stock constantly replenished. Shop 726 East Seward Road. -7322

CUTLERY, silver and silver plated; dinner, coffee, tea and fruit sets, attractive crystalware, porcelain figures, etc., everything reflecting excellent European craftsmanship. Bargain prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. 12444

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

360 RUE Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Soeurs. Massage. -7520

MRS. Mac gives massage, General-medical and special face massage, at client's home. Latest method. Telephone 74645. -8049

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. -7374

FOR ladies at their homes, facial and body massage, restoring of hair. For appointments telephone 72826, Room 5, between 10-11 a.m. -7824

Lost

LOST. Lady's wrist watch, between Cathay Mansions and Mark Moody's Garage. Reward offered. Telephone 20947. -8077

BILLS of lading covering the following cargo issued by Jardine, Matheson & Co., have been lost and are declared null and void: Shanghai to Canton per ss. Tai Seun, Hong, sailed 1/9/38, marked C 恭 in half-diamonds, 4 cases cotton piecegoods, B/L. 12; per ss. Sandviken, sailed 21/9/38, marked C 恭 half-diamonds, 2 cases cotton piecegoods B/L. No. 56; marked A 慶 in half-diamonds, 1 case cotton piecegoods, B/L. No. 57; per ss. Taksang, sailed 1/10/38, marked C 恭 in half-diamonds 4 cases cotton piecegoods, B/L. No. 44. New Bills of Lading are being applied for from the said Company for delivery to Mr. Ho Che (何啓) of Yu Chin Chen Kee (裕經成記), at 75 Kway Fuh Nan Road (光復南路), Canton (廣州) Tse Chong Chang, Sing Chong Loong. -8003

LOST, near the Bund, dark green and tartan glengarry hat with Scotch grousefoot and cairngorm brooch. Box 4211, NCDN. -7925

LOST. Customs interport duty receipt No. 259254 covering 40 bales raw silk from Soochow by train, marked SS in diamond, has been lost and declared null and void. Higuchi & Co. -7708

Offices, Shops Godowns

BRITON requires desk space or small office. Would share. Quiet tenant. Apply Box 4287, NCDN. 12519

TWO-ROOMED office with telephone required in good class building. Willing to take over furniture at reasonable valuation. Box 4235, NCDN. 12499

SHOP, Rue Bourgeat, nicely furnished, low rent, to let. Box 4217, NCDN. -7923

Garages

GARAGE space required for private car, near Park Hotel. Box 4188, NCDN. -7889

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED, one or two filter presses. Reply stating size, condition, price. Box 4294, NCDN. -8084

WILL purchase for cash, 6 ft. or 8 ft. lathe, new or used. State make and price. Box 4295, NCDN. -8094

WILL pay cash for 55 or 30-gallon, first-class, used drums up to 1,000 pieces. Name price. Box 4296, NCDN. -8094

ATTENTION refugees: Wanted to purchase 1 scale, sensibility 1/10 mg.—1 microscope, oil emulsion, 1200x-1500x—1 compressor 3-4 cubic feet per m. Telephone 60622. -8039

SLOT-machines in good order wanted. State price and year. Box 4282, NCDN. -8057

WANTED to buy second-hand pianos and gramophones. Please apply to Mr. Hayashi, 387 Woosung Road. Telephone 45654. 12520

WANTED to buy. Used refrigerators in any condition, even a little damaged. Send all particulars to Mr. Chien. 628 Yu Yuen Road. -7962

WANTED to buy, secondhand clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, etc. 1129 Bubbling Well, Sun Avenue, House 51, telephone 33284, Mr. Corts. -6996

BEST prices for old and new cameras, all kinds of binocles. Box 4205, NCDN. -7916

WANTED buy secondhand carpets, trunks, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 8-10 a.m., 1, 3, 6-7 p.m. daily. -7886

WE purchase all kinds of secondhand effects and sundries. Apply to the Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334. 12490

RADIATORS four column or six column, used, in good condition. Offers to 498-C Cardinal Mercier. -7939

VIOLINS, accordions, various musical instruments, typewriters, even unrepaired, bought by Gutfreund, 805/23 East Seward Road. -7301

Educational

FRENCH-speaking couple wishes exchange English conversation with young lady. Box 4291, NCDN. -8085

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, book-keeping, coding, filing. Students prepared for Pitman. Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney. Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road. 12250

MRS. HERTA Hendl, Vienna Conservatory graduate, gives piano lessons at own/pupil's home. 609 East Seward Road, House 62. -7328

PIANO and accordion lessons at teacher's/pupil's place. Moderate terms Box 4102, NCDN. -7782

BOOKKEEPING and accountancy lessons by experienced European teacher. Alfred M. Cohen, accountant, 44 Route de Grouchy. -6742

GERMAN lessons. Mr. A. Stirner (former German teacher Tungchi University) has a few vacancies. 55 Rue Moliere, Apartment 7. Telephone 76144. -6374

PIANO lessons, chord system, easy method for adults. Al references. $20 monthly twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -7403

Holiday Resorts

WEIHAIWEI. To let for summer season, bungalow "Mon Desir" facing sea, beautifully furnished, living room, dining room, four bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, modern sanitation, kitchen, servants quarters, garden, well. For further particulars apply in writing L. Basset, 151 Tunsin Road, Shanghai. -8095

TSINGTAO. New American villa. Reservations accepted. Apply Mrs. Ellis, Post Office Box 285, Tsingtao. -8100

PEITAIHO. English woman offers accommodation in well-appointed bungalow for season June—September or monthly. Beautifully situated, fine views. Address Box 3831, NCDN. -7207

FURNISHED detached villas at Shanghaikwan Beach. For particulars apply to Credit Foncier d'Extreme-Orient, Liza Building, 5th floor. 12500

ISLAND and King's Hotels, Weihaiwei. Save your hard-earned money by spending your vacation in care-free, peaceful and beautiful Weihaiwei. The above Hotels offer you every facility for a thoroughly comfortable and enjoyable holiday at competitive rates. For further particulars please apply to the Management. 12316

LAOSHAN. Comfortable rooms, with board, in select British Pension. All modern toilet facilities. Simmons beds. Refrigerator. Private swimming pool on premises. Waterfall district. Apply to Mrs. M. Porter, P. O. Box 47, Tsingtao. -7382

STRAND Hotel. Peitaiho-Beach. Opening June. For reservations apply to Mrs. M. Lisske, 10 Canal Road, Tientsin. -7956

TO LET, attractive, four-roomed flat. East Cliff Peitaiho Beach. For particulars apply telephone 32981 between 1-2 and 6-8. -7888

Animals

FOR SALE, one year old Leghorn cockerel and hen about two years old. Price $60. Address Box 4277, NCDN. 12517

BEAUTIFUL white wire-haired terrier puppies, 6 weeks old, for sale. 600 Avenue Haig, House 1, near Edinburgh Road. -8034

LOST or stolen from 473 Bubbling Well Road, Sunday, May 5, grey Alsatian police dog (bitch), answering to name "Sally". Reward. -8048

SUNDAY, May 5, straight-haired Airdale (male) by name of Bobbie was lost. Please telephone 31936. Reward will be given to the finder. -8078

THOROUGHBRED black Persian kittens, for sale, US$5 each. 238 Avenue Roi Albert, 2nd house, 3rd floor, from 12 to 2. -8075

DOGS, of owners leaving Shanghai, accepted for boarding. Training of dogs undertaken at owners' houses. 187 Hungjao Road. -7889

Wanted to Rent

BRITON, responsible, quiet habits, requires comfortable room and bath with or without board, or would share bachelor's apartment. Best part French Concession. Write Box 4292, NCDN. -8086

WANTED to rent 7 to 8 roomed house in Settlement, without or with key-money. Box 4275, NCDN. -8040

ENGLISH couple require two-three roomed flat, preferably unfurnished. Willing to take over furniture, if at reasonable price. Reply Box 4241, NCDN or telephone 39494 at lunch-time. -7984

ENGLISH couple require small, furnished or unfurnished house or flat. Willing buy furniture at reasonable price. Reply giving full particulars to Box 4151, NCDN. 12456

WANTED, furnished/unfurnished apartment by American couple. Willing to take furniture over or pay key-money. Telephone 79023. -7809

WANTED to rent, unfurnished, in first class apartment building, two, three or four rooms at $300, 450, 600, payable 6 months in advance if necessary. Apply Box 4226, NCDN. -7959

BRITISH couple require two furnished rooms, private bathroom, full board, quiet section French Concession. Reply fully. Box 4209, NCDN. -7922

QUIET, working couple, require one-roomed apartment, any locality, central preferred. Reasonable rental. Address Box 4178, NCDN. -7864

WANTED house, 6 to 10 roomed, all conveniences, long lease, Concession or Settlement. State terms to Box 4198, NCDN. -7901

Office Cars

LIFT offered from Roi Albert/Cardinal Mercier to Bund at 8 a.m. and/or 1.30 and return 4.30. Telephone 71327 from 5-7 p.m. -7945

An Experienced Advertiser

states "one can hardly think of anything that cannot be acquired in this varied world of ours, if your Want Ad. section is used."

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE: 1934 Ford sedan de luxe, fully overhauled, owner leaving Apply 232 Hardoon Road. Telephone 31936. -8064

$780, second-hand motor car, good running condition. Owner driven. Box 4286, NCDN. -8073

FOR SALE: Chevrolet sedan 1934; Nash 1932 coupe; Ford 10 HP 1934 Coach; Oldsmobile 1936 sedan; Morris Oxford 1933 sedan; Morris minor 1933 coach; Pontiac 1932 sedan. All cars completely overhauled. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch, Telephone 74500. -8072

FORD V-8 sedan 1934, late, perfect condition throughout, completely overhauled, bargain US$360. Box 4273, NCDN. -8082

WANTED roadster two-seater or coupe, preferably English or American make. Good condition tyres. Six cylinders not wanted, limit $2,500. Make offer with full particulars to Box 4276, NCDN. -8047

FOR SALE, Fiat "500" baby saloon 1937, excellent condition, lowest consumption. Hertzka, 30 Seymour Road, House 10, Room 23. -8046

DODGE truck 3,700 lb. loadweight, single-wheeled, four-cylinder, perfect condition, US$125. 1317 Yuyuen Road. -8037

1933 Vauxhall coupe, new duco, good tyres and in perfect mechanical shape, 18 miles per gallon. Address Box 4279, NCDN. -8050

NASH coupe 1931 in good running condition, real bargain US$125. Address Box 4278, NCDN. -8050

US$120. Ford 1929 sedan four-cylinder, in perfect condition, 18 m.p.g. Quick sale. Telephone 63897. 12518

MORRIS six 1935. Sunshine roof, excellent condition and appearance, £120. Box 4285, NCDN. -8068

US$350 Ford V8 1934. Four-door sedan, newly overhauled, new duco, excellent condition. Please dial 22461, Mr. Hsu, any time except 12.30 to 5 p.m. -8080

OPEL cabriolet sport, 6-cylinder, 4-seater, 20 miles per gallon, US$300. Telephone 76960. Box 4258, NCDN. -8022

OWNER leaving, will accept any reasonable offer for 1934 Plymouth sedan. Excellent condition. Box 4250, NCDN. -8009

PLYMOUTH 1934 coupe, good condition, US$350. Box 4238, NCDN. -7972

DABY-Austin saloon, US$180. Chrysler 1936 coupe. US$580. Studebaker President 1937 de luxe, US$950. Buicks, 1935, 1936, 1937. Many others. Auto Exchange, 336 Avenue du Roi Albert, telephone 79021. -7886

SMART, 1933 Ford V8, four-door sedan, Excellent performance, tyres, US$275. For demonstration please write Box 4170, NCDN. -7847

CASH for used cars and trucks Jenny's Motors. 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -7061

1939 Chevrolet coupe de luxe, used four months only. US$790 or nearest offer. Telephone 14847, office hours. -7967

US$300. Studebaker 1934 sedan. Six wheels. Any offers? Telephone 14847 office hours. -7967

FIAT 508, 1938, Km.17,000, owner driven, US$700. Box 4212, NCDN. -7929

1938 Baby Fiat, new chromium, new red duco, special American bumpers, engine condition A1, owner leaving. US$370, 9-12 noon, telephone 77730, Mr. Wen. -7679

MARQUETTE (Buick). Excellent condition, appearance. Driven by owner, now left Shanghai. Quick sale $2,500. Popular Bookstore, 215 Szechuen Road, Telephone 13233. -7969

Rooms with Board

12 Pacific Gardens, Seymour Road, one room, private bathroom, excellent food, foreign supervision. Telephone 30376. -8093

COMFORTABLY furnished, one/two rooms in apartment. All conveniences, full board, beautiful roof-garden. 1215 Bubbling Well, 108/6 Burlington Court. -7897

Rooms Without Board

BIG, well-furnished room available. Kitchen. With/without board. Park Apartments, 455 Rue Lafayette, telephone 81722. -8087

BIG room to let with bath, use kitchen, in French Concession at Route Dupleix Passage 53, House 14, Apartment 2. -8069

TO LET, furnished, large room facing south, all modern conveniences. 818/C Avenue Joffre, Cathay Flats. -8063

TWO communication rooms, unfurnished, with use of kitchen, bathroom. Hot water. Best, quiet location. 156 Route Destelan, House 5. Next to Avenue Petain-Picardie. Bus 22. Tramway 2. -7770

BEAUTIFULLY furnished large room for bachelor in apartment. One month only. All conveniences. Telephone 41332. -8045

NICELY furnished big room in apartment. Can be occupied at once. 1920 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 605, Telephone 75031. -8062

IN apartment, big, south room, private bath, nicely-furnished, all modern conveniences. 404 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 2. -8088

TWO LET, one big room with a verandah in Park Apartments. Apartment 307, 455 Rue Lafayette, telephone 82411. -8083

TO LET, furnished room with verandah. 455 Rue Lafayette, Apartment 309. -8082

NICELY-Furnished big room, bath, telephone, all modern conveniences, in private family. Only for bachelor. Centre Concession. Telephone 82318. -8021

NICELY furnished room in apartment, private bath, breakfast optional, for refined bachelor. Apply 1283 Yuyuen Road, Flat 2 (Telephone 22185) after 6 p.m. -7940

NEAR French Club, in family of two, room or two to let. Board and garage optional. Box 4208, NCDN. -7920

TO LET, for single gentleman, furnished room, facing south. All modern conveniences. 22C Route Pere Robert. -7894

NICE convenient rooms to let, per day only. Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 36593 from 1-3 p.m. -7941

Chinese Servants

BOY, cook and coolie, all very highly recommended, wish to continue as a team of three. They are all very efficient. Box 4298, NCDN. 12530

SERVICES of travelling amah available from Shanghai to Melbourne during early June. Passage already paid by employer. Salary to be paid by party engaging amah. Address Box 4300, NCDN. 12531

CLEAN, healthy baby-amah wanted. Address Box 4290, NCDN. -8084

EXCELLENT cook-boy, honest and clean, seeks position. Well-recommended; speaks good English. Telephone 70319, 8.30 to 12 noon, 2 to 4 p.m. -8065

ADVERTISER recommends efficient boy. Fair knowledge cooking. Available immediately. Box 4303, NCDN. 12535

EXCELLENT No. 1 house-boy or cook-boy, speaks English very well, has worked in American, English families. Hardworker, excellent testimonials. Box 4304, NCDN. -8101

GOOD cook-boy wanted. Salary $35. Reply to Box 4272, NCDN. -8031

WELL-RECOMMENDED honest cook-boy, small English family, $30. 185 Route Dufour, Apartment G. -8052

Houses and Land

$32,000. New Spanish bungalow residence, for sale. Apply to public road, Number 280 off Route Ferguson, House 41. -8099

WANTED to buy small house with modern conveniences, for private residence, quiet district. State price, location, time for inspection. Box 4284, NCDN. -8067

REAL estates for sale, B.C. lot Nos. 8436 and 11035. Situation: Lane 328 Ward Road, 30 houses. Area: 4 m. 4 f. 3 l, 3 h. Tenders to be sent before May 13, 1940. Further details refer to the undersigned. Hsu Ying Hao C.A., Room 104, 1st floor, 505 Honan Road. -8096

FOR rent: furnished, five-roomed house at Hungjao, 5 mow garden, modern sanitation, power light and telephone, long lease, for further particulars, apply Box 4270, NCDN. -8000

WANTED to buy, three-six mow land at Hungjao. Offers Box 4193, NCDN. -7895

WANTED to buy, house with garden in Hungjao or western district. Offers Box 4194, NCDN. -7895

WANTED to buy an unfurnished house of five to seven rooms, central heating, for $75,000 to $90,000, depending on locality. No brokers. Apply Box 4227, NCDN. -7959

Furnished Houses

TO LET, from June 1, five-roomed furnished house, fully-screened, small garden, western district, for four months. US$20 monthly including rates. Box 4299, NCDN. 12518

Unfurnished Apartments

TO LET, several two-roomed flats, bath, kitchen, rent $160 to $290. Agents: General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -8097

DESIRABLE apartments in Bubbling Well district. Shanghai Realty Co., 110 Szechuen Road. -8076

TO LET, three-roomed apartment in centre of Concession. Rent US$24. Price $2,000. Please state nationality. Box 4248, NCDN. -7995

FOR immediate occupation, modern, unfurnished apartments near French Club. Three-roomed US$32.50, two-roomed US$26.50, payable half-yearly in advance. No key-money. In reply please state nationality and occupation. Box 4246, NCDN. -7993

WITHOUT keymoney. Two-roomed flats, kitchen, bathroom, Joffre district, available June. Condition three months' deposit. New Central Trading Co., 2 Peking Road. -7503

152 Route Destelan. Two, three and four-roomed apartments with bathroom and kitchen, available from June 1. Rental $300, $350, $400. per month respectively, including hot and cold water. For further particulars apply Palmer & Turner Property Office, 17 Canton Road, telephone 15100. 12402

TO LET: 3-roomed flat with bath, kitchen, steam-heating, Route Maresca. Telephone 74271, 7-10 a.m., 7-9 p.m. -7944

Furnished Apartments

NO key-money. Two-roomed apartment with frigidaire. Bubbling Well. Immediate occupation. Monthly US$22. Box 4301, NCDN. -8098

THREE-roomed self-contained, furnished apartment, ready for immediate occupation. No key-money. 1465 Rue Lafayette, telephone 71617. 12526

TO LET, one-roomed apartment in best location of Settlement, steamheating, furniture, fittings to be taken over at US$100. Call telephone 82172 from 8 to 11 a.m. -8051

ON Bubbling Well Road, in modern apartment house, available to responsible foreigners as of June 1 (tenant transferred) very nice three-roomed apartment. Rental $150. Furniture, etc, to be taken over for US$400. Box 4288, NCDN. -8079

TO LET four-roomed, furnished apartment with bath, or rooms separately. Please inquire at 270 Rue Albert Magy. -8043

FOR RENT, from June 1 to October 1, five-roomed apartment, fully and most nicely furnished. Petain district. US$50 monthly. Telephone 72645. -7903

TO LET, as from May 15, for six months, well-furnished four-roomed apartment on fifth floor of apartment house in French Concession. Box 4187, NCDN. -7984

IN central Bubbling Well district, a modern, clean, light, two-roomed apartment, completely furnished and equipped, with all conveniences. Furniture, dishes, etc., to be taken over for US$275. Rent very reasonable. No brokers. Box 4255, NCDN. -12507

TWO/three furnished rooms, flats, with/without board. Foreign families only. Cool summer. 715 Avenue Petain. -8001

TWO-ROOMED, modern, cosy, furnished apartment, best residential district French Concession, willing to exchange for small house, garden, garage Western district. Box 4200, NCDN. -7905

Boats

WANTED, motor house-boat, to rent or buy. Telephone 14847, office hours. -7967

Medical

Dr. A. A. FISHBEIN
DENTAL SURGEON
Former Assistant of Berlin Dental Institute
453 Avenue Joffre, 47 Bearn Apt.
Office hours: 10-1 and 3-6.30 p.m.
Telephone 85815

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10 6-8. Telephone 83992

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

SPRING CLEANING
Floor Polishing and Disinfecting
FUMIGATING
Telephone 12156
FESCO
Far Eastern San